ANNUAL HEALTH SURVEY 2010-11 FACT SHEET

ODISHA

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Index

Introduction

Decentralized district-based health planning is essential in India because of the large inter-district variations. In the absence of vital data at the district level, the State level estimates are being used for formulating district level plans as well as setting the milestones thereof. In the process, the hotspots (districts requiring special attention) very often get masked by the State average. This statistical fallacy compounds the problems of the districts acutely, more so in the health sector. At present, none of the Surveys provides estimates of core vital indicators on fertility and mortality at district level. The District Level Household Survey conducted with periodicity of five years mainly focuses on indicators pertaining to maternal health and child welfare programmes. There has, therefore, been a surge in demand from various quarters, in recent years, to generate timely and reliable statistics at the district level for informed decision making in the health sector.

Genesis

2. The Annual Health Survey (AHS) was conceived during a meeting of the National Commission of Population held in 2005 under the Chairmanship of the Prime Minister wherein it was decided that "there should be an Annual Health Survey of all districts which could be published / monitored and compared against benchmarks". The objective was to monitor the performance and outcome of various health interventions of the Government including those under National Rural Health Mission (NRHM) at closer intervals through these benchmark indicators. The AHS has been made an integral part of the NRHM, Ministry of Health & Family Welfare. The responsibility of the project has been entrusted to the Office of the Registrar General, India on behalf of the Ministry of Health & Family Welfare in view its expertise in handling the Sample Registration System, one of the largest demographic surveys in the world.

Objective

3. Realizing the need for preparing a comprehensive district health profile on key parameters based on a community set up, the AHS has been designed to yield benchmarks of core vital and health indicators at the district level; prevalence of disabilities, injuries, acute and chronic illness and access to health care for identified morbidities; and access to maternal, child health and family planning services. By virtue of being a panel survey, it has the unique ability to map the rate of change in these indicators on a yearly basis. AHS would, thus, enable better capturing of the health seeking behaviour of the public as compared to other periodic cross-sectional surveys, and also help needed corrections in the strategies.

Coverage

4. The sample size at the district level has been derived taking Infant Mortality Rate as the decisive indicator and host of other practical issues related to execution of the survey. Keeping in view the mammoth size of the sample, it was a conscious decision of the Government to initially confine the survey to the 284 districts (as per 2001 Census) of the 8 Empowered Action Group States (Bihar, Jharkhand, Uttar Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Madhya Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Odisha and Rajasthan) and Assam for a three year period starting from 2010-11. These 9 high focus States with relatively high fertility and mortality account for about 48 percent of the total population in the country. A representative sample of 20,694 statistically selected Primary Sample Units (PSUs - Census Enumeration Blocks in case of urban areas and villages or a segment thereof in

i

case of larger villages in rural areas) based on 2001 Census has been drawn from these AHS States which would cover about 18 million population and 3.6 million households each year. However, during the Base-line Survey, a total of 20.1 million population and 4.14 million households have actually been covered. Despite being restricted to 9 States, the AHS is the largest demographic survey in the world and covers two and a half times that of the Sample Registration System.

Fieldwork Strategy

5.   The project is being implemented as a hybrid model wherein the actual field work has been outsourced to seven selected Survey Agencies on the pattern of National Family Health Survey (NFHS) and District Level Household Survey (DLHS). The co-ordination, supervision and monitoring of the fieldwork in the States are being carried out by dedicated staff posted at various levels in the respective Directorate of Census Operations (DCOs). The responsibility for overall co-ordination, supervision and monitoring across the nine AHS States rests with the AHS Division of ORGI. For smooth and effective execution of the survey, the AHS States have been divided into 18 mutually exclusive and exhaustive zones, each having a group of contiguous districts with more or less equal workload.

Technical Consultation

6.   The outline of the survey such as approach, periodicity, coverage, sampling strategy, sample size, permissible levels of relative standard errors, and levels of aggregation, was finalized after a series of deliberations with the representatives from Ministry of Health & Family Welfare, National Sample Survey Office (NSSO), Central Statistics Office (CSO), Ministry of Woman & Child Development, Indian Council of Medical Research, Planning Commission, International Institute for Population Sciences and other subject experts. Based on the recommendations, various technical details including preparation of sample design, derivation of sample size etc. were worked out and vetted by the Technical Advisory Group (TAG) constituted for the purpose.

Sample Design

7.   The Sample design adopted for Annual Health Survey is a uni-stage stratified simple random sample without replacement except in case of larger villages in rural areas (population more than or equal to 2000 as per 2001 Census), wherein a two stage stratified sampling has been applied. The sample units are Census Enumeration Blocks (CEBs) in urban areas and villages in rural areas. In rural areas, the villages have been divided into two strata. Stratum I comprises villages with population less than 2000 and Stratum II contains villages with population 2000 or more.   Smaller villages with population less than 200 were excluded from the sampling frame in such a manner that the total population of villages so excluded did not exceed 2 per cent of the total population of the district.   In case of Stratum I, the entire village is the sample unit. In case of Stratum II, the village has been divided into mutually exclusive (non-overlapping) and geographically contiguous units comprising group of EBs called segments of more or less equal size and population not exceeding 2000 in any case. One segment from the frame of segments thus prepared was selected in a random manner to represent the selected village at the second stage of sampling.

8.   The number of sample villages in each district was allocated between the two strata proportionally to their size (population). The villages within each size stratum were further ordered by the female literacy rate based on the Census 2001 data, and three

disjoint and equal size substrata were established. The sample villages within each substratum were selected by simple random sampling without replacement. Similarly, in urban areas, the Census Enumeration Blocks within a district were ordered by the female literacy rate based on the Census 2001 data, and three disjoint and equal size substrata were established. The sample Census Enumeration Blocks within each substratum were selected by simple random sampling without replacement. Thus, female literacy which has a direct bearing on the fertility behaviour was used for implicit stratification. Further, the process of selection ensured equal representation across three sub-strata both in rural as well as in urban areas of a district besides rendering the sample design as self-weighting.

Sample Size

9.   Generating robust estimates of Infant Mortality Rate at the district level has become an utmost necessity as reduction in Infant Mortality constitutes one of the key targets in the Reproductive & Child Health Programme (RCH) under the umbrella of NRHM. This would also facilitate effective tracking of the Millennium Development Goal 4 on Child Mortality. The Infant Mortality Rate has therefore been taken as the decisive indicator for estimation of sample size at the district level. The permissible level of error has been taken as 10 percentage relative standard error (prse) at the district level. The sample size so worked out would yield relatively better estimates of Crude Birth Rate / Crude Death Rate and may also enable generation of rarer indicators like MMR (for a group of districts) with good precision. In the absence of district level estimates from any other reliable source, the district level derived estimates of IMR based on SRS pooled data have been used for estimation of sample size for each district.

Sample Identification Work

10.   One of the essential prerequisites for the commencement of the survey was to uniquely identify the sample units on ground. This was done in all the sample units across the nine AHS States by the regular staff of ORGI. The work involved firming up of the boundary of the selected villages / Enumeration Blocks; resorting to segmentation in case of villages exceeding the population 2000, random selection of segment thereof and drawing of appropriate notional maps of the sample units to serve as the base map for the survey work.

Survey Tools

11.   The Baseline Survey in all the nine AHS States was carried out during July 2010 to March 2011 and four Schedules, in all, were administered. These are: (i) House-listing Schedule, (ii) Household Schedule, (iii) Woman Schedule and (iv) Mortality Schedule. In the House-listing Schedule, besides the mapping and listing of all the houses and households in a sample unit, some key particulars relating to the housing characteristics (type and ownership), basic amenities available to the household and assets possessed by them were collected. In the Household Schedule, all Usual Residents as on 01.01.2010 were listed and for each listed member, information on background characteristics like Name, Sex, Relationship to Head, Date of Birth, Age, Religion, Social Group, Marital Status, Date at first Marriage, Education and Occupation/Activity Status was captured. Besides, information in respect of Disability, Morbidity (Injuries, Acute Illness, and Chronic Illness) and Personal Habits (like Chewing, Smoking and Consumption of Alcohol) was also collected wherever applicable. Woman Schedule comprised two sections. Section-I was administered to all Ever Married Women (EMW) aged 15-49 years and information relating to the outcome of pregnancy(s) (live birth/still

birth/abortion); birth history; type of medical attention at delivery; details of maternal health care(ante-natal/natal/post-natal); immunization of children; breast feeding practices including supplements; occurrence of child diseases (Pneumonia, Diarrhoea and fever); registration of births, etc. taken place during the reference period i.e. 01.01.2007 to 31.12.2009 was collected. Section II focused on information on pregnancy; use, sources and practices of family planning methods; details relating to future use of contraceptives and unmet need; awareness about RTI/STI, HIV/AIDS, administration of HAF/ORT/ORS during diarrhoea and danger signs of ARI/Pneumonia; and these details were collected from all Currently Married Women aged 15-49 years.

12. Through the Mortality Schedule, details relating to death occurred to usual residents of sample household during 01.01.2007 to 31.12.2009 were captured and it included information on name & sex of deceased, date of death, age at death, registration of death and source of medical attention received before death. For infant deaths, a question on symptoms leading to death was also probed. In case of deaths associated with pregnancy, information on a variety of questions on factors leading/contributing to death, symptoms leading to death, time between onset of complications and death, etc. was asked to yield data on various determinants of maternal mortality. These schedules were finalized after a series of deliberations in the TAG and thereafter piloting in the field situation. The fieldwork in sample units was carried out by teams of field enumerators which had at least one female in each team. This was done to ensure that besides canvassing of woman schedule, questions on morbidity for female members in household schedule and questions relating to infant deaths as well as deaths associated with pregnancy in the mortality schedule were also probed and recorded only by the female enumerator.

Training

13. Since information on morbidity, disability and few specific details in case of infant and maternal deaths etc. were collected at the district level in such a large survey setup for the first time, adequate emphasis was given to training. An exhaustive training manual for the field staff was prepared with inputs from various stakeholders and subject experts. A three day 'Training of Trainers' programme was organized at New Delhi prior to commencement of State/Zone level training sessions wherein experts imparted training on concepts, definitions and how best to collect data on different parameters. A pool of medical doctors was arranged with the help of National Institute of Health & Family Welfare (NIHFW) who imparted training to the field staff on disability and morbidity during State/Zone level training programmes. A standardized Video Training Module was specially developed for the purpose. Officers from ORGI and DCOs were deputed to observe the training programmes conducted at State level by Survey Agencies.

Supervision and Third Party Audit

14. In addition to the multilayer supervision mechanism adopted by the Survey Agencies, regular inspections were carried out by the officers/officials of respective DCOs and those from ORGI headquarters to ensure the data quality. The inspections were a judicious mix of concurrent as well as post survey audit. Over and above, a component of Third Party Audit was included to verify and authenticate the surveyed data through an independent mechanism. The Third Party Audit work was carried out in 20 randomly selected AHS units in each of the districts covering every fourth household thereof by following a standard protocol prescribed by ORGI. Truncated versions of Household, Women and Mortality Schedules were filled in afresh by the field staff of the Third Party

Audit Agencies. The findings in respect of key indicators were matched and re-survey was undertaken by the Survey Agencies in units where the variation was outside the permissible limit. The third party audit also helped in netting of missed vital events, particularly rarer ones like infant and maternal deaths.

Dissemination of Results

15. In view of the large volume of data collected under AHS and significant time required for validation and processing, dissemination of AHS results is done in two phases. The first set of data was released in August 2011 in the form of State-wise bulletins, which contained the district level data on crude birth rate, crude death rate, natural growth rate, infant mortality rate, neo-natal and post neo-natal mortality rates, under 5 mortality rate, sex ratio at birth, sex ratio (0-4 years) and overall sex ratio. In addition, the Maternal Mortality Ratio (MMR), Maternal Mortality Rate and life time risk were released for a group of districts. In order to facilitate direct intervention, the maternal mortality indicators were combined and released for a group of districts on the basis of existing administrative divisions in the respective AHS States.

16. Under the present phase of dissemination, data on host of other important parameters covered in AHS under Household and Woman Schedules are being released in the form of State and District Level Factsheets. Though the sample size has been calculated for the district as a whole, the rural and urban estimates at the district level have also been published as byproduct. Users are advised to keep the above fact into consideration while using the rural / urban estimates of a district. In order to ward off unusual sampling fluctuations, the urban estimates have not been published in respect of some indicators for the districts where the number of urban sample units was less than six. To begin with, number of PSUs, Households, Population, Ever Married Women, Currently Married Women, Children aged 12-23 months (as on date of survey) covered in the sample of each district and the State along with their rural-urban breakup have been given to provide the users requisite insight on the metadata. The indicators contained in the AHS Bulletin have also been reproduced in these Factsheets so that the users may have access to complete set of indicators at one place. However, they may refer to the AHS Bulletin for details on metadata.

Wealth Index

17. A few relevant indicators based on House-listing Schedule, which would help in assessing the economic profile of the households such as, structure of the house where the household is residing, i.e. Pucca/Kachcha; Ownership status of the house, i.e. Owned/Rented; Improved source of drinking water; Treatment of water by the households to make it safer for drinking; Access to toilet facility; Access to electricity; Main Source of lighting; Main source of fuel used for cooking; Availability of kitchen; and Possession of Computer/Telephone/Mobile have also been tabulated. In the absence of income and expenditure measures of economic status, household wealth Index has been constructed at State level for each of the nine study States using the assets possessed and the facilities availed by the households as mentioned above to determine a household's relative economic status and also to assess the differential impact with respect to health outcomes or health service utilization thereof. The technique of Principal Component Analysis (PCA) has been used to determine variable weightings. Similar approach was also followed in NFHS and DLHS Household Wealth Index.

v

18. The list of variables used for the development of wealth index along with their coding structure is given below:

List of Variables selected for the development of HH Wealth Index	
Assets	**Coded Categories**
Type of Structure of the House	Pucca House=1 Otherwise=0
Main Source of drinking water	Piped water into dwelling/yard/plot, Public tap/stand pipe, Hand pump, Tube well or bore well , Protected dug well = 1 Otherwise=0
Type of Toilet Facility mainly Used	Flush/Pour Flush Latrine – connected : to piped sewer line /septic tank/ pit latrine/somewhere else, Pit Latrine (Without flush/pour flush): Ventilated improved pit, Pit latrine with slab = 1 Otherwise=0
Household having Electricity	Yes=1, No= 0
Main Source of lighting	Electricity, Solar=1, Otherwise=0
Main Source of Fuel used for Cooking	LPG/PNG, Electricity, Biogas= 1, Otherwise=0
Number of Dwelling rooms exclusively in the possession of household	Household having no dwelling room exclusively in possession = 0, 1 dwelling room exclusively in possession = 1, 2 dwelling rooms exclusively in possession = 2, 3 dwelling rooms exclusively in possession = 3, 4 dwelling rooms exclusively in possession = 4, 5 dwelling rooms exclusively in possession = 5, 6 dwelling rooms exclusively in possession = 6, 7 dwelling rooms exclusively in possession = 7, 8 dwelling rooms exclusively in possession = 8, 9 or more dwelling rooms exclusively in possession=9
Availability of Kitchen	Cooking inside or Outside House - Has Kitchen=1, Otherwise=0
Possession of Radio/Transistor	Yes=1, No= 0
Possession of Television	Yes=1, No= 0
Possession of Computer/Laptop	Computer/Laptop with or without internet connection = 1, No =0
Possession of Telephone/Mobile Phone	Telephone, Mobile Phone or both = 1, No=0
Possession of Washing Machine	Yes=1, No= 0
Possession of Refrigerator	Yes=1, No= 0
Possession of Sewing Machine	Yes=1, No= 0
Possession of Bicycle	Yes=1, No= 0
Possession of Two wheeler (Scooter/Motorcycle/Moped)	Yes=1, No= 0
Possession of Car/Jeep/Van	Yes=1, No= 0
Possession of Tractor	Yes=1, No= 0
Possession of Water Pump/Tube well	Yes=1, No= 0
Possession of Cart (Driven by animal/ machine/other)	Cart-Driven by animal/machine/other=1, Doesn't have =0
Land Possessed (in hectares)	No land= 0, Less than 0.02 hectare = 1, 0.02 to less than 1.00 hectare = 49, 1.00 to less than 4.00 hectares = 250, 4.00 to less than 10.00 hectares =700, 10.00 hectares or more=1000

Considering these variables, principal component analysis technique was applied and each of the above household assets/ facilities was assigned a weight or a factor loading. The Asset Scores have then been computed for each single household by using the following formula:

$$\text{HH Asset Score (AS)} = \frac{[\text{Value of Asset Variable - Mean of Asset Variable}]}{\text{Standard Deviation of Asset Variable}} \times \text{Weight of component I}$$

Subsequently, the Asset Scores of all the variables were added at the household level to get the Total Asset Score for each of the households. Thereafter the households were ranked according to their individual Household Asset Score (HHAS) and then divided into five quintiles with the same number of households in each. This provided the cut off points or the ranges for each quintile. The highest (20%) and the lowest (20%) quintiles have been published for each of the districts in a State to highlight the extreme disparity in the household's relative economic well being. The value of the indicators corresponding to these quintiles is outside the purview of this factsheet and would be presented in State level reports.

Marriage

19. The information on marital status as on 01.01.2010 was probed in respect of all household members (Usual Residents) irrespective of their age. For those who were married, the date of first marriage was recorded. Using this, age at first marriage, which has a direct impact on child bearing as women marrying early have on an average a longer period of exposure to pregnancy and a greater number of lifetime births, was obtained. Using the age data, the mean age at marriage for males and females has been worked out and included in the Factsheet. The mean age at marriage is based on the marriages to the members of the household (Usual Residents as on 1.1.2010) taken place during 2007-09. The proportion of marriages among males and females taking place below the legal age, i.e., 21 and 18 years respectively, has also been tabulated. Such proportions are also based on the marriages to the members of the household (Usual Residents as on 1.1.2010) taken place during 2007-09. Besides, the percentage of Currently Married Women aged 20-24 years marrying before legal age (18 years) and percentage of Currently Married Men aged 25-29 years marrying before legal age (21 years) have been worked out and presented.

Disability and Injury

20. The data on any type of disability as on date of survey was collected in respect of all the usual residents. The type of disability included `mental', `visual', `hearing', `speech', `loco-motor' and `multiple'. The prevalence of any type of disability per 1,00,000 population by gender and residence at the district and State levels has been presented in the factsheet. Since it is difficult to capture the type of injury and its severity from lay reporting, an attempt has been made to assess the severity of injury from the type and duration of hospitalization required. This would also provide an assessment of the workload on hospitals / doctors on account of injury. Accordingly, the type of treatment meted to the injury during last one year of the date of survey has been collected. The categories by type of treatment included `treated in intensive care unit for any time-1, treated as in-patient with stay more than two weeks-2, treated as in-patient with stay one to two weeks-3, treated as in-patient with stay less than one week-4, treated as out-patient-5, treated by traditional healers-6, and treated at home-7'. Based on these

categories, the number of persons injured by type of treatment received per 1,00,000 population, have been categorized into severe(by including categories 1 & 2), major (by including categories 3 & 4) and minor (by including categories 5 & 6) groups. Those treated at home have been excluded from the above categorization and thus from the analysis also.

Acute Illness

21. On the morbidity front, if any member (usual resident) of the household suffered from any 'acute illness' during last fifteen days prior to the date of survey, the type of illness has been ascertained. Based on this data, persons suffering from acute illness per 1,00,000 population has been presented for a few select diseases like diarrhoea / dysentery; acute respiratory infection & all types of fever and also for any type of acute illness. Besides, the source from where the treatment for the acute illness was taken has also been included. Accordingly, two important indicators, viz., percentage of persons suffering from acute illness and taking treatment from any source and percentage of persons suffering from acute illness and taking treatment from Government source have been presented. The latter gives the share of Government source across all types of sources availed for taking treatment. It may be noted that the entire fieldwork was carried out over a period of six to seven months and in the process, districts were covered at different points of time (i.e., months / seasons). The seasonality effect may be taken note of while interpreting the results.

Chronic Illness

22. The data in respect of chronic illness has been collected based on the symptoms pertaining to a particular illness persisting for more than one month and also in respect of illnesses where it was diagnosed. For both the cases, the reference period was last one year preceding the date of survey. For ascertaining information on symptoms, a list of symptoms associated with various types of diseases was provided along with a separate category for asymptomatic (i.e., having no symptoms). The asymptomatic included those who were not suffering from any illness as well as those who were suffering but had no symptoms. Using this data, percentage of persons having any kind of symptoms of chronic illness along with their source of treatment has been presented. As regards chronic illnesses diagnosed, this was included to measure the extent to which facilities for diagnosis and treatment of some major chronic illnesses set up by centre/State/local Government / private agencies have been utilized. A list of common chronic diseases and those pertaining to major health intervention programmes was provided. Based on this data, percentage of persons diagnosed for a few important diseases such as diabetes, hypertension, tuberculosis, asthma / chronic respiratory disease and arthritis per 1,00,000 population has been presented besides those diagnosed for any type of chronic illness. Using the data collected on source of diagnosis, status with regard to getting regular treatment and source of treatment, percentage of persons having diagnosed for any kind of chronic illness and getting regular treatment as well as those getting regular treatment from Government source has been worked out and included in the Factsheet. Since the data on morbidity has been elicited as reported by the respondents, it may suffer on account of accuracy. Nevertheless, the availability of such a rich data set at the district level would fill in the much awaited void and pave the way for evidence-based health planning and appropriate interventions.

Personal Habits

23.   During the base-line survey, information on personal habits such as chewing practices, smoking and consumption of alcohol has been collected for all the usual residents of age 15 years and above. Under chewing habits, the information has been separately collected for chewing with and without tobacco. Based on the data, the percentage of population by habit of chewing with and without tobacco, percentage of population by habit of smoking and percentage of population by habit of drinking alcohol, for the usual residents of age 15 years and above, have been presented. Both for smoking and consuming alcohol, the proportion is based on usual as well as occasional smokers / drinkers. The usual smoker is the one who smokes at least once every day and the usual drinker, who drinks at least once every week. The data on disability, morbidity as well as personal habits have been given by residence and sex to capture the differentials. The enumerators were specifically instructed to collect information pertaining to morbidity as well as personal habits from the concerned individuals in privacy and with due sensitivity in order to elicit proper response to the extent possible.

Fertility

24.   The Total Fertility Rate (TFR), which is an age-period fertility rate for a synthetic cohort of women, measures the average number of births a group of women would have by the time they reach 50 years of age if they were to give birth at the current age-specific fertility rates. The TFR is expressed as the average number of births per woman. Under AHS, TFR has been calculated by dividing three years average of all births reported during the reference period, i.e., 2007-09 by all the women in respective age group. The seven five-yearly age-specific fertility rates for all women in the age groups from 15-19 to 45-49 have been added and thereafter multiplied by 5 to yield the TFR. Due to lack of adequate number of births, the TFR by residence could not be worked out and hence is not being published.

25.   The distribution of births by birth order is another way to understand the dynamics on spacing of children and level of fertility. In this regard, two key indicators namely, `percentage of women aged 20-24 reporting birth of order 2 & above' and `percentage of women reporting birth of order 3 & above' based on last two live births taken place to Ever Married Women aged 15-49 years during the reference period, i.e., 2007-09, have been presented. 'Percentage of Currently Married Women aged 15-49 years with two living children wanting no more children' is one of the most crucial indicators on desire to limit child bearing. While deriving this indicator, sterilized women or their husbands have not been taken into account whereas women who were currently pregnant have been included.

26.   Teen-age pregnancy and motherhood is an important subject in the settings where the marriage of girls takes place at very young ages. This is not only important from the fertility perspective but also its consequent implication on the health of the mother and child. Accordingly, `percentage of women aged 15-19 who were already mothers or pregnant at the time of survey' has been tabulated and it depicts the percentage of women who have begun child bearing among all ever married women aged 15-19 years. The ever married sample denominator for the age group 15-19 years has not been adjusted by the all women factors for the same age group. This factor should be taken into consideration while interpreting the results.

Median age at first live birth

27. Median age at first live birth of women aged 15-49 years has been presented to reflect the age at which 50 percent of the women have given their first live birth. This indicator covers women of all marital status and ever married sample denominator has been adjusted by the all women factors in this age group. Ever Married Women not yet having first live birth and Never Married Women have been included as a separate category for computation. Median has been calculated from cumulated single year of age percent distributions of age at first birth. Median is linearly interpolated by the age values by which 50 percent or more of the women had a first birth. In order to gauge the same for older women of the same cohort, median age at first live birth for women aged 25-49 years has also been calculated and presented. These two indicators in conjunction would help in comparing the age with regard to entry into parenthood between the two cohorts.

Birth interval

28. The information on birth interval, which is defined as the length of time between two successive live births, has been collected in respect of last two live births which took place during the reference period, i.e., 2007-09 for birth order 2 & above. Short birth intervals are likely to have adverse bearing on the mother's health as also on the chances of survival of the neonates and infants. In the Indian context, the birth interval of 36 months may be taken as the bare minimum from the perspective of reducing neonatal and infant mortality and also for achieving the requisite nutritional outcomes. The information on percentage of live births taking place after an interval of 36 months has been calculated and presented to provide insight into the pace of child bearing.

Mean number of children ever born and surviving

29. The number of children ever born and surviving has been collected for all Ever Married Women aged 15-49 years. The survival status has been assessed as on 1.1.2010 (the reference point for the population). The number of children ever born to women provides an estimate of cohort fertility against the period measures of fertility such as the CBR and the TFR. In order to facilitate comparison of completed cohort fertility with the current fertility, the mean number of ever born children to women aged 45-49 years has been calculated and presented. The gap between the two would demonstrate the decline in fertility levels in the recent past.

Abortion

30. Abortion as an option was probed for all the pregnancies which resulted into any kind of outcome i.e. live birth, still birth, spontaneous and induced abortion during the reference period i.e. 2007-2009. This was followed by a series of questions such as when the abortion had taken place (month & year), month of pregnancy when the abortion had occurred, whether any ANC was received, whether ultrasound was performed before the abortion, the place of abortion and who performed the abortion. Based on these data, various indicators such as percentage of pregnancy(s) to women aged 15-49 years resulting in abortion, percentage of women who received any ANC before abortion, percentage of women who went for ultrasound before abortion, average month of pregnancy at the time of abortion, percentage of abortions performed by skilled health personnel (doctor / nurse / ANM / LHV / trained dai), and abortions which took place in institutions have been tabulated and presented.

Family Planning Practices

31.   The information on awareness as well as the usage in respect of Family Planning Practices was probed from Currently Married Women aged 15-49 years. There were a few women whose marital status as on 1.1.2010 (reference date) was Currently Married but on date of survey, their marital status was widow / divorcee / separated. In such cases, questions on only awareness were probed from them.

Current usage of Family Planning Methods

32.   Currently Married Women aged 15-49 years, who were currently menstruating or who were in lactating status or secondary amenorrhoea as on date of survey, were asked whether they or their husbands are currently using any method(s) of family planning. In other words, those CMW who were currently pregnant or in menopause status or who have undergone hysterectomy or never menstruated were excluded from the sample. The family planning methods included both modern as well as traditional methods. Modern methods included Tubectomy, Vasectomy, Copper-T/IUD, Pills (Daily), Pills (Weekly), Emergency Contraceptive Pill, Condom/Nirodh, etc., while the traditional ones were Contraceptive Herbs, Rhythm/Periodic abstinence, Withdrawal, Lactational Amenorrhoea Method, etc. Accordingly, percentage of CMW reporting use of various types of family planning methods (most used method) has been tabulated. In addition, percentage of CMW using any method (Contraceptive Prevalence Rate), any modern method and any traditional method has also been tabulated. Levels of use of contraceptives provide the most obvious and widely accepted criterion for assessing the success of FP programme.

Unmet Need for Family Planning

33.   The unmet need for Family Planning is a crucial indicator for assessing the future demand for Family Planning services / supplies. Currently Married Women who are not using any method of contraception but who do not want any more children are defined as having an unmet need for limiting and those who are not using contraception but want to wait for two years or more before having another child are defined as having an unmet need for spacing. The sum total of unmet need for limiting and spacing is the unmet need for Family Planning. In order to ensure comparability with DHS Estimates, similar set of questions were probed from CMW aged 15-49 years under AHS also.

34.   For working out the estimates on unmet need, the unmet need for spacing has been calculated as the "proportion of pregnant CMW whose pregnancy was mistimed; CMW in lactational amenorrhoea who are not using any family planning method and whose last birth was mistimed, or whose last birth was unwanted but now they say they want more children; fecund CMW who are neither currently pregnant nor in amenorrhoea, and who are not using any family planning method and say that they want to wait for two or more years for the next birth, including those who say that they are unsure whether they want another child, or want another child but are unsure when to have the birth".

35.   The unmet need for limiting has been worked out as the "proportion of pregnant CMW whose pregnancy was unwanted; CMW in lactational amenorrhoea who are not using any family planning method, whose last child was unwanted and who do not want any more children; and fecund CMW who are neither pregnant nor in amenorrhoea who are not using any method of family planning and who want no more children". Using the met demand for contraception (current contraceptive users) and the unmet need for contraception, the total demand for family planning as well as the percentage demand

satisfied can be assessed. The classification for the need for family planning is illustrated as under:

Classification of the need for family planning

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                    │  Total need for family planning │
                    └─────────────────────────────────┘
                     /                               \
        ┌──────────────────┐              ┌──────────────────┐
        │   Met need       │              │   Unmet          │
        │  (current use)   │              │    need          │
        └──────────────────┘              └──────────────────┘
         /            \                    /              \
```

| **For limiting:** Women who want no more children and are using a family planning method | **For spacing:** Women who want another child or are undecided and are using a family planning method | **For limiting:** Pregnant women whose pregnancy was unwanted, amenorrhoeic women whose last birth was unwanted, and women who are neither pregnant nor amenorrhoeic and who want no more children but are not using a family planning method | **For spacing:** Pregnant women whose pregnancy was mistimed, amenorrhoeic women whose last birth was mistimed, and women who are neither pregnant nor amenorrhoeic who say they want to wait two or more years for the next birth, are unsure whether they want another child, or want another child but are unsure when to have it and are not using a family planning method |

Ante-natal Care

36.   Ante-natal care constitutes one of the key elements towards initiatives to promote safe motherhood. A series of questions to capture various aspects of ante-natal care such as, number of ante-natal check-ups received, months of pregnancy at the time of first ANC, main source of ANC, type of tests performed during ANC, number of Tetanus Toxoid (TT) injections received and number of days of consumption of Iron & Folic Acid (IFA) tablets/syrup, were asked from the EMW aged 15-49 years in respect of their last two outcomes of pregnancies which have resulted into live births / still births during the reference period, i.e., 2007-09. However, appropriate indicators based on the above aspects have been tabulated in respect of responses recorded for last live / still births.

37.   The indicators included in the Factsheets are percentage of mothers who received any ANC, percentage of mothers who had ANC in first trimester, percentage of mothers who received 3 or more ANC, percentage of mothers who received at least one TT injection, percentage of mothers who consumed IFA for 100 days or more and percentage of mothers who had full ante-natal check-up. The full ante-natal check-up comprises at least three visits for ANC, at least one TT injection received and IFA consumption for 100 days or more. In addition, percentage of mothers who received ANC from Government source,   percentage of mothers whose blood pressure & blood (for Hb) were taken and percentage of mothers who underwent ultrasound have been calculated and presented. Besides, percentage of Currently Married Pregnant Women aged 15-49 years registered for ANC has also been presented.

Delivery Care

38. Under Delivery Care, the details about place of delivery, source of transport provided / availed for reaching the institution, length of stay in the institution after delivery, type of delivery (normal / caesarean / assisted) and the personnel conducting delivery in case of domiciliary births were inquired from the EMW aged 15-49 years for their last two pregnancy outcomes resulting into live births/still births during the reference period, i.e. 2007-09. As in the case of ante-natal care, indicators based on these parameters have been tabulated in respect of responses for last live/still births. Percentage of deliveries taken place in institutions and their distribution into Government and Private institutions; percentage of deliveries taken place at home; percentage of home deliveries conducted by skilled health personnel; and percentage of Safe deliveries are the key indicators presented in the Factsheet. Safe delivery comprises institutional deliveries and home deliveries conducted by doctor/ nurse / ANM / LHV and it does not include those attended by trained dai. However, trained dai is included under skilled health personnel. If the respondent has mentioned more than one person attending delivery, only the most qualified person is taken into consideration.

39. As regards the extent of stay in institutions after delivery which is very crucial and has a direct bearing on the new born care as also on the health of the mother, the percentage of less than 24 hours stay in the institution after delivery has been worked out and presented. Besides, percentage of Caesarean deliveries out of total deliveries taken place in Government and Private Institutions respectively has also been presented.

Post-natal Care

40. Getting a Post partum / Post-natal check-up soon after the birth of baby or within 48 hours is crucial for the health of both the mother and the child. Accordingly, three indicators, viz., percentage of mothers who received Post-natal check-up within 48 hours of delivery, percentage of mothers who received Post-natal check-up within one week of delivery and percentage of mothers who did not receive any Post-natal check-up have been calculated and presented. In case of institutional delivery where the woman had stayed there for at least 48 hours, it was presumed that the post-natal care was given within 48 hours. These indicators are based on the last outcome of pregnancy which resulted into live / still birth during the reference period, i.e., 2007-09.

41. Along with the first post-natal check-up of mother, check-up of the new borns is essential. It was therefore probed from the mothers, whose last outcome of pregnancy resulted into live birth during the reference period, i.e., 2007-09, when was the new born checked up. Based on this, the percentage of new born who received check up within 24 hours of birth has been worked out and presented. In case of institutional delivery if the baby remained there for at least 24 hours, it was presumed that the first check-up was done within 24 hours.

Financial assistance under Janani Suraksha Yojana

42. The Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY) is one of the most important programmes under the overall umbrella of NRHM aimed at reducing Maternal Mortality Ratio and Neo-natal Mortality Rate by promoting institutional deliveries. Under the Scheme, cash incentives are provided to mothers and they are facilitated by Accredited Social Health Activists (ASHAs) to deliver their babies in a health facility. There are also provisions for cost reimbursement for transport and incentives to ASHAs for encouraging mothers to opt for institutional delivery. The scheme is fully sponsored by the Central Government and is

implemented in all States and Union Territories, with special focus on low-performing States. There is also a provision for roping in the private sector by giving accreditation to willing private hospitals/nursing homes for providing delivery services. The Scheme has been implemented in all the 9 AHS States since 2005.

43.   In order to gauge the spread and effectiveness of the JSY, Ever Married Women aged 15-49 years were probed whether they had availed the maternity financial assistance for safe motherhood under the scheme in respect of their last two outcomes of delivery resulting in live / still births during the reference period, i.e., 2007-09. The percentage of mothers who availed financial assistance for delivery, percentage of mothers who availed financial assistance for institutional delivery and percentage of mothers who availed financial assistance for Government institutional delivery under JSY, all in respect of the last outcome of delivery resulting in live birth / still birth, have been calculated and presented. Since the scope of JSY has been extended to domiciliary births also, these three sets of indicators would present a holistic picture.

Immunization

44.   The information on childhood immunization, i.e., vaccination coverage, has been collected for all living children [last two outcomes of pregnancy(s) resulting in live births during reference period, i.e., 2007-09]. Information on six vaccine preventable diseases namely, tuberculosis, diphtheria, whooping cough (Pertussis), tetanus, polio and measles, has been collected with reference to the status as on date of survey. Universal immunization of children against these six diseases is vital for reducing infant and child mortality. Whenever the mother had the vaccination card (Immunization / MCH) and if the card was available at the time of interview, the responses were recorded based on entries in the card. Otherwise, the responses as reported by the mother were noted down. For those living children who did not receive any vaccination, the main reason thereof has also been noted.

45.   In conformity with the International and Govt. of India guidelines which specify that children should be fully vaccinated by the time they complete their first year of life, the 12-23 months age group has been chosen for analysis. The percentage of children having Immunization Card, percentage of children aged 12-23 months who have received BCG, percentage of children who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine, percentage of children who have received polio dose at birth, percentage of children who have received three doses of DPT vaccine and percentage of children who have received measles vaccine, all for the age group 12-23 months, have been calculated and presented. Besides the percentage of children aged 12-23 months who have been fully immunized, the percentage of children aged 12-23 months who did not receive any vaccination have also been tabulated in order to portray the complete picture of immunization. According to the WHO guidelines, children are considered fully immunized when they have received vaccination against tuberculosis, three doses of DPT, three doses of the poliomyelitis and one dose of measles.

Administration of Vitamin-A and Iron & Folic Acid supplements

46.   Proper and sufficient intake of Vitamin-A and Iron supplements is essential to thwart childhood morbidity and mortality. Vitamin-A is an essential micro nutrient for the immune system and plays an important role in maintaining the epithelial tissues in the body. Severe Vitamin-A deficiency (VAD) can cause eye damage. VAD has also the potential to increase the severity of measles and diarrhoeal diseases in children and slow recovery from illness. Since the human liver can store an adequate amount of the

vitamin for 4-6 months, Vitamin-A dosing every six months is one of the usual methods for ensuring that children at risk are protected from developing VAD. The National Programme on Prevention of Blindness mandates that children of age 9 months to 5 years should be administered oral doses of Vitamin-A every six months. In order to assess the situation, information on children aged 6-35 months who have received at least one dose of Vitamin-A during the last six months has been collected and presented.

47.   Anaemia, which is characterised by a low level of haemoglobin in the blood, is a great concern in young children because it can result in impaired cognitive performance, behavioural and motor coordination, language development and scholastic achievement. It also enhances the risk of morbidity from other infectious diseases. One of the most vulnerable groups to anaemia is children aged 6-23 months. It was probed from the mothers of all living children older than 6 months whether IFA tablet / syrup was administered to the children [last two outcomes of pregnancy(s) resulting in live births during reference period, i.e., 2007-09] in the last 3 months. IFA tablet/syrup as supplements is given to child beyond six months to prevent anaemia. Based on this, the percentage of children aged 6-35 months who have received IFA tablets / syrup during last three months has been calculated and presented.

Birth weight

48.   Birth weight is an important indicator to measure the vulnerability of a new born to the risk of childhood illness and chances of survival. The information on birth weight assists in monitoring programmes to reduce neo-natal and infant mortality through a reduction in low birth weight infants. The information on birth weight has been collected in respect of all living children [last two outcomes of pregnancy(s) resulting in live births during reference period, i.e., 2007-09]. Based on this data, the percentage of children whose birth weight was taken and percentage of children whose birth weight was less than 2.5 Kg. have been worked out and presented.

Childhood diseases

49.   Treatment practices and contact with health services among children with the 3 most important childhood illnesses namely, Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI), Fever and Diarrhoea, help in the assessment of National Programmes aimed at reducing the mortality impact of these illnesses. The information on children suffering from Acute Respiratory Infection, Fever and Diarrhoea in respect of all the living children [last two outcomes of pregnancy(s) resulting in live births during reference period, i.e., 2007-09] during fifteen days preceding the date of survey has been collected. This has been done to minimise the recall lapse. Besides the prevalence, the information on treatment of ARI with antibiotics, treatment of fever and the treatment of diarrhoea with Home Available Fluids (HAF) / fluids prepared from ORS packet has been collected. The treatment of diarrhoeal diseases with Oral Rehydration Therapy (ORT) aids in the assessment of programmes that recommends such treatment. Based on these data, the percentage of children suffering from Diarrhoea and received HAF / ORS / ORT, percentage of children suffering from ARI and sought treatment, and percentage of children suffering from fever and sought treatment have been calculated and presented.

Child feeding practices

50.   Early breastfeeding practices determine the successful establishment and duration of breastfeeding. It is recommended that children be put to the breast immediately or within one hour of birth. There is growing evidence of the benefits to mother and child of

early initiation of breastfeeding preferably in the first hour of the birth. Early initiation of breastfeeding contributes to reducing neo-natal mortality. It ensures early skin to skin contact which is important in preventing hypothermia and establishing the bond between the mother and her child. Early initiation of breastfeeding also reduces the mother's risk of post partum haemorrhage, one of the leading causes of maternal mortality. Although breastfeeding is nearly universal in India, very few children are put to breastfeed immediately after birth. In order to have an assessment with regard to the time of initiation of breastfeeding, the mothers of all living children [last two outcomes of pregnancy(s) resulting in live births during reference period, i.e., 2007-09] were asked when did they first breastfeed their baby. Based on this, the percentage of children breastfed within one hour of birth has been calculated and presented.

51.   Exclusive breastfeeding for the first six months of the child's life is an essential component of the optimal infant and young child feeding practices. The Government of India recommends that children should be exclusively breastfed for the first six months of life (i.e., the child should be given only breast milk and nothing else, not even water). In order to assess the situation on ground, the mothers of all living children [last two outcomes of pregnancy(s) resulting in live births during reference period, i.e., 2007-09] were asked how many days/months did they exclusively breastfeed their baby. Based on the responses, percentage of children aged 6-35 months exclusively breastfed for at least six months has been worked out and presented.

Complementary feeding

52.   The introduction of complementary feeding at six months of age, solid and semi-solid food and the diverse food combinations fed to children also constitute part of the optimal feeding practices. The purpose of complementary feeding is to complement the breast milk and sustain the growth and development of the child. WHO recommends introduction of solid or semi-solid foods to infants around the age of 6 months because by that age, breast milk by itself is no longer sufficient to maintain the child's optimal growth. Information on supplementation was obtained by asking mothers of all living children [last two outcomes of pregnancy(s) resulting in live births during reference period, i.e., 2007-09] at what age did they start feeding the baby food other than breast milk. The type of food included water, animal milk / formula milk, semi-solid mashed food, solid (adult) food and vegetables/fruits. Based on these, the percentage of children who received foods other than breast milk such as water, animal/formula milk, semi-solid mashed food, solid (adult) food and vegetables/fruits during first six months has been worked out and presented. Besides, the average month by which children received these foods have also been worked out and presented.

Birth Registration

53.   India, being a signatory to the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child, 1989 which recognizes birth registration as one of the first rights of child, is committed to achieve universalization of birth registration. In India, registration of birth is compulsory under the Registration of Births and Deaths (RBD) Act, 1969. The Act mandates that every birth should be registered and a birth certificate provided free of charge to the informant. Despite significant efforts to improve the Civil Registration System, especially during the past decade, the overall level of registration of births still falls short by about 25 percent. The registration system in the country functions at different levels of efficiency across States/UTs. In order to assess the functioning of the Civil Registration System in the community, information on whether the birth of the baby was registered

with the civil authority and if so, the birth certificate was received or not in respect of all living children [last two outcomes of pregnancy(s) resulting in live births during reference period, i.e., 2007-09] has been collected. Based on this, the percentage of children whose births were registered and the percentage of children whose births were registered & who also received the Birth Certificates have been arrived at and presented.

54.   Under the RBD Act, the institutions where birth takes place is to register the birth and issue the birth certificate in case they have been declared as the registration units or to report the event to the local Registrar of Births & Deaths. Of late, majority of the Government institutions have been declared as registration units. Since a review of the system across different States/UTs has revealed that due to lack of a proper and complete reporting system, the institutional births which have already been registered are not being reflected in the final figures compiled and therefore in order to net all such cases, it was presumed that the birth would have been registered. However, even in these cases it was probed whether the birth certificate has been received.

55.   This Factsheet pertains to the State of Odisha. The field work for the AHS has been carried out by M/s. GfK-MODE Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi and M/s. Social & Rural Research Institute (IMRB International), New Delhi in the allotted zones. The third party audit work in the State has been done by M/s. Research and Development Initiative Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

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SAMPLE PARTICULARS

State / District	Sample Units			Households			Population		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	2364	1798	566	456413	374826	81587	1925439	1579863	345576
Anugul	83	66	17	16531	13677	2854	69494	57420	12074
Balangir	60	50	10	11704	10610	1094	46925	42228	4697
Baleshwar	79	66	13	15492	13677	1815	63618	56043	7575
Bargarh	84	74	10	20063	18458	1605	82021	74994	7027
Baudh	46	42	4	5429	4955	474	23384	21245	2139
Bhadrak	94	79	15	18014	16414	1600	84600	76152	8448
Cuttack	114	72	42	22462	17081	5381	97289	74082	23207
Debagarh	52	46	6	7393	6315	1078	29376	24975	4401
Dhenkanal	57	49	8	13569	12550	1019	56671	52219	4452
Gajapati	65	55	10	9459	7942	1517	40438	34279	6159
Ganjam	67	50	17	13845	11742	2103	60697	51586	9111
Jagatsinghapur	78	66	12	15020	13412	1608	62215	55590	6625
Jajapur	74	69	5	16536	15783	753	74178	70910	3268
Jharsuguda	213	113	100	40204	26917	13287	167122	109557	57565
Kalahandi	45	40	5	11325	10216	1109	43937	39322	4615
Kandhamal	61	54	7	8678	7540	1138	34859	30135	4724
Kendrapara	74	67	7	14689	13750	939	65018	60764	4254
Kendujhar	97	78	19	15233	12073	3160	67060	53117	13943
Khordha	226	105	121	42312	22841	19471	183262	104130	79132
Koraput	45	34	11	8577	7033	1544	33785	27690	6095
Malkangiri	61	54	7	13731	12454	1277	58658	53498	5160
Mayurbhanj	69	61	8	11308	10251	1057	45439	41106	4333
Nabarangapur	39	35	4	11735	11139	596	48882	46421	2461
Nuapada	39	35	4	9654	9234	420	39098	37186	1912
Nayagarh	75	70	5	17285	16622	663	66490	64012	2478
Puri	91	73	18	17739	15131	2608	79880	68397	11483
Rayagada	54	43	11	8579	6838	1741	34750	27567	7183
Sambalpur	60	38	22	11172	6789	4383	45966	27315	18651
Sonapur	73	65	8	13986	13058	928	57874	54067	3807
Sundargarh	89	49	40	14689	10324	4365	62453	43856	18597

Odisha: Sample Units

Odisha: District wise Sample Units

Odisha: Sample Households

Urban 18%

Rural 82%

Odisha: District wise Sample Households

Rural   Urban

Odisha: Sample Population

Urban
18%

Rural
82%

Odisha: District wise Sample Population
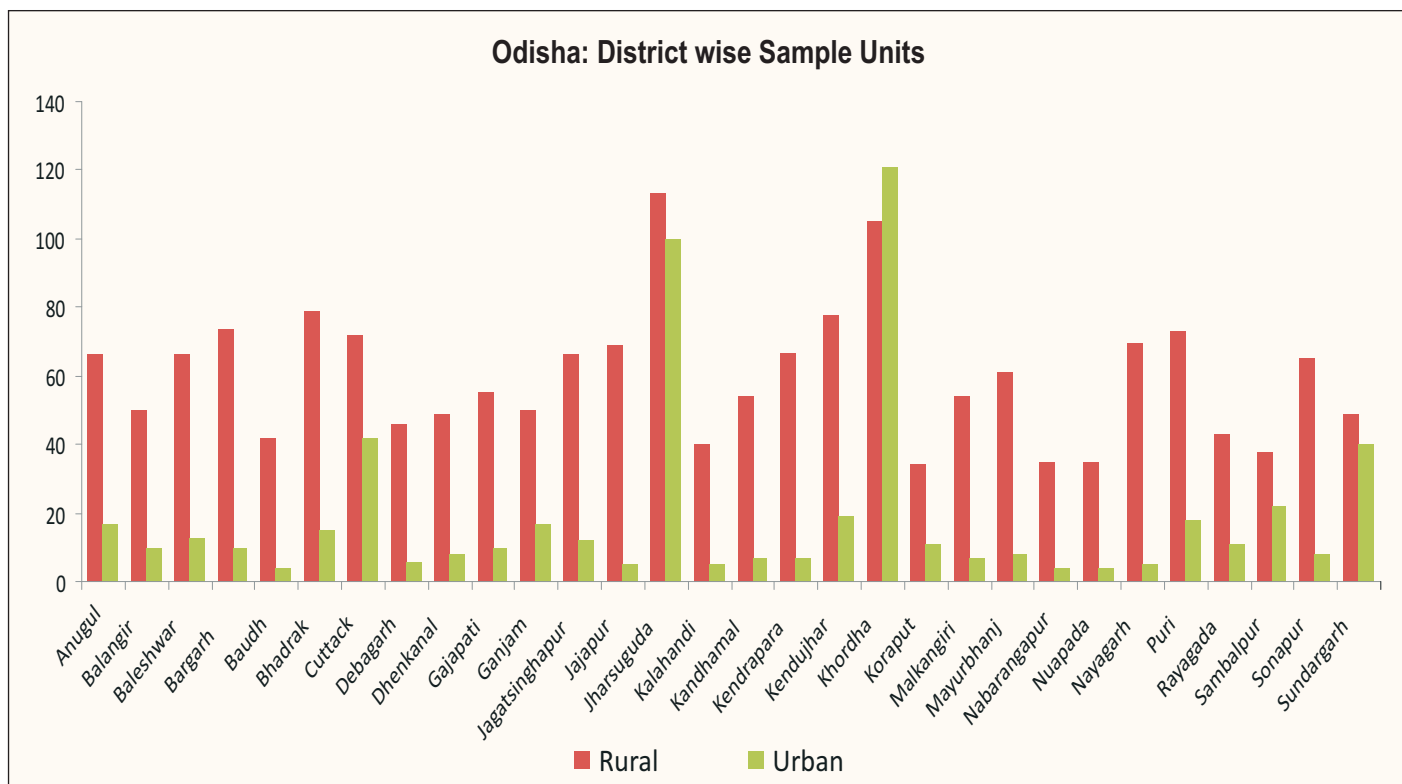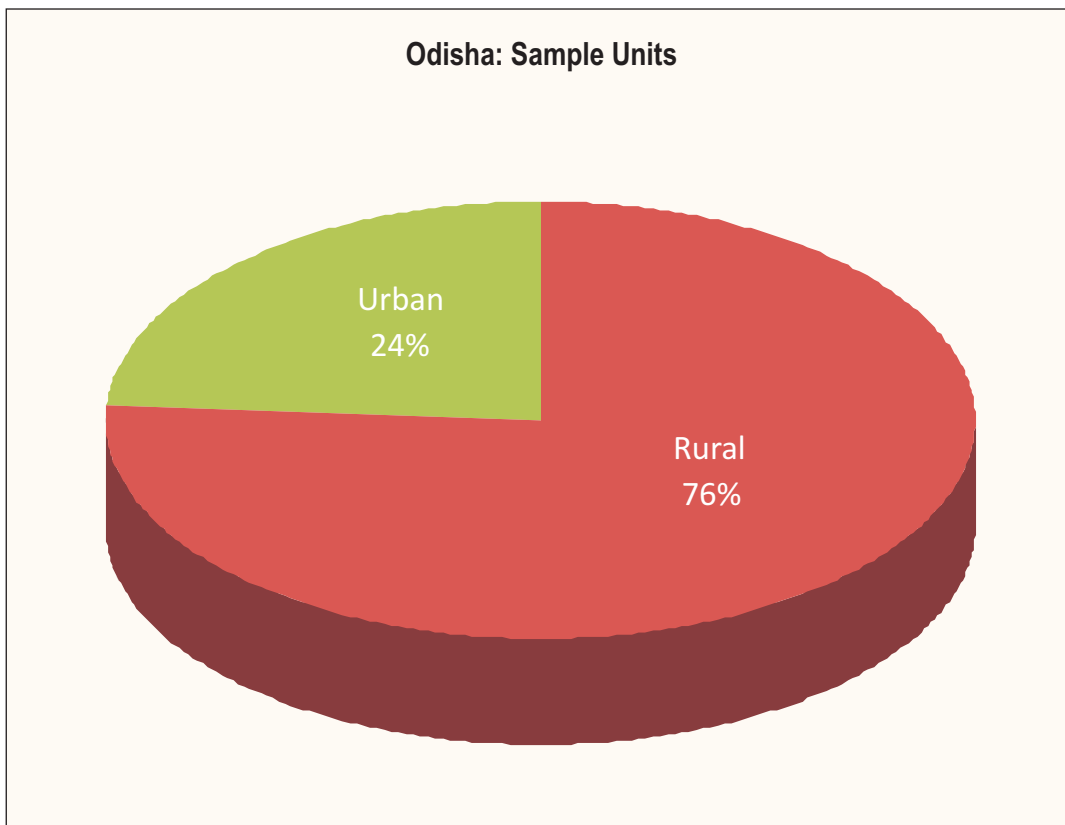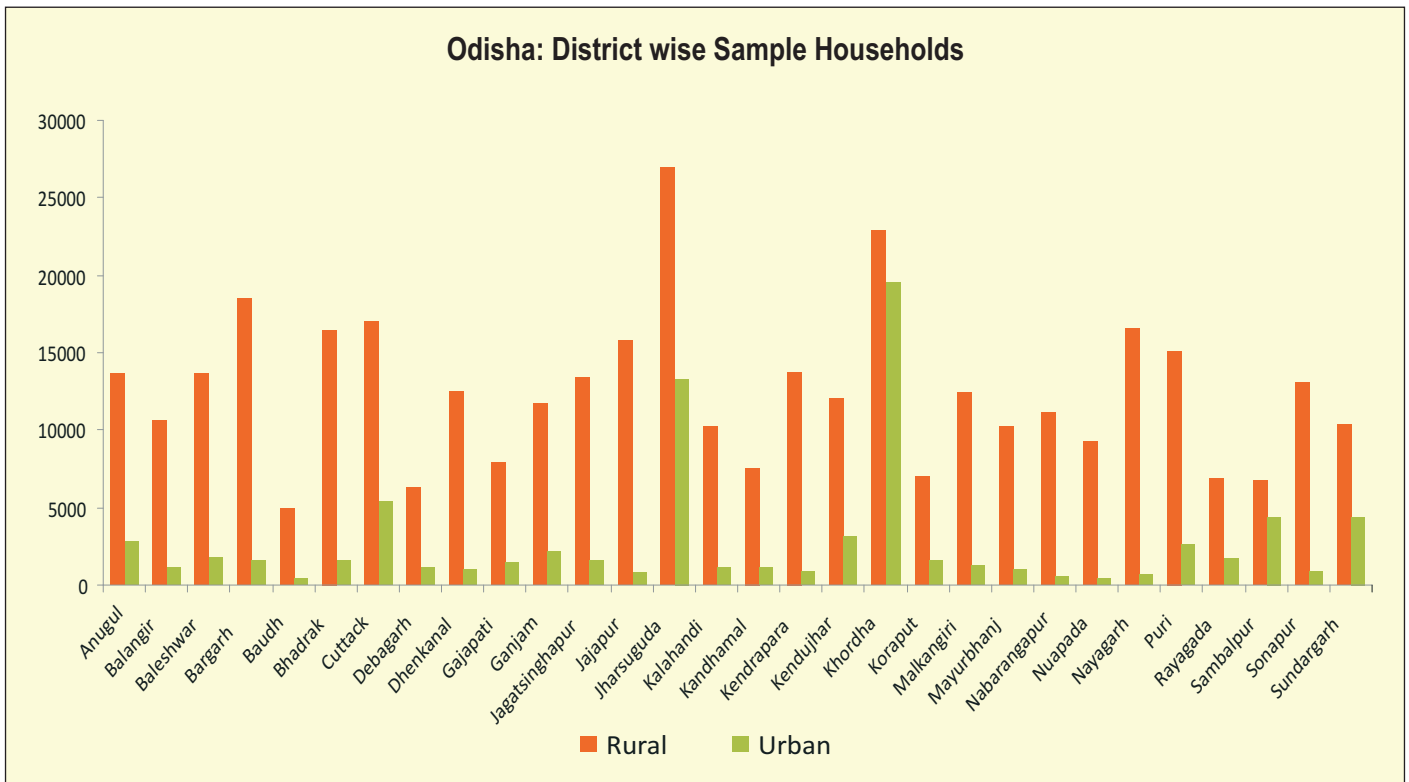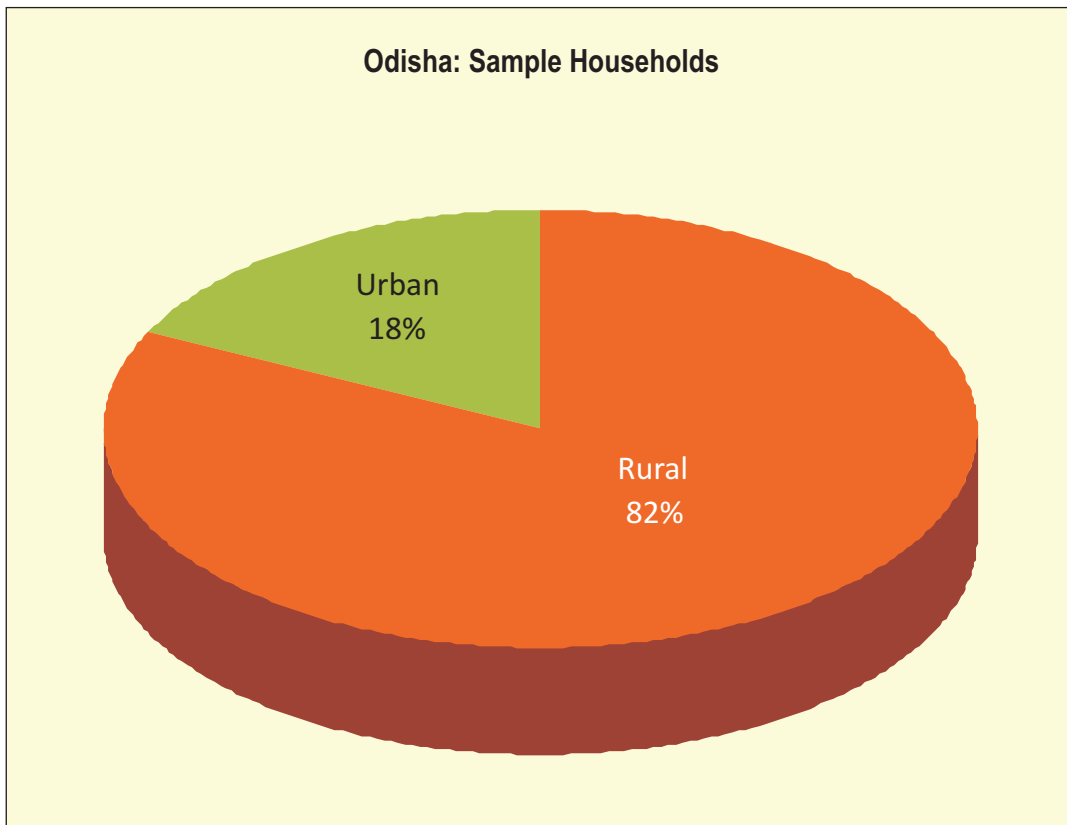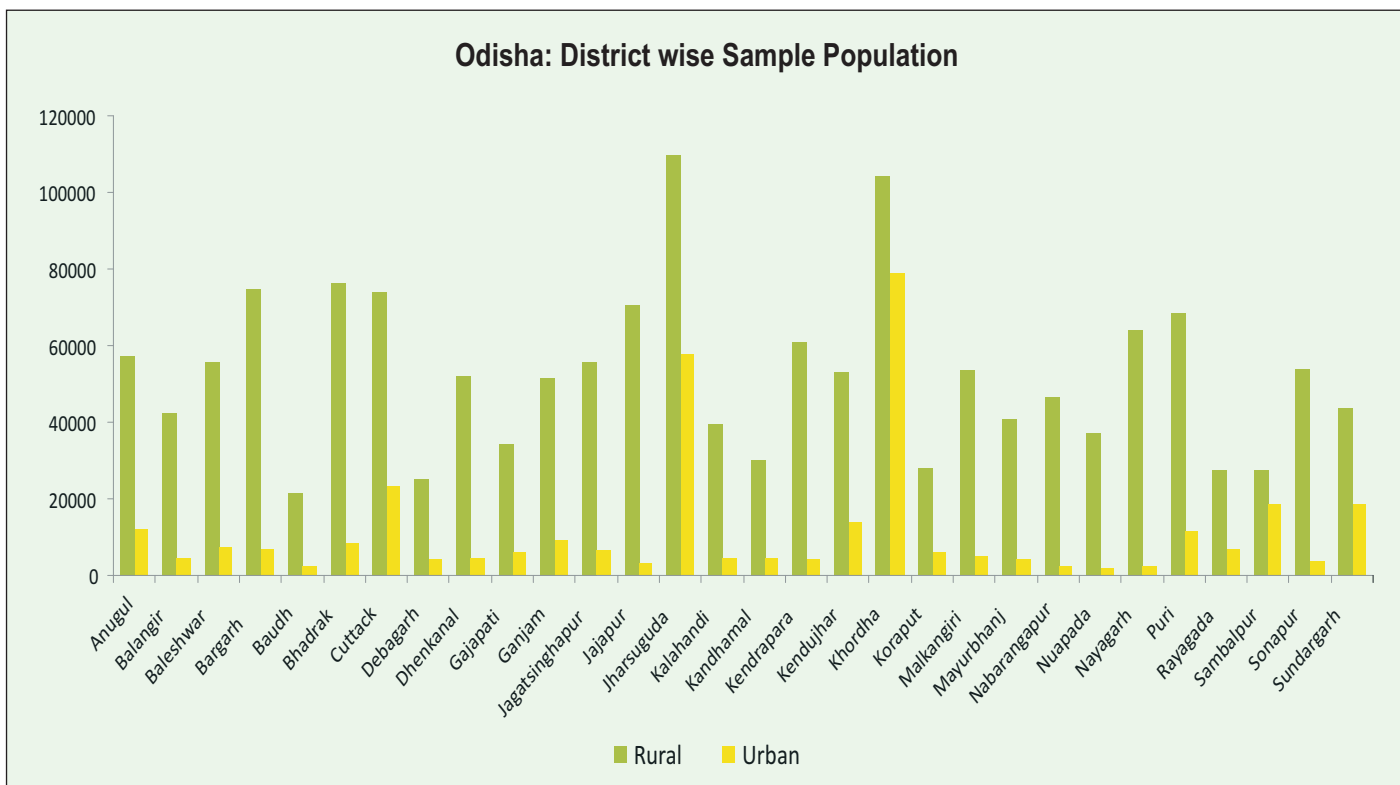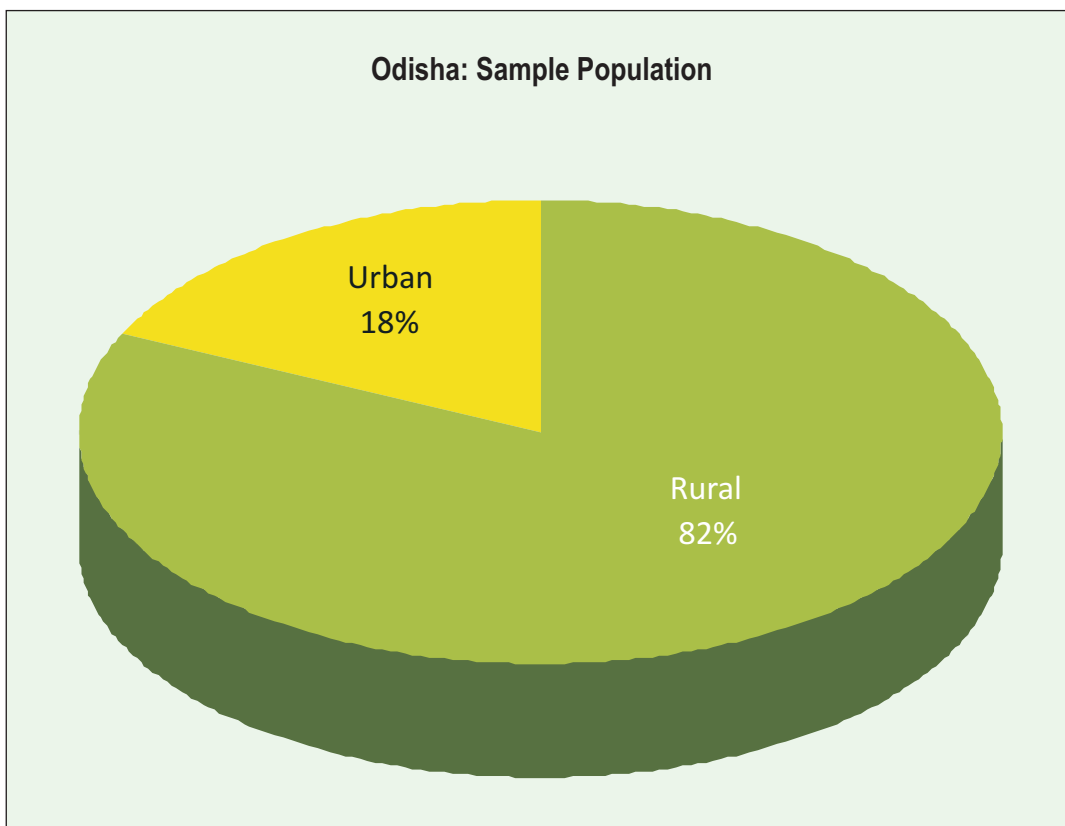
■ Rural ■ Urban

State / District	Ever Married Women (aged 15-49 years)			Currently Married Women (aged 15-49 years)			Children 12-23 months		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	390132	318208	71924	367405	299847	67558	27566	23120	4446
Anugul	15215	12483	2732	14402	11825	2577	932	773	159
Balangir	10062	9049	1013	9455	8506	949	776	714	62
Baleshwar	14640	12945	1695	13817	12209	1608	1015	921	94
Bargarh	17307	15844	1463	16062	14707	1355	1181	1087	94
Baudh	4434	4035	399	4219	3835	384	418	396	22
Bhadrak	17565	15939	1626	16761	15241	1520	1364	1228	136
Cuttack	18098	13719	4379	17278	13116	4162	1459	1126	334
Debagarh	6065	5165	900	5718	4877	841	438	384	54
Dhenkanal	12519	11576	943	11810	10910	900	878	824	54
Gajapati	7916	6648	1268	7238	6112	1126	466	410	56
Ganjam	12129	10345	1784	11235	9577	1658	781	696	85
Jagatsinghapur	11243	9983	1260	10816	9582	1234	847	757	89
Jajapur	15075	14400	675	14347	13711	636	1053	1016	37
Jharsuguda	34939	22682	12257	32306	20938	11368	2236	1443	793
Kalahandi	8607	7674	933	8275	7379	896	560	506	54
Kandhamal	6437	5523	914	5948	5111	837	427	359	67
Kendrapara	13020	12158	862	12446	11622	824	956	904	52
Kendujhar	14307	11266	3041	13300	10499	2801	999	802	197
Khordha	36643	20117	16526	35218	19322	15896	2394	1492	903
Koraput	6861	5591	1270	6306	5161	1145	637	513	124
Malkangiri	12039	10945	1094	11241	10237	1004	880	806	74
Mayurbhanj	9956	8985	971	9112	8232	880	645	605	40
Nabarangapur	9884	9376	508	9326	8869	457	929	898	31
Nuapada	7268	6876	392	6933	6564	369	500	469	31
Nayagarh	13300	12771	529	12731	12234	497	1064	1047	17
Puri	15125	12875	2250	14410	12305	2105	1019	843	176
Rayagada	6951	5432	1519	6311	4913	1398	414	332	82
Sambalpur	9975	5843	4132	9097	5308	3789	644	378	266
Sonapur	10244	9574	670	9818	9172	646	826	778	49
Sundargarh	12308	8389	3919	11469	7773	3696	829	612	217

WEALTH INDEX

State / District	Lowest (20%)			Highest (20%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Odisha	20.0	23.3	5.0	20.0	12.1	56.1
Anugul	15.6	17.5	6.4	24.3	16.5	62.1
Balangir	25.2	27.3	5.0	13.5	9.2	55.4
Baleshwar	15.9	17.6	3.2	15.4	10.4	52.7
Bargarh	18.2	19.6	1.7	13.9	10.5	52.9
Baudh	33.8	36.4	6.8	9.4	6.5	39.9
Bhadrak	15.8	16.5	7.8	12.9	10.9	33.6
Cuttack	12.9	16.5	1.1	28.9	18.2	63.0
Debagarh	36.1	40.7	9.0	9.5	5.7	31.8
Dhenkanal	16.5	17.7	2.2	15.3	13.0	43.8
Gajapati	18.1	19.9	8.9	17.2	9.5	58.0
Ganjam	11.0	12.6	1.7	27.5	18.9	75.6
Jagatsinghapur	12.0	13.1	3.8	20.8	18.6	38.3
Jajapur	12.6	13.0	2.3	15.8	14.3	45.9
Jharsuguda	12.7	16.9	4.0	25.6	14.3	48.5
Kalahandi	40.8	44.8	4.3	12.7	7.6	59.4
Kandhamal	30.6	33.6	10.9	18.6	12.5	58.8
Kendrapara	14.0	14.8	3.2	17.1	14.8	50.4
Kendujhar	24.9	27.6	14.6	16.2	9.3	42.5
Khordha	9.7	15.0	3.6	40.9	17.3	68.3
Koraput	40.2	45.2	17.4	15.7	8.1	50.5
Malkangiri	44.8	48.2	10.9	6.2	3.6	31.5
Mayurbhanj	41.1	45.0	3.4	10.1	6.3	46.9
Nabarangapur	43.4	45.0	11.9	6.2	3.6	56.2
Nuapada	35.2	36.6	4.3	6.6	4.5	52.1
Nayagarh	16.1	16.6	5.6	12.5	11.4	39.6
Puri	10.2	11.1	4.7	26.4	19.7	65.6
Rayagada	32.4	38.8	7.6	20.1	8.7	64.6
Sambalpur	13.9	19.6	5.2	26.9	13.0	48.4
Sonapur	17.9	18.9	3.2	9.9	8.3	32.3
Sundargarh	24.4	33.1	4.0	26.1	11.5	60.6

State / District	SC			ST			ALL		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	4.2	4.2	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.2
Angul	4.2	4.1	4.6	4.1	4.1	3.9	4.2	4.2	4.2
Balangir	4.0	4.0	4.5	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.3
Baleshwar	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.6	4.1	4.1	4.2
Bargarh	4.0	4.0	4.4	4.0	4.0	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.4
Baudh	4.2	4.1	4.7	4.0	4.0	4.8	4.3	4.3	4.5
Bhadrak	4.6	4.6	5.0	4.5	4.5	4.2	4.7	4.7	5.3
Cuttack	4.4	4.3	4.7	4.2	4.2	4.7	4.3	4.3	4.3
Debagarh	3.9	3.8	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.1
Dhenkanal	4.2	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.3	7.5	4.2	4.1	4.4
Gajapati	4.4	4.5	4.1	4.5	4.5	3.5	4.3	4.4	4.1
Ganjam	4.3	4.3	4.7	4.2	4.2	3.9	4.4	4.4	4.3
Jagatsinghapur	4.1	4.1	4.4	3.9	3.9	3.8	4.2	4.2	4.1
Jajapur	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.7	4.7	3.8	4.5	4.5	4.3
Jharsuguda	4.1	4.0	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.3
Kalahandi	3.9	3.9	4.3	3.9	3.9	4.0	3.9	3.9	4.2
Kandhamal	4.0	4.0	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.2
Kendrapara	4.5	4.5	5.0	4.2	4.3	3.3	4.4	4.4	4.5
Kendujhar	4.3	4.2	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.4
Khordha	4.5	4.6	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.1	4.3	4.5	4.1
Koraput	4.0	3.9	4.2	3.9	3.9	3.4	3.9	3.9	3.9
Malkangiri	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.0
Mayurbhanj	3.9	4.0	3.7	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.1
Nabarangpur	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.2	3.9	4.2	4.2	4.1
Nuapada	4.1	4.0	5.1	4.1	4.1	4.4	4.0	4.0	4.6
Nayagarh	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.8	3.8	3.7
Puri	4.4	4.4	4.2	3.8	3.8	3.8	4.5	4.5	4.4
Rayagada	4.2	4.1	4.8	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.1
Sambalpur	4.0	3.7	4.4	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.3
Sonapur	4.2	4.2	4.4	4.1	4.2	3.3	4.1	4.1	4.1
Sundargarh	4.2	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.3

HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS

State / District	Population below age 15 years (%)			Dependency Ratio			Currently Married Illiterate Women aged 15-49 years (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	28.4	29.0	25.3	62.1	64.6	50.4	32.8	36.2	14.9
Angul	28.0	28.3	26.6	58.5	60.9	48.4	21.6	23.3	13.6
Balangir	28.4	28.7	25.1	63.4	64.4	52.5	37.7	39.9	13.7
Baleshwar	29.6	30.2	25.2	65.5	67.7	52.0	22.9	24.6	10.6
Bargarh	24.8	24.8	24.8	54.3	54.5	51.9	30.0	31.4	14.9
Baudh	32.3	32.8	23.6	68.6	69.8	48.4	36.7	37.2	25.2
Bhadrak	30.6	30.7	29.2	67.4	68.4	60.9	26.4	27.0	22.0
Cuttack	25.1	25.5	24.2	58.0	61.1	50.7	13.4	15.7	6.8
Debagarh	29.3	29.4	28.3	63.2	63.9	57.1	29.5	30.6	19.2
Dhenkanal	27.4	27.8	24.1	64.5	65.7	53.9	19.3	20.1	11.6
Gajapati	31.6	32.7	23.7	64.9	67.2	49.4	58.5	63.8	20.7
Ganjam	29.1	30.2	24.2	65.4	68.7	51.2	35.7	41.0	11.0
Jagatsinghapur	24.0	23.9	25.2	57.4	59.6	42.8	12.5	12.3	13.8
Jajapur	27.2	27.4	23.7	60.3	60.9	49.3	25.1	25.7	14.4
Jharsuguda	25.9	25.4	26.7	52.9	54.8	49.6	24.5	26.6	21.1
Kalahandi	30.2	30.8	25.3	63.0	65.2	48.1	53.1	58.2	17.0
Kandhamal	29.9	30.5	24.7	63.5	65.5	46.8	50.4	54.9	12.2
Kendrapara	27.5	27.8	23.1	67.9	68.8	54.6	22.4	22.8	16.1
Kendujhar	29.5	29.8	28.1	61.3	62.9	54.4	34.3	36.3	25.9
Khordha	25.3	26.7	23.7	54.0	61.0	46.2	10.8	13.9	7.3
Koraput	33.2	34.4	27.8	68.0	71.5	53.7	68.3	76.9	28.5
Malkangiri	35.9	36.2	32.9	73.4	74.5	62.5	75.5	78.9	37.1
Mayurbhanj	30.2	30.7	25.0	65.6	66.9	51.6	47.2	49.4	21.2
Nabarangpur	34.6	35.1	24.8	71.6	73.0	47.0	73.8	76.5	17.8
Nuapada	31.5	31.8	26.8	71.8	72.6	56.0	57.6	59.4	18.0
Nayagarh	27.2	27.3	24.1	66.6	67.2	54.7	13.8	14.2	5.4
Puri	24.9	25.1	24.0	56.7	57.8	50.9	15.0	15.5	12.0
Rayagada	31.8	32.9	26.3	65.3	68.9	49.8	59.1	67.6	21.5
Sambalpur	26.4	26.8	25.8	55.1	57.5	51.4	33.2	38.6	25.1
Sonapur	27.0	27.1	24.8	61.5	61.8	56.5	28.0	28.6	18.8
Sundargarh	27.7	28.3	26.4	56.5	60.2	49.3	31.8	41.3	14.6

SEX RATIO								
State / District	**Sex Ratio at Birth**			**Sex Ratio (0-4 years)**			**Sex Ratio (All ages)**		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	905	905	905	933	936	915	994	1003	951
Anugul	834	851	751	855	851	876	974	984	929
Balangir	940	932	1056	979	987	880	973	975	953
Baleshwar	917	906	1017	941	929	1051	1048	1054	1004
Bargarh	868	859	959	901	898	939	967	968	957
Baudh	925	924	932	984	983	1014	970	971	956
Bhadrak	874	866	938	888	894	846	1070	1084	972
Cuttack	944	929	983	924	911	958	961	965	950
Debagarh	889	895	821	948	953	903	991	990	1006
Dhenkanal	856	855	870	861	859	891	1035	1041	977
Gajapati	912	906	972	983	978	1039	993	988	1026
Ganjam	872	885	806	919	925	880	1020	1028	985
Jagatsinghapur	947	970	775	929	952	764	985	1000	877
Jajapur	903	903	910	926	924	976	1018	1021	969
Jharsuguda	870	867	875	898	908	883	936	958	900
Kalahandi	904	900	951	900	906	844	957	962	923
Kandhamal	885	872	1086	986	978	1082	977	982	933
Kendrapara	899	898	918	962	961	977	1101	1104	1059
Kendujhar	937	925	998	992	987	1014	1016	1025	978
Khordha	904	901	907	925	936	910	941	968	910
Koraput	913	904	962	992	985	1035	1012	1015	998
Malkangiri	932	931	938	986	983	1020	1007	1008	998
Mayurbhanj	936	950	733	983	987	922	1025	1028	984
Nabarangapur	951	951	963	960	963	885	982	981	1002
Nayagarh	832	828	1021	845	846	819	957	958	942
Nuapada	930	926	1077	955	962	779	961	961	966
Puri	906	912	877	903	912	855	966	970	941
Rayagada	906	906	906	959	959	955	1034	1046	976
Sambalpur	877	861	904	893	929	839	975	983	962
Sonapur	917	924	802	946	957	760	939	940	917
Sundargarh	900	921	850	931	944	902	953	963	932

Odisha: Sex Ratio

Legend: ■ Sex Ratio at Birth ■ Sex Ratio (0- 4 years) ■ Sex Ratio (All ages)

Odisha: Sex Ratio

Legend: ◆ Sex Ratio at Birth ■ Sex Ratio (0- 4 years) ▲ Sex Ratio (All ages)
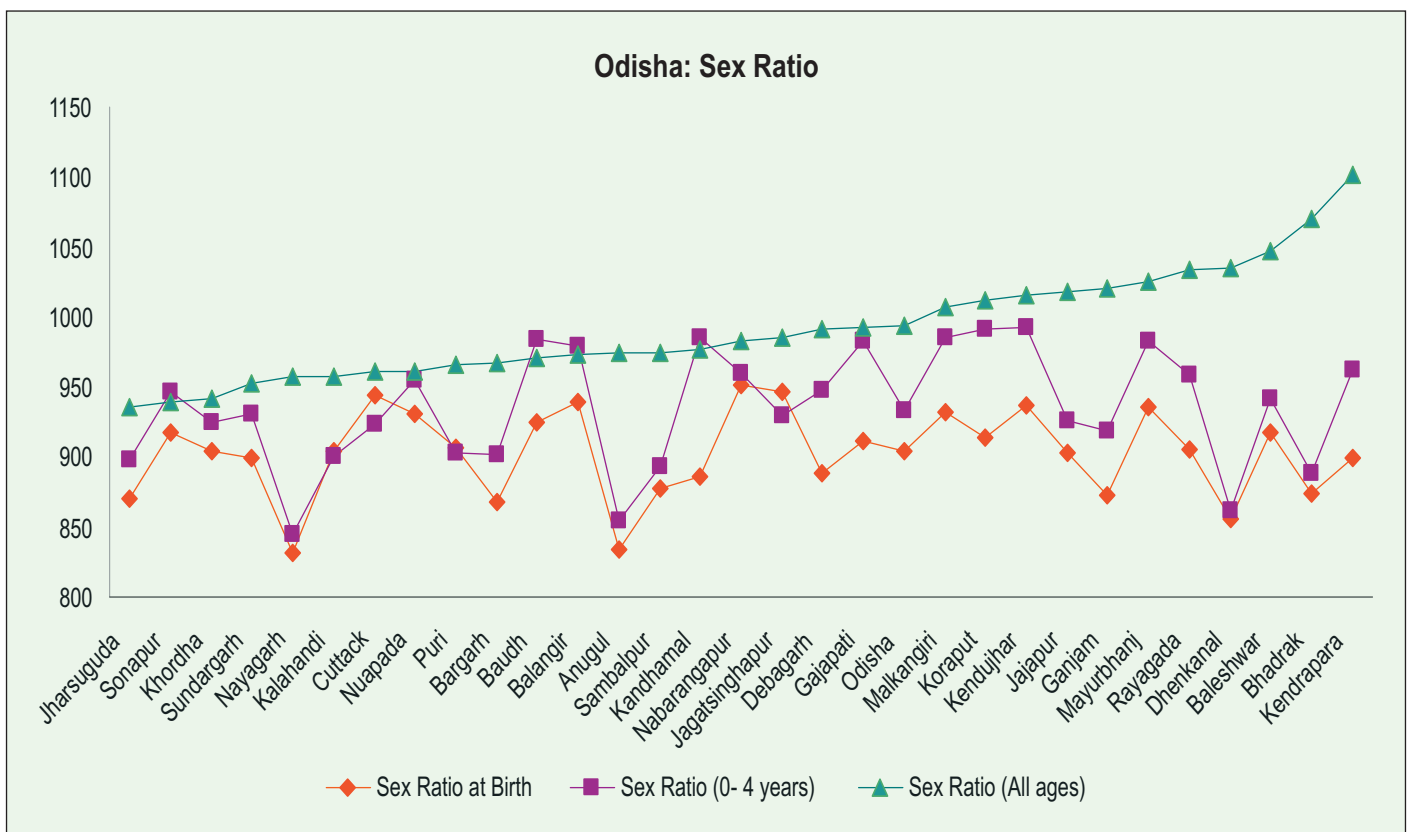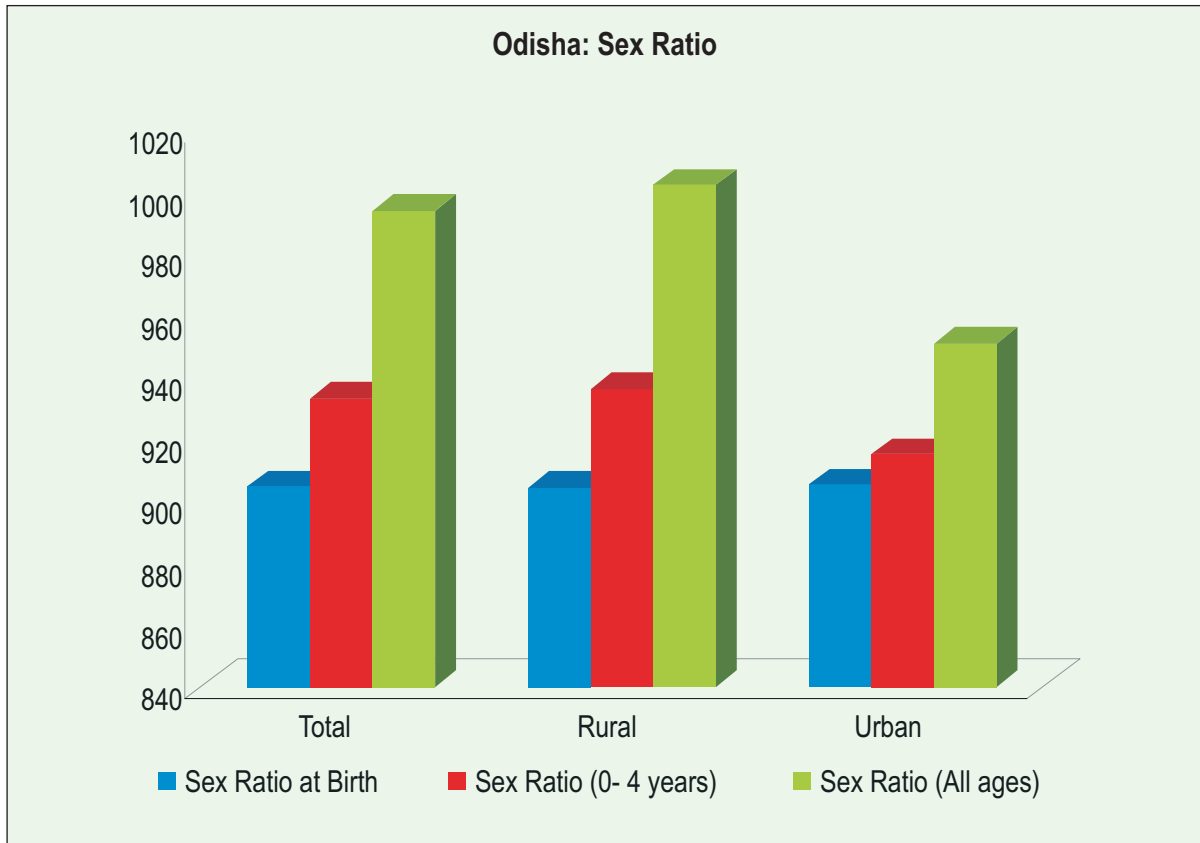
EFFECTIVE LITERACY RATE									
State / District	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	76.4	74.0	88.7	84.9	83.1	93.7	68.0	65.0	83.5
Angul	84.6	83.3	90.6	92.8	92.1	95.9	76.3	74.5	84.9
Balangir	75.2	73.9	89.4	85.3	84.5	94.7	64.8	63.0	84.0
Baleshwar	84.5	83.5	91.0	92.6	92.2	95.7	76.8	75.5	86.2
Bargarh	78.4	77.5	88.2	87.3	86.6	94.0	69.3	68.1	82.3
Baudh	76.1	75.5	87.0	85.8	85.5	92.0	66.2	65.3	81.7
Bhadrak	82.2	82.1	83.2	89.7	90.0	88.0	75.4	75.0	78.4
Cuttack	87.0	85.0	92.3	92.8	91.5	96.2	81.0	78.3	88.2
Debagarh	78.7	78.0	85.7	87.4	86.9	91.3	70.2	69.1	80.2
Dhenkanal	84.0	83.4	90.5	91.8	91.4	95.7	76.7	75.9	85.1
Gajapati	54.5	50.6	82.0	65.3	61.9	89.3	43.8	39.2	74.9
Ganjam	75.0	71.9	89.4	84.6	82.4	94.7	65.7	61.8	84.1
Jagatsinghapur	87.5	86.9	91.7	93.4	93.0	96.2	81.5	80.9	86.6
Jajapur	81.9	81.6	89.3	88.9	88.7	93.7	75.2	74.7	84.7
Jharsuguda	82.6	80.5	86.0	90.2	88.9	92.4	74.4	71.9	79.0
Kalahandi	64.4	61.1	89.3	77.4	75.0	94.9	51.0	46.7	83.2
Kandhamal	64.8	62.0	89.5	79.6	77.9	94.1	49.6	45.9	84.5
Kendrapara	83.2	82.9	87.6	90.3	90.1	93.0	76.9	76.6	82.4
Kendujhar	75.8	74.2	82.6	85.2	84.1	89.9	66.5	64.6	75.1
Khordha	89.8	86.4	94.0	94.4	92.5	96.7	84.9	80.2	90.9
Koraput	52.9	47.0	78.4	63.4	57.9	87.0	42.6	36.3	70.0
Malkangiri	48.5	45.9	76.5	57.3	55.0	82.7	39.8	37.1	70.3
Mayurbhanj	65.3	63.8	83.0	75.3	74.1	89.0	55.7	53.9	77.1
Nabarangpur	49.9	48.0	86.0	59.4	57.7	92.0	40.3	38.1	80.0
Nuapada	62.3	61.4	83.3	73.7	73.0	88.4	50.5	49.3	78.1
Nayagarh	85.4	85.1	93.5	93.1	92.9	97.4	77.6	77.1	89.5
Puri	86.8	86.5	88.4	93.2	93.5	91.3	80.4	79.5	85.3
Rayagada	57.3	51.6	84.0	68.0	62.8	91.6	47.1	41.1	76.4
Sambalpur	78.7	75.2	84.1	86.7	84.5	90.1	70.7	66.0	78.0
Sonapur	79.3	79.0	83.6	87.7	87.5	90.7	70.3	69.9	75.9
Sundargarh	77.5	71.6	89.6	85.4	81.0	94.4	69.2	62.0	84.4

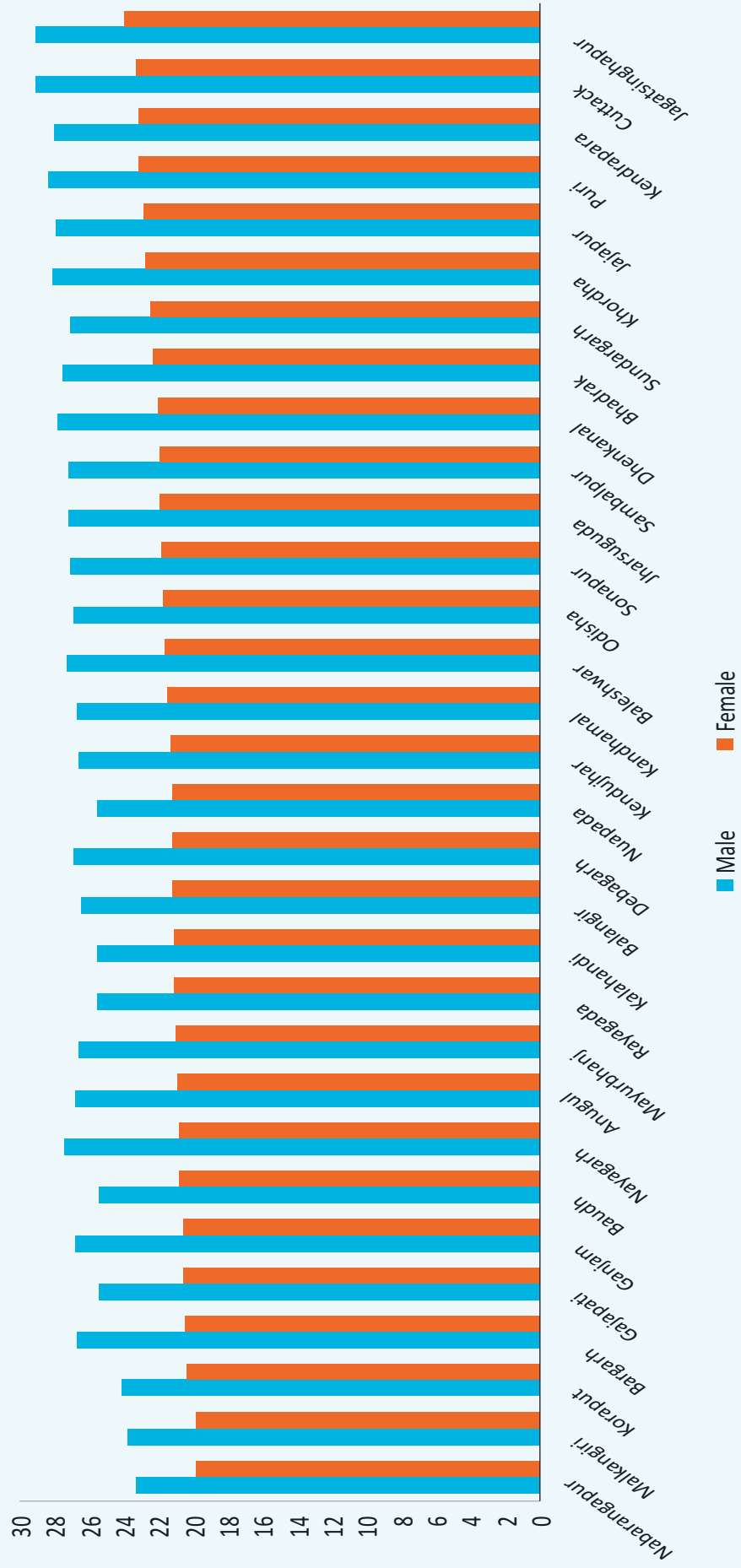| MARRIAGE									
State / District	Marriages among Females below legal age (18 years) (%) #			Marriages among Males below legal age (21 years) (%) #			Currently Married Women aged 20-24 years married before legal age (18 years) (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	5.9	6.5	3.2	5.2	5.8	2.4	30.9	31.6	27.3
Anugul	8.2	8.7	6.0	5.0	5.4	2.9	32.8	33.5	29.4
Balangir	2.7	3.0	0.0	3.7	4.1	0.0	19.5	19.3	22.9
Baleshwar	3.3	3.2	3.5	2.3	2.4	1.9	26.0	25.4	31.5
Bargarh	8.6	9.1	5.1	3.6	3.8	1.9	27.7	28.2	23.0
Baudh	8.6	8.4	-	6.4	6.5	-	37.6	37.9	-
Bhadrak	3.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	1.8	1.2	17.5	15.9	26.9
Cuttack	1.6	2.0	0.8	1.2	0.9	1.6	17.9	17.1	19.9
Debagarh	4.7	4.9	2.8	2.7	2.6	4.2	26.1	26.1	26.4
Dhenkanal	3.7	4.1	0.0	2.9	3.2	0.0	18.8	19.7	6.9
Gajapati	11.4	12.5	4.7	9.1	10.0	3.1	46.0	47.1	33.0
Ganjam	8.8	9.8	3.8	2.7	3.1	1.1	39.3	41.7	19.5
Jagatsinghapur	0.5	0.5	0.9	0.9	0.8	1.4	16.7	15.9	21.1
Jajapur	3.0	2.9	-	1.6	1.6	-	18.5	18.0	-
Jharsuguda	2.4	1.8	3.4	2.3	1.9	2.9	18.3	13.9	25.3
Kalahandi	5.1	5.2	-	10.2	10.7	-	34.2	35.1	-
Kandhamal	4.6	4.6	4.8	6.7	7.1	2.0	37.7	37.6	40.0
Kendrapara	0.9	1.0	0.0	0.9	0.9	0.0	13.8	13.8	12.5
Kendujhar	8.4	8.6	7.7	6.2	6.8	4.3	30.2	30.6	28.8
Khordha	2.7	4.0	1.5	2.2	2.8	1.6	25.0	23.0	27.5
Koraput	16.7	19.0	5.8	22.0	25.4	6.6	53.8	56.0	39.6
Malkangiri	14.5	14.8	10.5	17.4	18.2	5.8	51.5	51.5	50.0
Mayurbhanj	7.4	8.0	0.0	4.8	4.9	3.7	40.7	40.9	37.9
Nabarangapur	24.7	25.3	-	22.4	23.0	-	53.2	53.4	-
Nuapada	6.2	6.3	-	9.4	9.6	-	35.4	35.8	-
Nayagarh	8.0	8.0	-	3.1	2.8	-	31.3	31.5	-
Puri	1.5	1.1	3.5	1.4	1.3	1.9	20.5	18.5	28.8
Rayagada	10.6	10.6	10.7	8.9	10.1	3.2	38.0	38.4	35.9
Sambalpur	3.1	1.8	4.9	2.7	2.2	3.4	20.3	16.2	26.2
Sonapur	4.0	4.4	0.0	3.2	3.3	1.1	35.7	36.4	22.4
Sundargarh	2.8	3.2	2.1	3.5	4.0	2.5	23.2	21.1	28.4

Based on marriages taken place during 2007-2009.

MARRIAGE

State / District	Currently Married Men aged 25-29 years married before legal age (21 years) (%)			Mean age at Marriage#					
				Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	18.2	18.7	15.2	26.9	26.5	28.6	21.7	21.5	22.9
Anugul	19.8	20.6	16.0	26.8	26.5	28.0	20.9	20.8	21.9
Balangir	13.9	13.7	16.2	26.4	26.2	29.2	21.2	21.0	23.1
Baleshwar	13.2	13.5	10.3	27.3	27.1	28.7	21.6	21.4	22.8
Bargarh	12.1	12.6	5.8	26.7	26.5	28.3	20.5	20.4	21.9
Baudh	23.0	23.1	-	25.5	25.3	-	20.8	20.7	-
Bhadrak	10.0	9.5	12.7	27.5	27.5	27.8	22.4	22.4	22.6
Cuttack	11.7	11.1	13.5	29.0	28.8	29.4	23.3	23.0	23.9
Debagarh	11.5	11.2	13.8	26.9	26.8	28.0	21.2	21.1	22.0
Dhenkanal	14.8	15.4	4.8	27.9	27.6	29.8	22.1	21.9	23.6
Gajapati	22.8	23.9	11.9	25.4	25.0	28.2	20.6	20.3	22.4
Ganjam	12.7	13.0	9.9	26.8	26.4	29.1	20.6	20.4	22.1
Jagatsinghapur	7.2	7.4	5.9	29.0	29.2	28.3	24.0	24.0	23.3
Jajapur	11.2	10.9	-	28.0	27.9	-	22.8	22.8	-
Jharsuguda	11.8	9.4	16.1	27.2	26.9	27.6	21.9	21.7	22.2
Kalahandi	24.7	25.7	-	25.5	25.3	-	21.2	21.1	-
Kandhamal	19.6	19.4	22.2	26.7	26.4	29.4	21.5	21.5	22.3
Kendrapara	5.4	5.4	6.9	28.1	27.9	30.1	23.2	23.1	24.6
Kendujhar	19.0	18.8	20.0	26.6	26.3	27.7	21.3	21.2	21.6
Khordha	13.2	12.8	13.7	28.2	27.4	28.9	22.8	22.0	23.6
Koraput	46.8	48.0	38.4	24.1	23.4	27.6	20.4	20.0	22.2
Malkangiri	36.9	37.5	27.5	23.8	23.7	26.4	19.9	19.8	21.5
Mayurbhanj	20.3	20.8	11.1	26.6	26.4	29.9	21.0	20.8	22.9
Nabarangapur	33.8	34.1	-	23.3	23.2	-	19.8	19.8	-
Nuapada	21.7	21.9	-	25.6	25.4	-	21.2	21.2	-
Nayagarh	10.1	10.0	-	27.4	27.3	-	20.8	20.8	-
Puri	10.7	10.1	14.2	28.3	28.1	29.2	23.2	23.1	23.5
Rayagada	17.5	17.7	16.1	25.5	25.2	27.0	21.1	20.9	21.9
Sambalpur	12.0	11.9	12.2	27.2	26.8	27.7	21.9	21.7	22.2
Sonapur	17.2	17.5	11.1	27.1	26.9	29.4	21.8	21.7	23.6
Sundargarh	18.2	18.2	18.2	27.1	26.5	28.3	22.5	22.2	23.0

Based on marriages taken place during 2007-2009.

Odisha: Mean age at Marriage (based on marriages taken place during 2007-2009)

Legend: ■ Female ■ Male

Districts (top to bottom): Jagatsinghapur, Cuttack, Kendrapara, Puri, Jajapur, Khordha, Sundargarh, Bhadrak, Dhenkanal, Sambalpur, Jharsuguda, Sonapur, Odisha, Baleshwar, Kandhamal, Kendujhar, Nuapada, Debagarh, Balangir, Kalahandi, Rayagada, Mayurbhanj, Anugul, Nayagarh, Baudh, Ganjam, Gajapati, Bargarh, Koraput, Malkangiri, Nabarangapur

X-axis: 0 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30

SCHOOLING STATUS

State / District	Children currently attending school (Age 6-17 years) (%)								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	83.1	82.1	88.7	84.5	83.7	88.5	81.7	80.5	88.8
Anugul	83.8	83.0	87.6	85.3	84.8	88.1	82.2	81.3	87.0
Balangir	79.3	78.6	87.9	81.2	80.9	85.3	77.3	76.3	90.7
Baleshwar	89.5	89.1	92.2	90.4	90.1	92.3	88.5	88.1	92.1
Bargarh	73.4	72.4	84.4	73.7	72.8	83.3	73.1	72.1	85.6
Baudh	84.4	84.1	-	84.9	84.7	-	83.8	83.6	-
Bhadrak	85.4	86.5	78.1	87.4	88.8	77.8	83.4	84.1	78.4
Cuttack	88.0	87.1	90.8	88.8	88.3	90.2	87.2	85.7	91.5
Debagarh	80.3	79.8	84.6	82.2	82.0	84.7	78.2	77.6	84.5
Dhenkanal	82.0	81.5	87.8	84.5	84.2	87.3	79.5	78.7	88.4
Gajapati	83.6	83.1	88.4	85.7	85.3	89.4	81.3	80.7	87.3
Ganjam	83.3	82.4	88.5	84.9	84.4	87.6	81.8	80.5	89.4
Jagatsinghapur	91.3	90.6	95.8	91.9	91.3	95.8	90.6	89.9	95.7
Jajapur	87.4	87.3	-	88.4	88.3	-	86.4	86.3	-
Jharsuguda	81.2	78.1	86.4	82.1	79.4	86.5	80.2	76.8	86.3
Kalahandi	81.2	79.8	-	84.7	83.6	-	77.7	75.9	-
Kandhamal	89.4	89.0	94.2	89.9	89.5	94.1	89.0	88.5	94.2
Kendrapara	88.5	88.4	90.2	89.9	89.9	89.6	87.1	86.9	90.9
Kendujhar	79.0	78.7	80.8	79.6	79.3	80.8	78.5	78.0	80.8
Khordha	89.4	86.7	93.2	90.2	87.7	93.6	88.5	85.6	92.8
Koraput	72.7	70.4	84.1	75.7	74.1	83.5	69.6	66.8	84.7
Malkangiri	75.5	73.8	95.7	78.3	76.7	95.6	72.8	70.8	95.9
Mayurbhanj	82.5	82.3	85.0	83.8	83.6	85.8	81.2	81.0	84.2
Nabarangapur	67.4	66.5	-	68.8	68.0	-	65.8	65.0	-
Nuapada	82.5	82.3	-	85.0	84.9	-	79.8	79.5	-
Nayagarh	84.2	84.0	-	85.7	85.6	-	82.6	82.3	-
Puri	90.6	90.6	90.5	91.3	91.5	90.4	89.8	89.6	90.5
Rayagada	76.7	74.0	91.9	79.7	77.4	92.9	73.6	70.5	90.8
Sambalpur	75.5	73.1	79.4	75.3	73.4	78.2	75.7	72.7	80.7
Sonapur	86.4	86.2	89.7	86.4	86.4	87.6	86.4	86.1	91.8
Sundargarh	85.9	83.4	91.2	86.4	84.1	91.6	85.3	82.8	90.8

SCHOOLING STATUS

State / District	Children attended before / Drop out (Age 6-17 years) (%)								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	14.1	14.9	10.0	13.4	13.9	10.3	15.0	15.8	9.8
Anugul	15.4	16.2	11.3	14.0	14.6	11.0	16.9	17.8	11.6
Balangir	19.4	20.0	11.9	17.9	18.2	14.5	20.9	21.9	9.1
Baleshwar	9.3	9.7	6.3	8.7	9.0	6.5	9.8	10.3	6.0
Bargarh	25.7	26.6	14.9	25.6	26.5	16.1	25.7	26.8	13.5
Baudh	14.7	15.0	-	14.3	14.5	-	15.2	15.5	-
Bhadrak	13.0	12.3	18.1	11.4	10.4	18.4	14.6	14.2	17.8
Cuttack	11.4	12.3	8.7	10.7	11.0	9.6	12.1	13.6	7.8
Debagarh	18.1	18.5	13.9	16.6	16.9	13.6	19.6	20.2	14.1
Dhenkanal	17.2	17.6	12.2	14.9	15.1	12.7	19.5	20.2	11.6
Gajapati	11.6	12.0	8.0	10.3	10.8	6.4	12.9	13.3	9.8
Ganjam	15.0	15.7	10.7	13.8	14.2	11.3	16.2	17.2	10.0
Jagatsinghapur	8.3	8.9	3.9	7.6	8.1	3.9	9.0	9.7	3.9
Jajapur	10.5	10.6	-	10.2	10.2	-	10.9	11.0	-
Jharsuguda	18.0	21.1	12.7	17.2	20.0	12.6	18.9	22.3	12.8
Kalahandi	14.7	15.7	-	12.6	13.4	-	16.8	18.0	-
Kandhamal	9.0	9.4	5.4	8.5	8.8	5.3	9.6	10.0	5.4
Kendrapara	11.3	11.4	9.8	9.9	9.9	10.4	12.6	12.8	9.1
Kendujhar	15.9	16.2	14.3	16.2	16.4	15.1	15.6	16.1	13.5
Khordha	10.0	12.6	6.2	9.3	11.7	6.0	10.7	13.6	6.4
Koraput	16.6	17.4	12.2	16.0	16.7	12.5	17.2	18.2	11.9
Malkangiri	13.0	13.8	3.7	12.6	13.3	4.0	13.5	14.4	3.5
Mayurbhanj	12.5	12.5	12.7	12.4	12.4	12.6	12.6	12.6	12.7
Nabarangapur	21.6	22.1	-	21.6	22.1	-	21.7	22.1	-
Nuapada	14.6	14.7	-	12.9	12.9	-	16.4	16.5	-
Nayagarh	15.3	15.5	-	13.9	14.0	-	16.8	17.0	-
Puri	8.9	9.0	8.3	8.2	8.2	8.5	9.6	9.9	8.0
Rayagada	15.1	16.5	6.8	13.3	14.6	6.1	16.9	18.5	7.6
Sambalpur	23.5	26.0	19.4	23.7	25.6	20.7	23.3	26.5	18.1
Sonapur	13.0	13.2	10.0	13.0	13.1	12.1	12.9	13.2	7.7
Sundargarh	12.0	14.0	7.7	12.1	14.3	7.2	11.9	13.6	8.2

WORK STATUS

State / District	Children aged 5-14 years engaged in work (%)								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	4.1	4.3	2.9	4.5	4.7	3.3	3.8	4.0	2.4
Anugul	2.6	2.5	2.7	3.3	3.1	3.9	1.8	1.9	1.3
Balangir	5.3	5.5	2.3	5.9	6.2	3.4	4.5	4.8	1.3
Baleshwar	1.9	1.9	1.6	2.4	2.4	1.8	1.4	1.4	1.3
Bargarh	6.0	6.3	3.0	6.4	6.7	3.6	5.5	5.8	2.4
Baudh	3.8	3.9	-	4.1	4.2	-	3.5	3.5	-
Bhadrak	2.0	1.9	2.3	2.4	2.3	3.6	1.5	1.6	0.8
Cuttack	2.8	2.7	3.1	3.2	3.0	3.6	2.4	2.3	2.6
Debagarh	6.5	6.5	6.7	6.2	6.2	6.2	7.0	6.9	7.2
Dhenkanal	2.4	2.4	1.9	3.1	3.2	2.8	1.6	1.7	0.9
Gajapati	7.3	7.5	4.9	6.9	7.2	4.2	7.6	7.8	5.7
Ganjam	4.0	4.2	2.8	4.6	4.7	4.0	3.4	3.7	1.5
Jagatsinghapur	1.9	2.0	0.9	2.0	2.1	1.3	1.7	1.9	0.5
Jajapur	1.5	1.5	-	1.9	1.9	-	1.0	1.1	-
Jharsuguda	3.1	3.8	1.9	3.4	4.1	2.2	2.8	3.4	1.7
Kalahandi	6.1	6.6	-	5.9	6.4	-	6.4	6.9	-
Kandhamal	2.9	2.9	2.2	2.7	2.7	2.5	3.0	3.1	1.8
Kendrapara	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.9	0.9	1.2	0.2	0.2	0.0
Kendujhar	7.7	8.2	5.4	7.6	8.2	4.5	7.9	8.3	6.2
Khordha	2.7	2.6	2.9	3.1	3.1	3.1	2.2	1.9	2.7
Koraput	9.6	10.4	5.2	10.0	10.6	6.8	9.3	10.3	3.5
Malkangiri	6.0	6.4	1.8	6.8	7.2	2.0	5.2	5.5	1.6
Mayurbhanj	3.8	3.7	4.4	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.5	3.5	4.8
Nabarangapur	10.7	11.0	-	11.3	11.6	-	10.0	10.3	-
Nuapada	3.8	3.8	-	4.2	4.3	-	3.3	3.3	-
Nayagarh	1.8	1.8	-	2.3	2.4	-	1.2	1.2	-
Puri	1.5	1.3	2.4	1.7	1.5	3.1	1.2	1.1	1.7
Rayagada	8.1	9.0	2.5	7.7	8.5	3.1	8.4	9.5	1.9
Sambalpur	4.6	5.1	3.8	5.2	5.1	5.3	4.0	5.1	2.2
Sonapur	3.5	3.6	2.3	4.1	4.2	2.7	2.9	3.0	1.8
Sundargarh	3.5	3.9	2.4	3.4	4.2	1.6	3.5	3.7	3.2

WORK STATUS

State / District	Work Participation Rate (15 years and above)								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	50.3	51.1	46.0	76.3	76.9	73.7	24.6	26.0	17.2
Anugul	51.4	52.2	47.5	76.6	76.3	78.3	25.9	28.2	15.0
Balangir	53.9	54.6	46.3	78.6	79.1	73.1	28.8	29.9	18.4
Baleshwar	42.3	42.1	43.4	76.6	76.8	75.7	10.6	10.6	10.8
Bargarh	65.7	67.1	51.0	84.1	84.9	75.6	46.8	48.8	25.7
Baudh	54.5	55.0	-	79.3	79.7	-	28.9	29.4	-
Bhadrak	39.5	39.5	39.3	73.7	73.9	72.1	9.6	10.0	6.4
Cuttack	40.9	40.3	42.4	71.9	71.7	72.4	9.0	8.3	10.7
Debagarh	64.2	64.8	58.7	82.3	82.7	78.6	46.4	47.3	39.1
Dhenkanal	41.6	41.4	42.8	75.0	74.9	75.5	10.8	10.8	9.9
Gajapati	59.1	60.7	48.6	76.9	77.8	71.2	41.6	43.9	27.0
Ganjam	52.3	54.0	45.0	76.1	77.0	72.3	29.5	32.1	18.1
Jagatsinghapur	42.3	42.4	40.9	70.2	70.4	69.0	14.2	14.9	8.2
Jajapur	38.2	38.2	-	70.1	70.1	-	7.7	7.8	-
Jharsuguda	57.9	61.9	50.8	80.7	82.7	77.3	33.6	40.4	21.5
Kalahandi	59.5	61.7	-	79.5	80.7	-	38.6	42.1	-
Kandhamal	57.8	58.5	52.0	74.8	75.7	66.8	40.5	41.0	36.2
Kendrapara	34.4	34.3	35.5	65.8	66.1	62.0	7.0	6.8	10.2
Kendujhar	59.1	60.8	51.6	81.2	81.8	78.6	37.5	40.6	23.6
Khordha	43.0	41.2	45.1	72.5	72.6	72.4	11.9	9.0	15.3
Koraput	60.8	63.5	49.7	79.4	81.0	73.3	42.7	46.6	26.6
Malkangiri	57.0	58.2	44.8	83.7	84.2	77.7	31.3	33.0	12.1
Mayurbhanj	61.1	62.0	50.4	80.8	81.3	75.4	42.4	43.9	25.9
Nabarangapur	59.1	60.0	-	84.0	84.7	-	33.9	34.9	-
Nuapada	50.2	50.3	-	78.4	78.5	-	21.3	21.4	-
Nayagarh	39.4	39.5	-	73.0	73.1	-	5.2	5.1	-
Puri	38.3	37.7	41.8	70.1	69.9	70.9	6.2	5.3	11.2
Rayagada	63.6	67.9	44.3	81.3	83.6	71.6	47.2	53.7	16.8
Sambalpur	61.3	67.2	52.1	80.8	82.9	77.5	41.8	51.7	26.2
Sonapur	51.9	52.3	45.6	75.4	75.5	72.8	26.5	27.1	16.0
Sundargarh	55.4	58.2	49.8	77.5	78.5	75.8	32.5	37.6	21.8

DISABILITY

State / District	Prevalence of any type of Disability (Per 100,000 Population)								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	1990	2105	1399	2098	2233	1426	1880	1977	1371
Anugul	2276	2404	1665	2403	2523	1848	2145	2283	1466
Balangir	2567	2640	1767	2673	2767	1666	2457	2510	1873
Baleshwar	2527	2636	1782	2662	2880	1215	2398	2404	2350
Bargarh	2369	2439	1619	2418	2509	1446	2318	2366	1799
Baudh	1129	1181	-	1203	1257	-	1052	1103	-
Bhadrak	2272	2343	1776	2253	2357	1561	2290	2329	1997
Cuttack	1570	1836	866	1780	2039	1101	1352	1627	619
Debagarh	2581	2608	2340	2674	2730	2152	2489	2485	2526
Dhenkanal	2563	2640	1797	2752	2809	2208	2379	2477	1372
Gajapati	2246	2104	3280	2154	2032	3060	2338	2176	3494
Ganjam	2415	2586	1591	2549	2777	1480	2283	2400	1705
Jagatsinghapur	1195	1208	1102	1312	1361	962	1077	1055	1261
Jajapur	2662	2701	-	2746	2783	-	2580	2622	-
Jharsuguda	1899	2165	1447	1828	2139	1313	1976	2192	1597
Kalahandi	3153	3211	-	3204	3293	-	3100	3127	-
Kandhamal	2255	2292	1905	2445	2497	1966	2060	2083	1840
Kendrapara	2153	2171	1881	2551	2593	1929	1792	1789	1835
Kendujhar	2143	2137	2173	2218	2222	2198	2070	2053	2148
Khordha	914	1318	418	1034	1492	490	786	1139	340
Koraput	1092	1073	1181	1167	1178	1118	1019	969	1245
Malkangiri	1144	1202	484	1230	1280	658	1059	1125	311
Mayurbhanj	2145	2136	2262	2129	2123	2198	2161	2148	2327
Nabarangapur	1201	1215	-	1221	1254	-	1181	1175	-
Nuapada	1295	1294	-	1379	1354	-	1207	1232	-
Nayagarh	1174	1200	-	1439	1476	-	897	912	-
Puri	1409	1505	871	1614	1747	879	1199	1257	862
Rayagada	1575	1652	1197	1555	1610	1292	1594	1691	1100
Sambalpur	2419	2680	2011	2575	2836	2170	2261	2522	1845
Sonapur	1412	1436	1024	1585	1642	655	1228	1216	1427
Sundargarh	2159	2374	1715	2288	2431	1997	2024	2315	1414

Odisha: Prevalence of any type of Disability (Per 100,000 Population)

Odisha: Prevalence of any type of Disability (Per 100,000 Population)
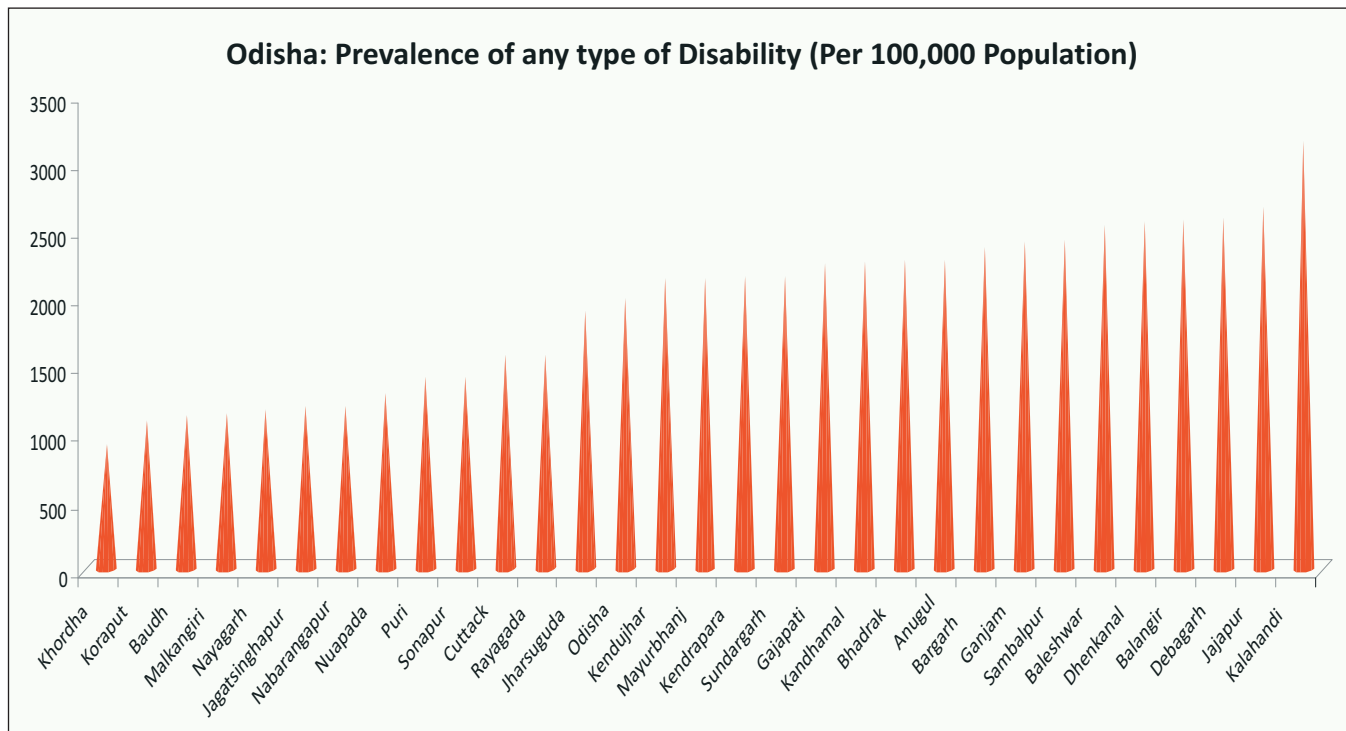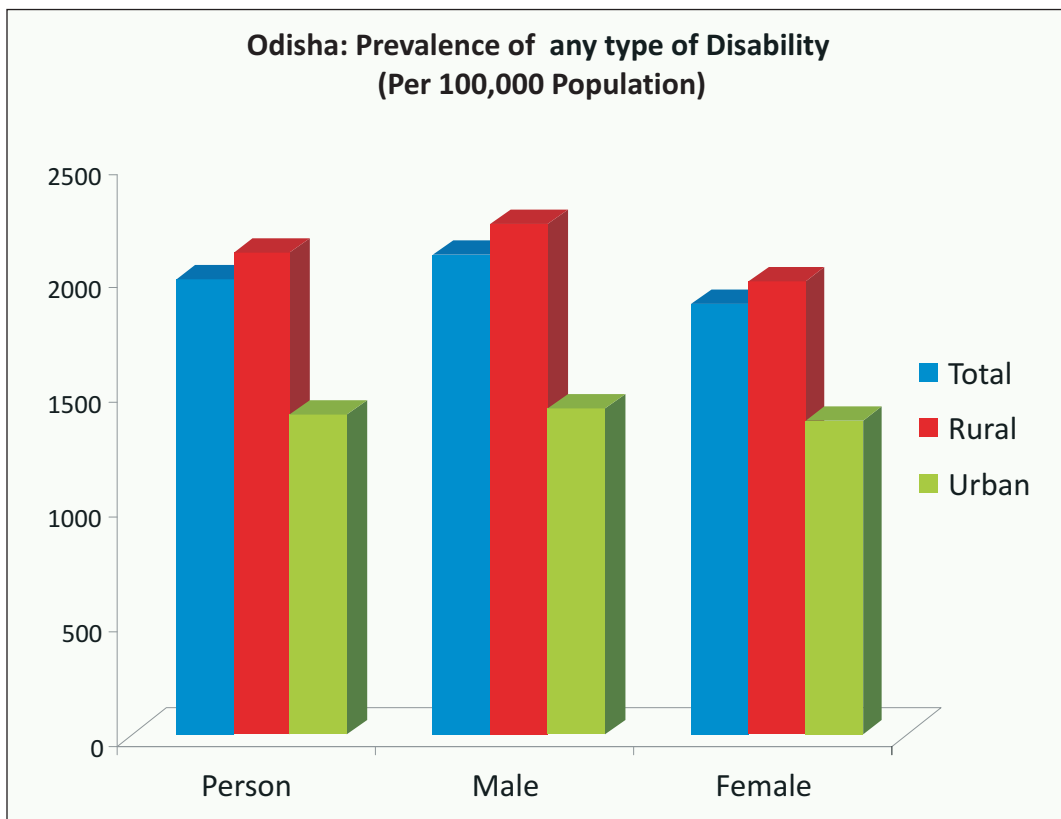
INJURY

State / District	Number of Injured Persons by type of Treatment received (Per 100,000 Population)								
	Severe								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	167	169	159	229	232	215	106	107	100
Anugul	122	135	58	168	187	80	73	81	35
Balangir	69	68	85	104	102	125	34	33	44
Baleshwar	197	189	251	289	276	370	110	106	132
Bargarh	72	60	199	102	85	279	42	35	116
Baudh	210	216	-	247	250	-	171	180	-
Bhadrak	182	183	178	293	295	280	79	80	72
Cuttack	153	182	78	200	245	84	104	116	71
Debagarh	217	218	204	262	270	183	171	165	226
Dhenkanal	109	113	67	171	180	88	49	49	46
Gajapati	109	97	130	140	132	162	55	53	128
Ganjam	187	217	44	228	258	87	146	176	28
Jagatsinghapur	195	191	226	235	212	396	135	145	32
Jajapur	160	165	-	223	231	-	98	100	-
Jharsuguda	153	107	231	217	137	350	84	76	99
Kalahandi	228	198	-	255	228	-	199	167	-
Kandhamal	481	496	339	478	504	246	483	488	438
Kendrapara	195	191	259	307	301	386	95	92	138
Kendujhar	101	81	186	138	111	255	64	53	116
Khordha	187	238	124	250	316	171	120	158	72
Koraput	106	75	246	166	137	296	46	13	197
Malkangiri	211	213	194	280	291	155	143	135	233
Mayurbhanj	99	95	138	158	148	275	41	45	0
Nabarangapur	51	31	-	59	37	-	44	25	-
Nuapada	75	72	-	90	85	-	60	58	-
Nayagarh	471	476	-	669	677	-	263	266	-
Puri	354	370	261	497	529	321	206	208	198
Rayagada	148	147	153	176	172	192	121	123	113
Sambalpur	114	119	107	155	166	137	73	70	76
Sonapur	223	226	184	300	303	252	141	143	110
Sundargarh	118	83	188	180	116	312	52	50	56

	INJURY								
	Number of Injured Persons by type of Treatment received (Per 100,000 Population)								
	Major								
State / District	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	333	342	292	462	474	405	204	210	172
Anugul	346	372	224	519	559	335	168	181	104
Balangir	224	219	277	319	317	333	127	119	218
Baleshwar	322	300	475	479	483	449	173	126	502
Bargarh	264	259	313	419	411	503	103	102	116
Baudh	1166	1201	-	1399	1444	-	926	949	-
Bhadrak	392	404	308	577	591	489	220	233	120
Cuttack	323	387	155	451	536	227	190	232	80
Debagarh	439	434	477	623	616	687	253	251	271
Dhenkanal	312	300	427	486	453	795	144	153	46
Gajapati	120	118	195	162	159	329	80	73	128
Ganjam	279	291	220	390	399	348	169	186	89
Jagatsinghapur	233	225	287	319	316	340	171	155	226
Jajapur	277	289	-	382	399	-	175	180	-
Jharsuguda	257	237	292	386	349	449	119	120	117
Kalahandi	516	427	-	626	526	-	400	324	-
Kandhamal	865	881	720	1022	1040	860	705	719	570
Kendrapara	593	599	494	942	954	771	276	279	229
Kendujhar	201	217	129	316	340	213	87	97	44
Khordha	266	349	164	360	475	224	166	219	98
Koraput	439	380	705	471	372	920	407	389	491
Malkangiri	620	656	213	667	705	232	573	607	194
Mayurbhanj	249	256	162	388	397	275	114	120	47
Nabarangapur	105	88	-	162	137	-	48	38	-
Nuapada	144	146	-	200	209	-	85	80	-
Nayagarh	626	633	-	899	901	-	341	354	-
Puri	399	397	409	584	576	625	208	213	180
Rayagada	380	378	390	399	378	495	362	378	282
Sambalpur	347	398	268	508	571	411	183	223	120
Sonapur	422	438	158	465	490	50	377	383	274
Sundargarh	224	213	247	342	341	343	101	81	145

State / District	Number of Injured Persons by type of Treatment received (Per 100,000 Population)								
	Minor								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	1428	1444	1348	1793	1823	1646	1062	1067	1034
Anugul	844	867	737	1224	1268	1020	452	457	431
Balangir	1343	1311	1682	2021	1995	2291	645	608	1045
Baleshwar	617	634	502	940	978	687	309	308	317
Bargarh	1593	1580	1722	2343	2322	2570	815	813	841
Baudh	1669	1738	-	2154	2239	-	1168	1220	-
Bhadrak	1249	1241	1302	1781	1765	1888	754	762	698
Cuttack	1125	1317	616	1348	1539	849	892	1088	371
Debagarh	1352	1223	2522	2041	1844	3846	659	596	1218
Dhenkanal	1467	1456	1572	2326	2320	2384	635	625	732
Gajapati	6472	7339	162	8457	9580	132	4469	5068	192
Ganjam	872	1008	220	1001	1150	305	746	871	133
Jagatsinghapur	3391	3796	317	3619	4099	198	3159	3492	453
Jajapur	1060	1091	-	1458	1507	-	670	685	-
Jharsuguda	1103	818	1588	1676	1227	2418	489	389	664
Kalahandi	497	432	-	557	448	-	435	416	-
Kandhamal	2193	2305	1143	2558	2695	1310	1818	1907	964
Kendrapara	1165	1152	1363	1658	1634	2025	717	716	734
Kendujhar	562	546	631	795	779	865	332	319	392
Khordha	657	930	322	844	1221	396	458	630	241
Koraput	1209	1295	820	1263	1397	657	1156	1194	983
Malkangiri	6322	2364	11279	6442	2504	10967	6202	2225	11592
Mayurbhanj	605	613	508	928	949	687	291	289	326
Nabarangapur	2166	1724	-	2246	1829	-	2085	1618	-
Nuapada	4565	4734	-	4595	4763	-	4535	4705	-
Nayagarh	1481	1479	-	2085	2080	-	850	851	-
Puri	951	943	993	1221	1158	1572	672	724	377
Rayagada	477	509	320	504	525	395	450	492	247
Sambalpur	1271	1244	1314	1973	1927	2044	555	554	557
Sonapur	499	518	184	553	581	101	442	452	274
Sundargarh	726	552	1086	1046	783	1581	391	312	557
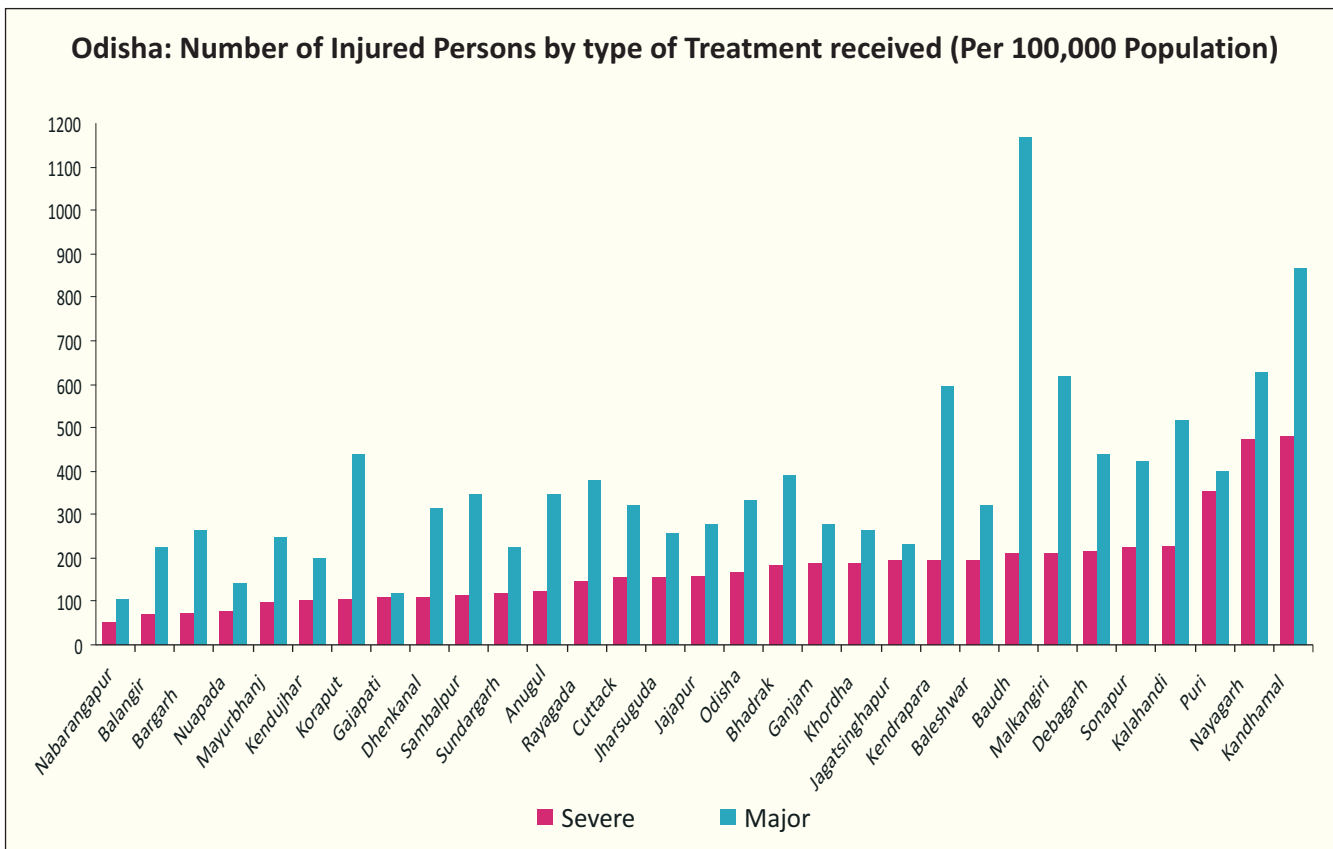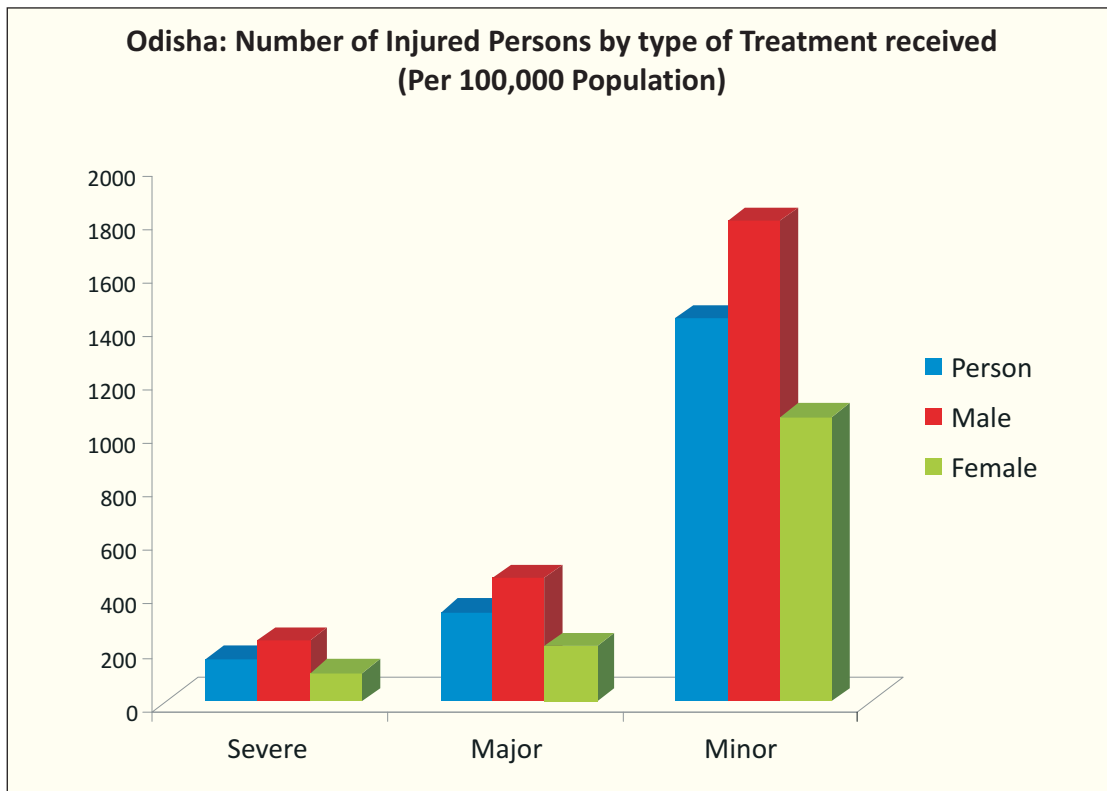
Odisha: Number of Injured Persons by type of Treatment received (Per 100,000 Population)

Odisha: Number of Injured Persons by type of Treatment received (Per 100,000 Population)

ACUTE ILLNESS

State / District	Persons suffering from Acute Illness (Per 100,000 Population)								
	Diarrhoea/Dysentery								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	836	900	511	820	880	523	853	920	498
Anugul	733	812	356	658	725	350	810	901	362
Balangir	867	846	1086	754	738	916	983	957	1263
Baleshwar	804	868	370	809	867	422	799	868	317
Bargarh	1300	1246	1879	1304	1240	1983	1297	1253	1770
Baudh	816	857	-	781	818	-	852	897	-
Bhadrak	1287	1276	1361	1328	1307	1468	1248	1248	1251
Cuttack	972	1242	259	904	1150	261	1043	1338	256
Debagarh	1581	1294	4181	1523	1230	4212	1640	1359	4150
Dhenkanal	687	704	517	695	703	618	679	705	412
Gajapati	316	315	325	335	331	362	298	299	288
Ganjam	719	814	263	704	771	392	734	857	133
Jagatsinghapur	815	887	272	789	852	340	842	921	194
Jajapur	529	548	-	522	547	-	536	550	-
Jharsuguda	868	953	724	783	861	653	960	1049	804
Kalahandi	286	278	-	327	293	-	242	261	-
Kandhamal	640	672	339	638	668	369	642	677	307
Kendrapara	838	839	823	881	891	723	799	791	917
Kendujhar	661	714	423	655	701	454	666	727	392
Khordha	843	1346	227	778	1260	205	913	1435	252
Koraput	577	607	443	585	598	526	570	616	360
Malkangiri	846	895	291	903	955	310	789	834	272
Mayurbhanj	1006	1059	369	1024	1080	366	989	1038	372
Nabarangapur	639	651	-	579	591	-	700	711	-
Nuapada	195	193	-	211	211	-	180	173	-
Nayagarh	2600	2646	-	2547	2600	-	2656	2693	-
Puri	1110	1233	418	992	1114	321	1231	1355	521
Rayagada	415	432	334	495	541	275	338	326	395
Sambalpur	1194	1230	1137	1203	1279	1085	1184	1181	1190
Sonapur	389	365	788	422	402	756	354	325	823
Sundargarh	663	679	629	692	705	666	631	651	590

ACUTE ILLNESS

State / District	Persons suffering from Acute Illness (Per 100,000 Population)								
	Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI)								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	964	1027	638	910	970	611	1018	1084	666
Anugul	526	514	580	452	440	510	601	590	656
Balangir	334	337	298	381	381	375	285	291	218
Baleshwar	1338	1493	277	1205	1330	370	1464	1646	185
Bargarh	518	518	527	521	520	531	515	515	522
Baudh	3803	3927	-	3607	3725	-	4005	4135	-
Bhadrak	8361	8466	7623	8049	8159	7318	8652	8747	7938
Cuttack	233	303	47	231	296	59	235	310	35
Debagarh	185	153	477	226	186	595	144	120	361
Dhenkanal	469	453	629	444	430	574	494	475	686
Gajapati	258	235	422	218	199	362	297	272	481
Ganjam	325	368	121	341	377	174	310	360	66
Jagatsinghapur	208	192	332	193	165	396	223	219	259
Jajapur	279	282	-	305	312	-	253	253	-
Jharsuguda	296	260	358	289	264	330	304	255	389
Kalahandi	225	238	-	217	224	-	234	253	-
Kandhamal	250	270	64	249	267	82	251	273	44
Kendrapara	222	226	165	233	233	241	212	219	92
Kendujhar	349	357	316	363	372	326	335	342	305
Khordha	2059	3008	897	1904	2848	784	2223	3173	1021
Koraput	104	101	115	80	76	99	128	127	131
Malkangiri	758	804	233	700	749	155	816	860	311
Mayurbhanj	1243	1304	508	1098	1148	504	1384	1454	512
Nabarangapur	263	270	-	222	225	-	304	316	-
Nuapada	514	525	-	517	526	-	511	524	-
Nayagarh	1816	1785	-	1721	1694	-	1915	1880	-
Puri	2162	2267	1568	2094	2210	1453	2231	2326	1689
Rayagada	180	194	111	181	195	110	179	193	113
Sambalpur	1317	1548	954	1236	1448	906	1400	1648	1004
Sonapur	228	227	236	251	251	252	203	202	220
Sundargarh	163	190	108	160	198	83	167	183	134

ACUTE ILLNESS

State / District	Persons suffering from Acute Illness (Per 100,000 Population)								
	Fever (All Types)								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	6689	6990	5141	6577	6911	4906	6802	7070	5389
Anugul	8056	8490	5988	7771	8201	5783	8349	8785	6210
Balangir	10813	10986	8942	10092	10264	8247	11554	11727	9669
Baleshwar	4823	4928	4106	5018	5137	4225	4637	4730	3986
Bargarh	11355	11105	14018	11129	10922	13326	11589	11294	14737
Baudh	8550	8861	-	8760	9079	-	8334	8635	-
Bhadrak	2245	2335	1610	2433	2518	1864	2071	2168	1347
Cuttack	4778	5599	2607	4685	5500	2546	4874	5701	2671
Debagarh	10668	10411	12997	10509	10302	12408	10828	10521	13577
Dhenkanal	9684	9927	7278	10069	10397	6932	9311	9474	7636
Gajapati	8498	9175	3572	9410	10204	3521	7577	8132	3622
Ganjam	4219	4653	2140	3887	4336	1784	4545	4962	2503
Jagatsinghapur	2809	2950	1736	2735	2924	1387	2885	2977	2135
Jajapur	4043	4107	-	4122	4184	-	3965	4032	-
Jharsuguda	9175	9291	8978	9000	9149	8754	9362	9439	9227
Kalahandi	9005	9751	-	8645	9324	-	9382	10195	-
Kandhamal	6690	6885	4869	6554	6783	4464	6830	6989	5302
Kendrapara	4884	5022	2750	4684	4809	2797	5066	5214	2706
Kendujhar	9776	10415	6957	9586	10277	6607	9963	10549	7315
Khordha	2943	3732	1976	2870	3753	1822	3019	3710	2146
Koraput	5356	5715	3724	5257	5714	3189	5454	5716	4258
Malkangiri	15167	15860	7287	14787	15503	6695	15544	16216	7880
Mayurbhanj	5702	5788	4662	5756	5817	5037	5650	5760	4281
Nabarangapur	7538	7397	-	7427	7282	-	7651	7515	-
Nuapada	8183	8159	-	7734	7695	-	8651	8643	-
Nayagarh	12826	13075	-	12739	12983	-	12917	13172	-
Puri	3089	3061	3248	3118	3132	3042	3059	2988	3467
Rayagada	7416	7777	5652	7118	7449	5553	7706	8091	5755
Sambalpur	11796	11212	12712	11256	10804	11957	12346	11624	13495
Sonapur	8950	8820	11059	8797	8689	10529	9113	8960	11636
Sundargarh	7384	6753	8690	7125	6553	8291	7656	6960	9116

ACUTE ILLNESS									
	Persons suffering from Acute Illness (Per 100,000 Population)								
	Any type of Acute Illness								
State / District	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	9550	9976	7364	9309	9765	7031	9792	10186	7714
Anugul	10995	11501	8589	10342	10846	8013	11669	12169	9212
Balangir	12885	13041	11199	12062	12250	10037	13733	13853	12413
Baleshwar	7481	7832	5083	7461	7786	5308	7500	7876	4857
Bargarh	14422	14104	17804	14176	13888	17237	14676	14328	18393
Baudh	16492	17088	-	16358	16945	-	16630	17236	-
Bhadrak	12558	12732	11328	12387	12543	11349	12717	12905	11306
Cuttack	6901	8052	3857	6730	7876	3723	7079	8236	3997
Debagarh	12992	12433	18064	12728	12199	17582	13258	12668	18539
Dhenkanal	12696	12926	10422	12960	13249	10199	12440	12614	10654
Gajapati	9740	10363	5212	10568	11305	5100	8905	9408	5321
Ganjam	6548	7134	3743	6190	6792	3372	6900	7467	4120
Jagatsinghapur	4668	4921	2747	4501	4763	2632	4838	5079	2878
Jajapur	6388	6523	-	6397	6538	-	6379	6509	-
Jharsuguda	11642	11627	11667	11309	11342	11254	11999	11926	12126
Kalahandi	10273	10989	-	9895	10513	-	10668	11485	-
Kandhamal	9285	9549	6816	9201	9500	6470	9372	9599	7187
Kendrapara	7556	7749	4560	7328	7510	4581	7763	7966	4541
Kendujhar	11232	11994	7868	10925	11717	7515	11534	12265	8229
Khordha	6650	9174	3560	6270	8825	3236	7053	9535	3916
Koraput	6751	7135	5004	6657	7140	4471	6844	7131	5536
Malkangiri	17500	18313	8275	17192	18034	7663	17808	18589	8890
Mayurbhanj	8438	8659	5747	8342	8532	6090	8531	8782	5398
Nabarangapur	8757	8630	-	8566	8433	-	8951	8832	-
Nuapada	9758	9764	-	9289	9291	-	10247	10258	-
Nayagarh	19344	19591	-	18874	19134	-	19835	20068	-
Puri	7838	8183	5896	7605	8015	5341	8077	8354	6486
Rayagada	8589	8978	6682	8354	8755	6460	8816	9193	6911
Sambalpur	15711	15626	15844	14995	15066	14886	16440	16191	16836
Sonapur	10035	9903	12188	9947	9842	11637	10129	9968	12788
Sundargarh	9905	8523	12760	9591	8279	12265	10234	8777	13290

Odisha: Persons suffering from Diarrhoea/Dysentery (Per 100,000 Population)
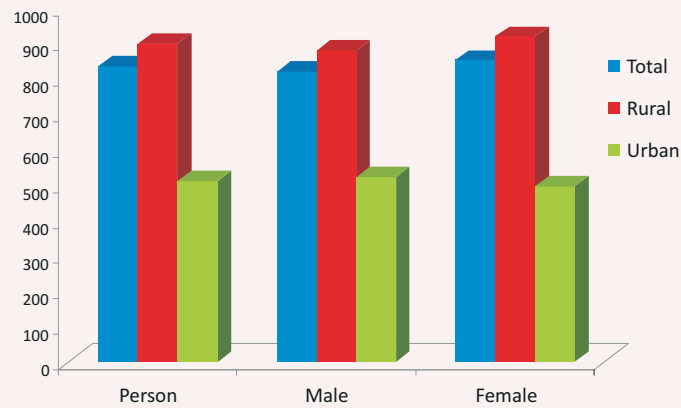
Odisha: Persons suffering from Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI) (Per 100,000 Population)
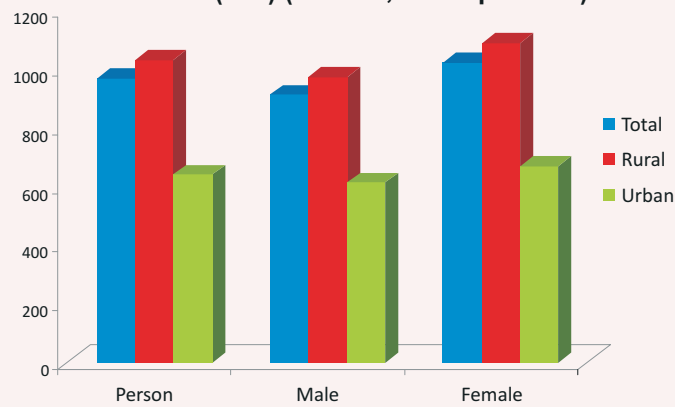
Odisha: Persons suffering from Fever (All Types) (Per 100,000 Population)
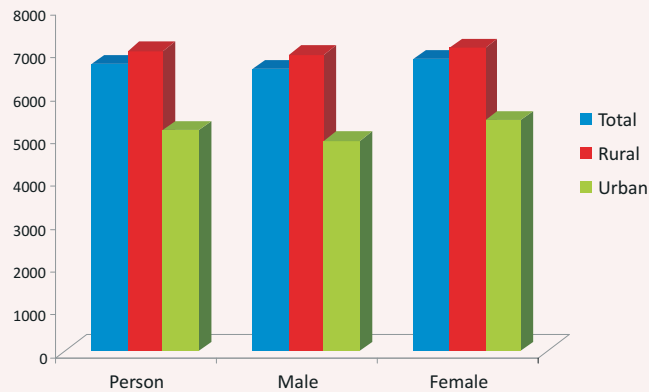
Odisha: Persons suffering from any type of Acute Illness (Per 100,000 Population)
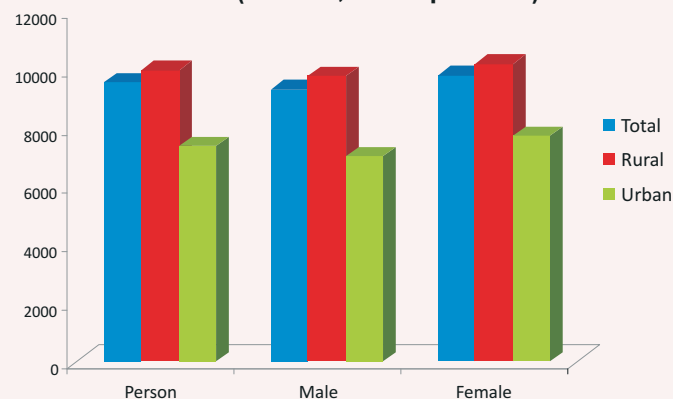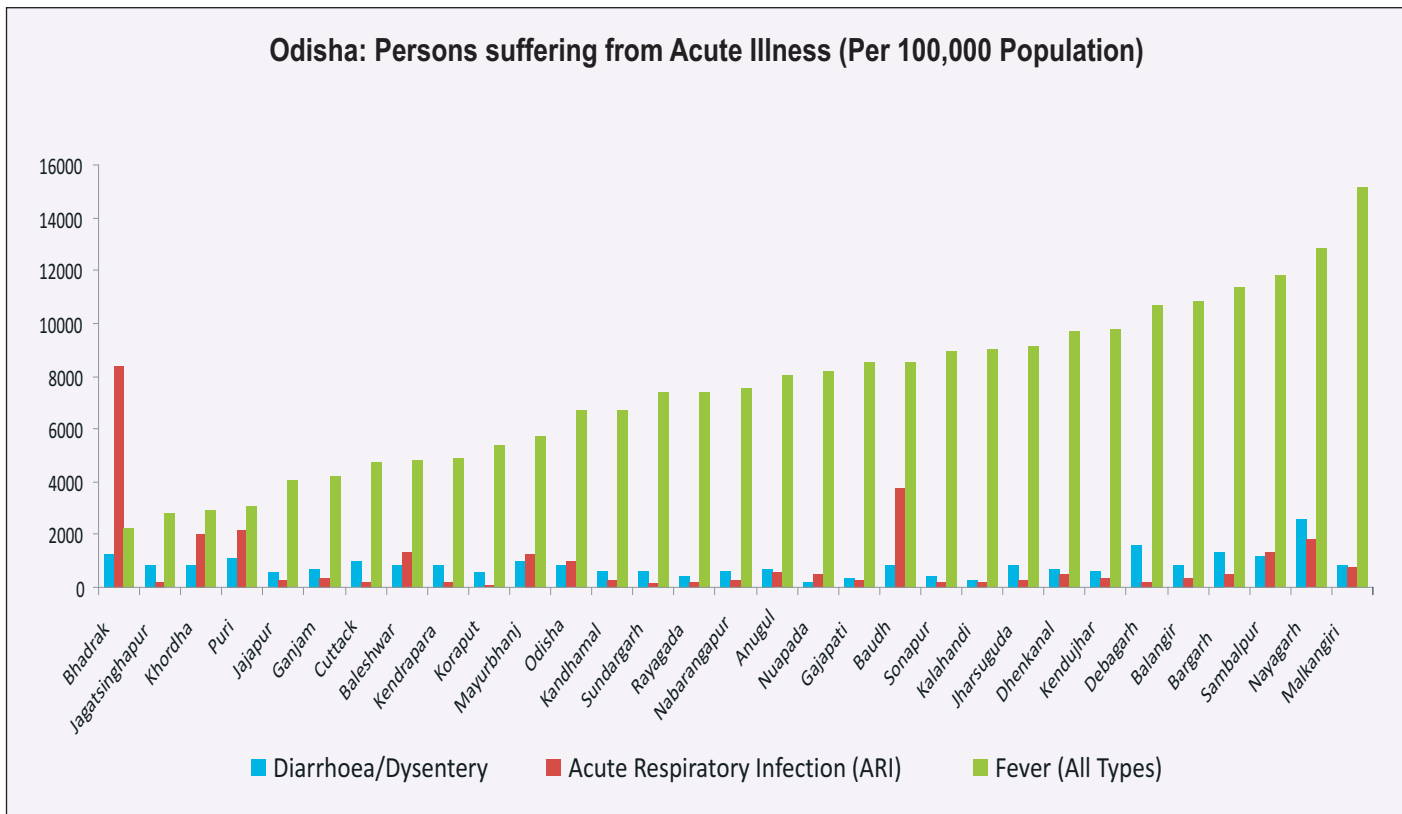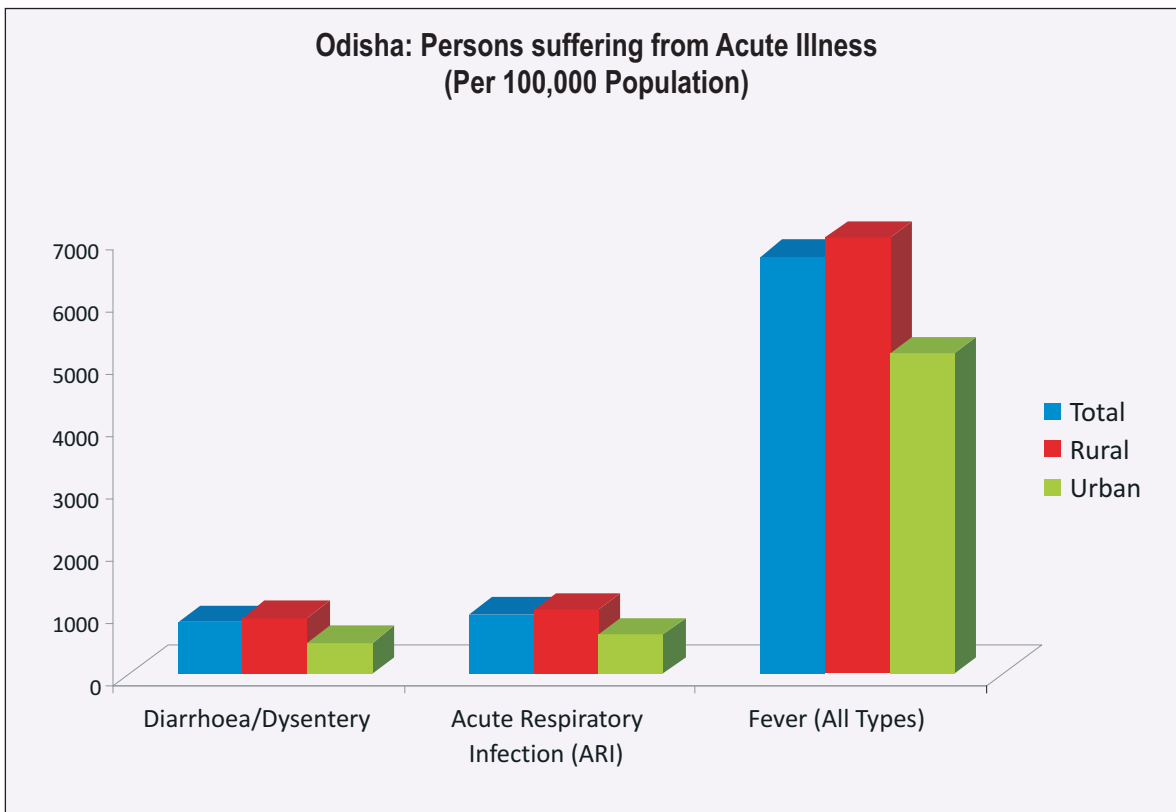
Annual Health Survey 2010-11

29

Odisha: Persons suffering from Acute Illness
(Per 100,000 Population)

Odisha: Persons suffering from Acute Illness (Per 100,000 Population)

ACUTE ILLNESS

State / District	Persons suffering from Acute Illness and taking treatment from Any Source (%)								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	95.9	95.9	96.2	96.0	95.9	96.6	95.8	95.8	95.8
Anugul	97.4	97.6	96.4	97.6	97.9	96.2	97.3	97.4	96.6
Balangir	95.5	95.5	95.2	95.7	95.6	97.1	95.3	95.5	93.7
Baleshwar	97.3	97.1	98.7	97.3	97.1	98.5	97.3	97.1	98.9
Bargarh	95.5	95.5	96.2	96.0	95.9	96.9	95.1	95.0	95.6
Baudh	97.0	97.0	-	96.9	96.9	-	97.1	97.1	-
Bhadrak	97.4	97.3	98.1	97.6	97.4	98.6	97.2	97.2	97.7
Cuttack	96.5	96.4	97.0	96.9	96.8	97.5	96.0	96.0	96.5
Debagarh	95.7	95.6	96.6	96.2	96.0	97.7	95.3	95.2	95.6
Dhenkanal	97.0	97.0	97.2	97.3	97.2	97.8	96.7	96.7	96.6
Gajapati	82.9	82.0	95.0	73.2	71.9	93.5	94.5	94.3	96.4
Ganjam	95.1	95.4	92.4	95.7	96.0	92.9	94.6	94.9	91.9
Jagatsinghapur	97.0	97.0	97.3	96.8	96.8	96.8	97.2	97.1	97.8
Jajapur	97.1	97.0	-	97.1	97.2	-	97.0	96.9	-
Jharsuguda	95.4	95.0	96.1	95.7	95.4	96.3	95.1	94.7	95.8
Kalahandi	95.1	95.1	-	95.4	95.2	-	94.9	95.0	-
Kandhamal	94.0	93.7	97.8	94.6	94.3	98.7	93.3	93.0	97.0
Kendrapara	97.5	97.5	98.5	97.7	97.6	100.0	97.4	97.4	97.0
Kendujhar	96.3	96.4	95.9	96.7	96.6	97.0	96.0	96.1	94.9
Khordha	97.0	96.7	98.0	97.5	97.3	98.3	96.6	96.2	97.7
Koraput	93.0	92.9	93.4	91.9	91.8	92.6	94.0	94.0	94.1
Malkangiri	91.9	91.7	97.2	91.5	91.3	96.5	92.2	92.0	97.8
Mayurbhanj	96.7	96.6	98.4	97.1	97.0	98.5	96.2	96.1	98.3
Nabarangapur	95.8	95.8	-	95.4	95.5	-	96.1	96.1	-
Nuapada	96.4	96.4	-	96.7	96.7	-	96.2	96.1	-
Nayagarh	98.0	98.0	-	98.4	98.4	-	97.5	97.5	-
Puri	97.5	97.6	97.3	97.8	98.0	96.2	97.2	97.1	98.3
Rayagada	94.2	93.7	97.1	95.4	94.8	98.7	93.1	92.7	95.5
Sambalpur	93.8	94.0	93.6	93.9	93.9	93.8	93.8	94.0	93.4
Sonapur	97.5	97.4	98.9	97.6	97.6	98.7	97.4	97.3	99.1
Sundargarh	95.3	94.2	96.7	95.5	94.4	97.1	95.0	94.1	96.3

ACUTE ILLNESS

State / District	Persons suffering from Acute Illness and taking treatment from Government Source (%)								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	52.0	54.0	38.0	52.7	54.9	38.1	51.2	53.1	37.8
Anugul	46.7	50.0	25.5	46.4	49.8	24.6	47.0	50.2	26.4
Balangir	41.0	41.5	34.9	42.4	43.0	34.6	39.7	40.0	35.2
Baleshwar	31.6	32.0	27.6	31.4	31.8	27.8	31.8	32.2	27.5
Bargarh	38.3	39.7	27.0	38.8	40.3	26.4	37.9	39.1	27.6
Baudh	44.4	44.2	-	45.0	44.7	-	43.9	43.6	-
Bhadrak	32.7	32.1	37.5	33.9	33.2	38.5	31.7	31.1	36.4
Cuttack	41.7	43.8	30.3	43.9	46.3	30.6	39.6	41.3	30.0
Debagarh	54.4	56.2	43.2	54.7	56.6	42.9	54.1	55.8	43.5
Dhenkanal	63.2	63.6	58.8	65.1	65.2	64.6	61.3	62.0	52.9
Gajapati	75.4	75.8	70.2	75.7	76.0	71.7	75.2	75.7	68.7
Ganjam	55.8	57.1	43.5	55.4	56.7	43.1	56.2	57.6	43.9
Jagatsinghapur	47.0	45.7	64.4	46.7	45.8	57.8	47.3	45.7	71.3
Jajapur	60.7	60.3	-	61.7	61.4	-	59.7	59.3	-
Jharsuguda	25.2	30.6	16.3	25.0	30.4	16.1	25.4	30.7	16.5
Kalahandi	67.8	68.0	-	68.5	68.9	-	67.1	67.2	-
Kandhamal	75.3	74.7	81.9	73.7	72.8	85.3	76.8	76.7	78.6
Kendrapara	51.9	52.1	46.1	53.8	53.9	50.5	50.3	50.6	41.7
Kendujhar	60.9	64.4	37.2	62.9	66.6	37.7	58.9	62.2	36.6
Khordha	50.1	55.4	33.7	50.8	55.8	34.6	49.5	54.9	32.8
Koraput	62.6	62.3	64.9	63.4	63.5	62.7	61.9	61.1	66.7
Malkangiri	67.7	67.1	82.4	69.7	69.2	82.2	65.8	65.1	82.6
Mayurbhanj	57.8	58.6	42.4	57.6	58.5	44.3	57.9	58.8	40.4
Nabarangapur	68.2	67.8	-	67.8	67.4	-	68.5	68.2	-
Nuapada	56.8	56.1	-	57.8	57.2	-	55.9	55.0	-
Nayagarh	70.7	70.6	-	72.4	72.3	-	68.9	68.9	-
Puri	48.5	50.2	35.5	49.4	50.9	36.8	47.6	49.5	34.4
Rayagada	70.5	70.7	69.5	71.1	71.6	68.1	70.0	69.8	70.9
Sambalpur	44.9	49.8	37.1	45.2	50.3	37.1	44.6	49.4	37.2
Sonapur	68.6	67.2	86.9	69.4	68.1	86.4	67.8	66.2	87.4
Sundargarh	37.3	45.8	25.9	37.7	46.6	25.9	36.9	44.9	26.0

CHRONIC ILLNESS

State / District	Having any kind of Symptoms of Chronic Illness(Per 100,000 Population)								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	7339	7093	8601	7073	6852	8181	7607	7335	9042
Anugul	3784	3413	5549	3936	3540	5767	3627	3284	5313
Balangir	7281	6927	11113	6511	6198	9871	8073	7675	12413
Baleshwar	8447	8625	7234	8238	8476	6654	8647	8765	7814
Bargarh	7809	7497	11129	7170	6928	9750	8470	8086	12562
Baudh	8311	8395	-	8560	8631	-	8054	8150	-
Bhadrak	7851	8046	6475	7628	7854	6129	8057	8221	6832
Cuttack	9408	9593	8920	9130	9326	8614	9698	9869	9241
Debagarh	7644	6788	15406	7389	6538	15201	7900	7039	15607
Dhenkanal	9385	9341	9816	9149	9099	9625	9613	9574	10014
Gajapati	5733	5227	9417	5529	5174	8161	5939	5279	10641
Ganjam	7546	6437	12853	7321	6412	11575	7766	6461	14153
Jagatsinghapur	10134	10823	4906	9713	10405	4783	10563	11241	5045
Jajapur	9213	9115	-	8696	8608	-	9719	9611	-
Jharsuguda	8062	6644	10475	7664	6210	10067	8490	7099	10930
Kalahandi	4886	4760	-	4749	4620	-	5029	4905	-
Kandhamal	4652	4595	5186	4957	4993	4627	4339	4189	5784
Kendrapara	7330	7289	7969	7174	7061	8872	7472	7495	7110
Kendujhar	4245	4072	5006	4072	3859	4991	4415	4281	5022
Khordha	10285	11068	9327	9615	10168	8957	10997	11997	9734
Koraput	2548	2245	3921	2542	2327	3517	2553	2165	4324
Malkangiri	2260	2342	1337	2246	2324	1354	2275	2359	1320
Mayurbhanj	5270	5149	6739	5057	4986	5907	5476	5307	7585
Nabarangapur	2343	2136	-	2549	2363	-	2133	1906	-
Nuapada	3517	3323	-	3531	3354	-	3503	3289	-
Nayagarh	19184	19079	-	17967	17871	-	20455	20340	-
Puri	14057	14020	14265	13201	13217	13115	14938	14842	15487
Rayagada	3976	3494	6334	4158	3729	6185	3799	3268	6488
Sambalpur	5939	5265	6997	5720	5061	6743	6162	5472	7261
Sonapur	5033	4934	6646	5123	5000	7103	4938	4864	6147
Sundargarh	5397	4006	8270	5436	4045	8270	5356	3966	8270

CHRONIC ILLNESS

State / District	Having any kind of Symptoms of Chronic Illness and sought Medical Care (%)								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	91.0	90.1	94.7	91.1	90.1	95.1	90.8	90.0	94.4
Anugul	94.4	93.3	97.8	95.7	94.6	98.6	93.1	91.9	96.8
Balangir	93.8	93.2	97.9	94.2	93.6	98.7	93.5	93.0	97.2
Baleshwar	92.1	91.5	97.1	91.7	91.1	96.8	92.4	91.8	97.3
Bargarh	92.6	92.4	94.0	92.7	92.3	95.4	92.5	92.5	92.8
Baudh	71.2	70.9	-	72.7	72.5	-	69.5	69.2	-
Bhadrak	93.6	93.5	95.1	94.3	94.0	97.0	93.0	93.0	93.3
Cuttack	91.9	89.9	97.7	92.0	89.8	98.4	91.8	90.0	97.0
Debagarh	69.2	73.0	53.7	66.5	69.8	53.6	71.6	76.1	53.8
Dhenkanal	96.5	96.4	98.2	96.9	96.8	98.2	96.2	96.0	98.2
Gajapati	87.7	87.4	88.8	88.2	88.1	88.7	87.2	86.7	88.9
Ganjam	86.5	82.5	96.0	86.2	82.4	96.1	86.7	82.6	95.9
Jagatsinghapur	96.2	97.1	80.9	96.2	97.0	84.0	96.1	97.2	77.6
Jajapur	91.7	91.7	-	92.1	92.2	-	91.3	91.2	-
Jharsuguda	84.9	87.8	81.8	84.1	86.7	81.5	85.7	88.8	82.1
Kalahandi	87.5	86.6	-	88.6	87.6	-	86.5	85.6	-
Kandhamal	74.2	73.1	83.7	70.5	69.6	78.8	78.6	77.3	87.9
Kendrapara	96.3	96.1	98.8	96.6	96.3	99.5	96.1	96.0	98.1
Kendujhar	96.4	96.1	97.3	96.5	96.2	97.4	96.3	96.1	97.1
Khordha	94.9	92.6	98.2	95.0	92.7	98.2	94.7	92.5	98.2
Koraput	79.1	74.5	91.2	82.9	79.7	92.5	75.4	69.0	90.2
Malkangiri	76.0	75.4	87.0	74.9	74.5	82.9	77.0	76.4	91.2
Mayurbhanj	83.5	82.3	95.2	83.4	82.4	93.8	83.7	82.2	96.3
Nabarangapur	83.2	81.6	-	84.4	83.0	-	81.7	79.8	-
Nuapada	92.6	92.3	-	93.5	93.4	-	91.7	91.1	-
Nayagarh	93.6	93.5	-	93.9	93.8	-	93.2	93.1	-
Puri	93.8	93.5	95.4	93.9	93.6	95.9	93.8	93.5	95.0
Rayagada	53.5	55.3	48.6	57.5	60.7	48.4	49.3	49.5	48.7
Sambalpur	94.1	91.1	97.6	94.3	91.7	97.3	93.9	90.5	97.9
Sonapur	91.2	90.8	95.7	90.9	90.6	95.0	91.5	91.1	96.4
Sundargarh	91.9	86.6	97.2	91.8	85.5	98.1	92.0	87.8	96.2

CHRONIC ILLNESS

State / District	Having diagnosed for Chronic Illness (Per 100,000 Population)								
	Diabetes								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	604	405	1622	750	504	1979	456	306	1248
Anugul	470	223	1648	610	280	2135	326	164	1121
Balangir	424	290	1874	525	364	2249	320	214	1481
Baleshwar	572	447	1426	758	598	1822	395	304	1030
Bargarh	538	406	1950	668	510	2347	404	298	1538
Baudh	254	226	-	356	321	-	149	127	-
Bhadrak	361	342	497	477	465	559	254	230	433
Cuttack	1252	945	2064	1510	1116	2546	983	768	1556
Debagarh	266	208	795	301	239	870	231	176	722
Dhenkanal	691	557	2022	915	733	2649	475	388	1372
Gajapati	450	298	1559	549	365	1909	351	229	1218
Ganjam	539	291	1723	660	374	2002	419	211	1440
Jagatsinghapur	933	924	996	1157	1169	1076	704	679	906
Jajapur	668	619	-	864	782	-	475	459	-
Jharsuguda	810	370	1560	975	459	1827	634	276	1263
Kalahandi	272	200	-	346	232	-	194	166	-
Kandhamal	144	143	148	170	170	164	117	116	131
Kendrapara	574	508	1598	768	669	2266	397	362	963
Kendujhar	397	261	997	508	316	1333	288	207	653
Khordha	1391	580	2382	1735	708	2954	1025	448	1754
Koraput	198	141	459	258	177	625	139	105	295
Malkangiri	83	72	213	87	64	348	79	79	78
Mayurbhanj	407	327	1385	476	400	1374	341	257	1396
Nabarangapur	150	124	-	209	166	-	89	82	-
Nuapada	252	202	-	355	286	-	145	114	-
Nayagarh	704	657	-	837	772	-	566	537	-
Puri	1090	785	2804	1268	926	3160	906	641	2425
Rayagada	196	76	780	239	98	907	153	56	649
Sambalpur	614	237	1206	750	297	1454	475	177	950
Sonapur	196	174	552	273	246	705	114	98	384
Sundargarh	712	283	1597	797	320	1768	622	245	1414
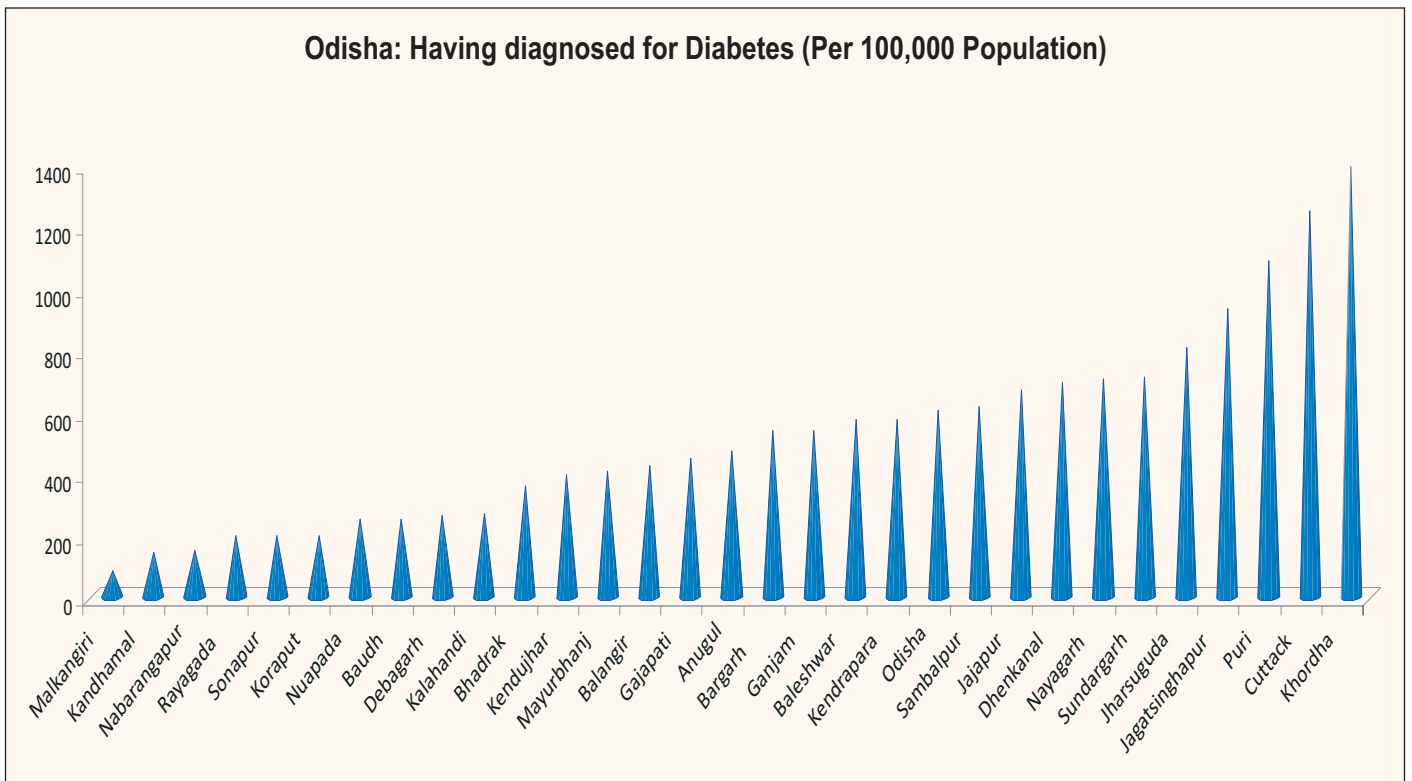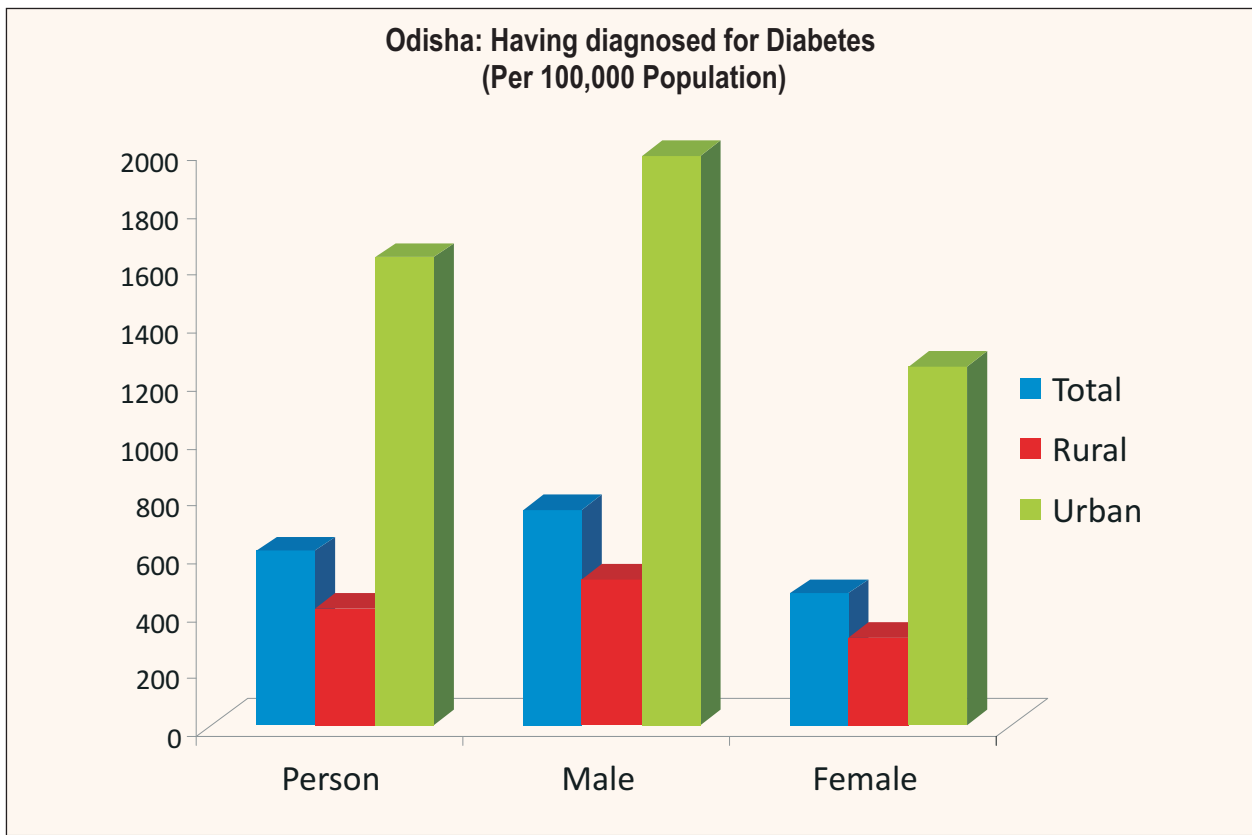
Odisha: Having diagnosed for Diabetes
(Per 100,000 Population)

Odisha: Having diagnosed for Diabetes (Per 100,000 Population)

CHRONIC ILLNESS

State / District	Having diagnosed for Chronic Illness (Per 100,000 Population)								
	Hypertension								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	1185	980	2239	923	720	1934	1450	1239	2560
Anugul	436	284	1160	390	243	1067	484	326	1259
Balangir	956	723	3470	652	464	2666	1268	989	4312
Baleshwar	1286	1202	1861	846	767	1373	1705	1614	2350
Bargarh	1062	912	2661	750	587	2486	1385	1249	2843
Baudh	745	656	-	602	517	-	894	800	-
Bhadrak	1107	1143	852	749	764	653	1440	1491	1058
Cuttack	2348	2225	2672	1870	1750	2185	2844	2717	3184
Debagarh	1264	1115	2613	905	709	2701	1625	1524	2526
Dhenkanal	1230	1170	1819	858	800	1413	1590	1527	2241
Gajapati	1230	859	3929	1056	750	3323	1407	970	4519
Ganjam	1013	604	2974	825	462	2524	1199	743	3433
Jagatsinghapur	1609	1719	770	1490	1600	708	1729	1838	841
Jajapur	1560	1533	-	1168	1166	-	1945	1893	-
Jharsuguda	1593	1270	2144	1281	912	1890	1928	1645	2426
Kalahandi	589	460	-	534	427	-	647	493	-
Kandhamal	312	295	466	244	235	328	381	357	613
Kendrapara	813	779	1340	687	637	1446	927	908	1239
Kendujhar	825	699	1377	576	463	1063	1069	930	1698
Khordha	2370	1735	3148	1901	1123	2826	2869	2367	3502
Koraput	350	232	886	293	191	756	405	272	1015
Malkangiri	150	141	252	122	105	310	178	176	194
Mayurbhanj	834	734	2054	624	546	1557	1037	915	2559
Nabarangapur	278	179	-	226	123	-	331	235	-
Nuapada	534	446	-	430	355	-	643	542	-
Nayagarh	2196	2133	-	1466	1395	-	2959	2904	-
Puri	2209	2103	2804	1549	1446	2113	2888	2774	3539
Rayagada	341	158	1239	348	177	1154	334	138	1326
Sambalpur	1376	842	2214	1124	613	1917	1633	1074	2522
Sonapur	395	361	946	325	288	907	469	437	988
Sundargarh	1134	725	1979	1056	574	2039	1215	882	1915
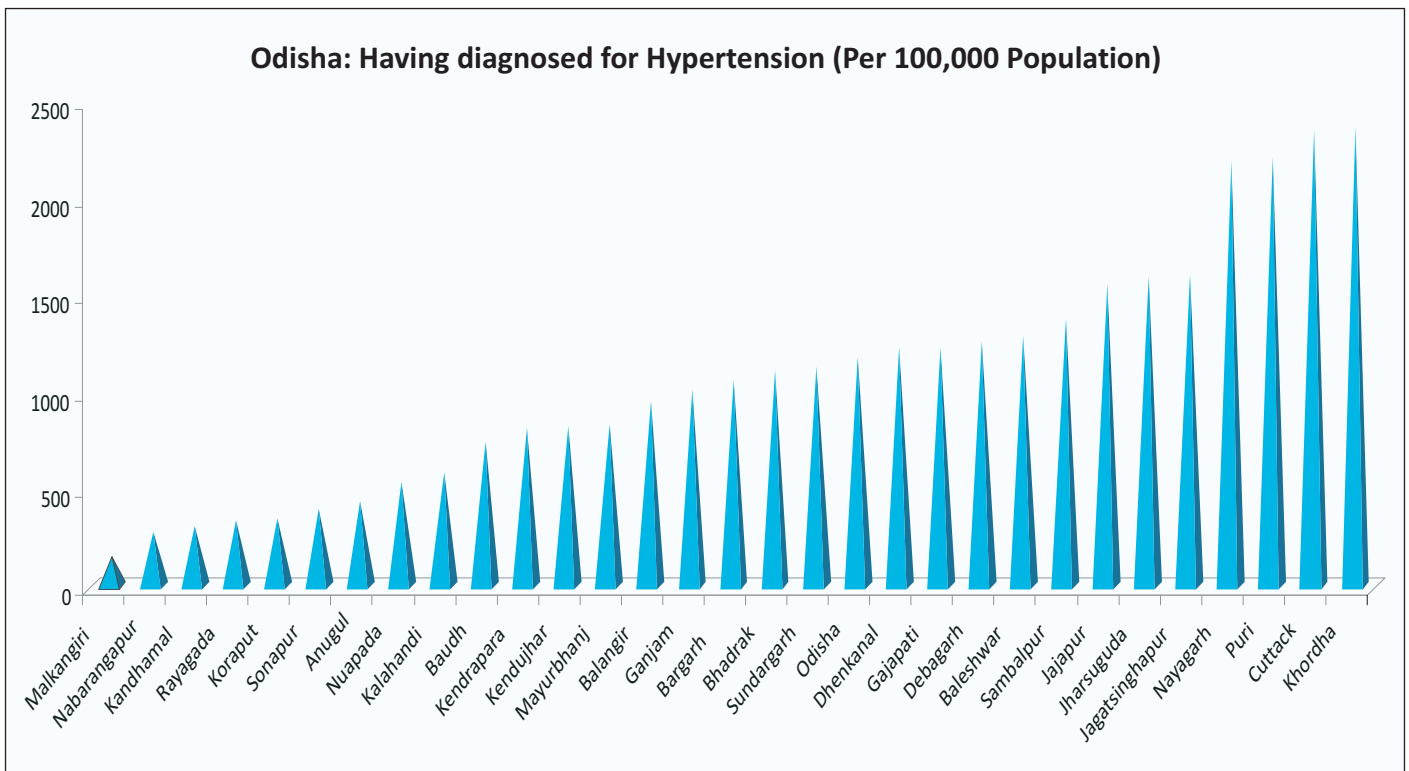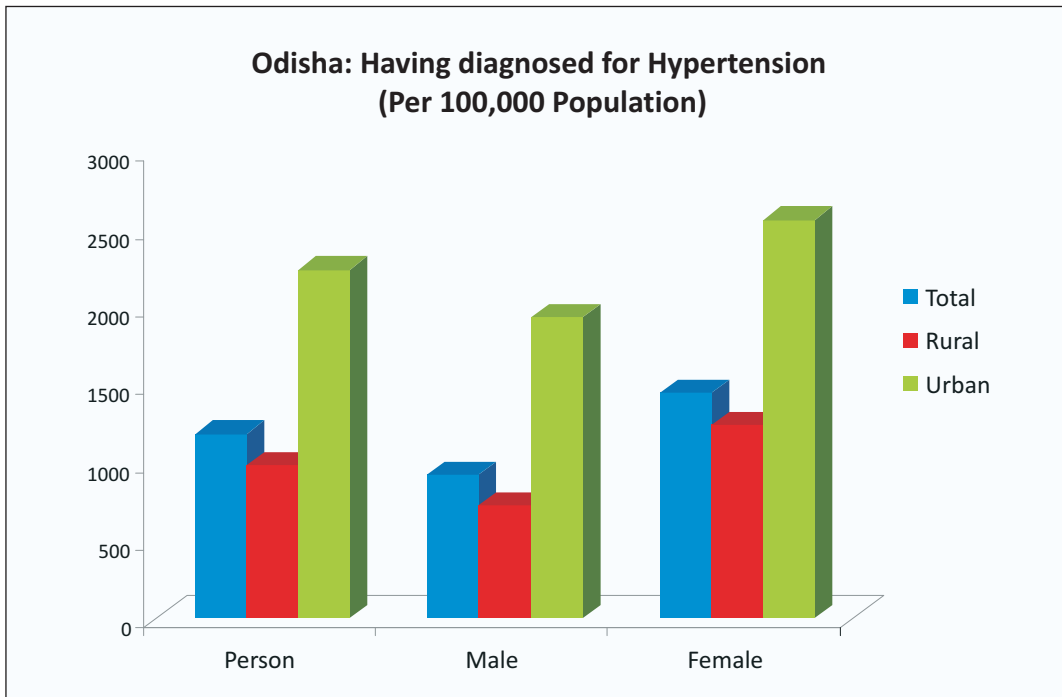
Odisha: Having diagnosed for Hypertension (Per 100,000 Population)

Odisha: Having diagnosed for Hypertension (Per 100,000 Population)

CHRONIC ILLNESS

State / District	Having diagnosed for Chronic Illness (Per 100,000 Population)								
	Tuberculosis (TB)								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	139	148	92	174	189	104	103	107	81
Anugul	70	66	91	105	103	112	35	28	69
Balangir	204	217	64	230	243	83	178	190	44
Baleshwar	151	169	26	189	214	26	114	127	26
Bargarh	164	165	157	194	194	196	133	135	116
Baudh	171	178	-	257	266	-	82	87	-
Bhadrak	133	135	118	132	131	140	134	139	96
Cuttack	85	94	60	100	119	50	68	68	71
Debagarh	76	65	182	88	63	321	65	67	45
Dhenkanal	121	125	90	156	164	88	87	87	91
Gajapati	192	190	211	303	304	296	81	74	128
Ganjam	146	158	88	185	202	109	107	115	66
Jagatsinghapur	96	103	45	88	92	57	104	113	32
Jajapur	94	92	-	121	124	-	67	61	-
Jharsuguda	148	158	132	173	179	165	121	136	95
Kalahandi	134	143	-	151	165	-	117	120	-
Kandhamal	122	126	85	132	133	123	111	118	44
Kendrapara	77	81	24	104	107	48	54	57	0
Kendujhar	178	201	79	251	290	85	107	114	73
Khordha	107	126	85	124	146	99	89	105	69
Koraput	80	79	92	98	119	63	62	39	164
Malkangiri	71	75	25	113	119	39	30	32	19
Mayurbhanj	211	224	46	308	326	92	117	126	0
Nabarangapur	91	87	-	134	128	-	47	45	-
Nuapada	148	152	-	175	183	-	120	120	-
Nayagarh	189	194	-	231	240	-	146	145	-
Puri	142	155	70	155	174	51	129	135	90
Rayagada	199	228	56	245	285	55	154	173	56
Sambalpur	141	149	129	174	204	126	108	94	131
Sonapur	92	91	105	122	117	202	59	63	37
Sundargarh	241	274	172	320	364	229	158	180	111
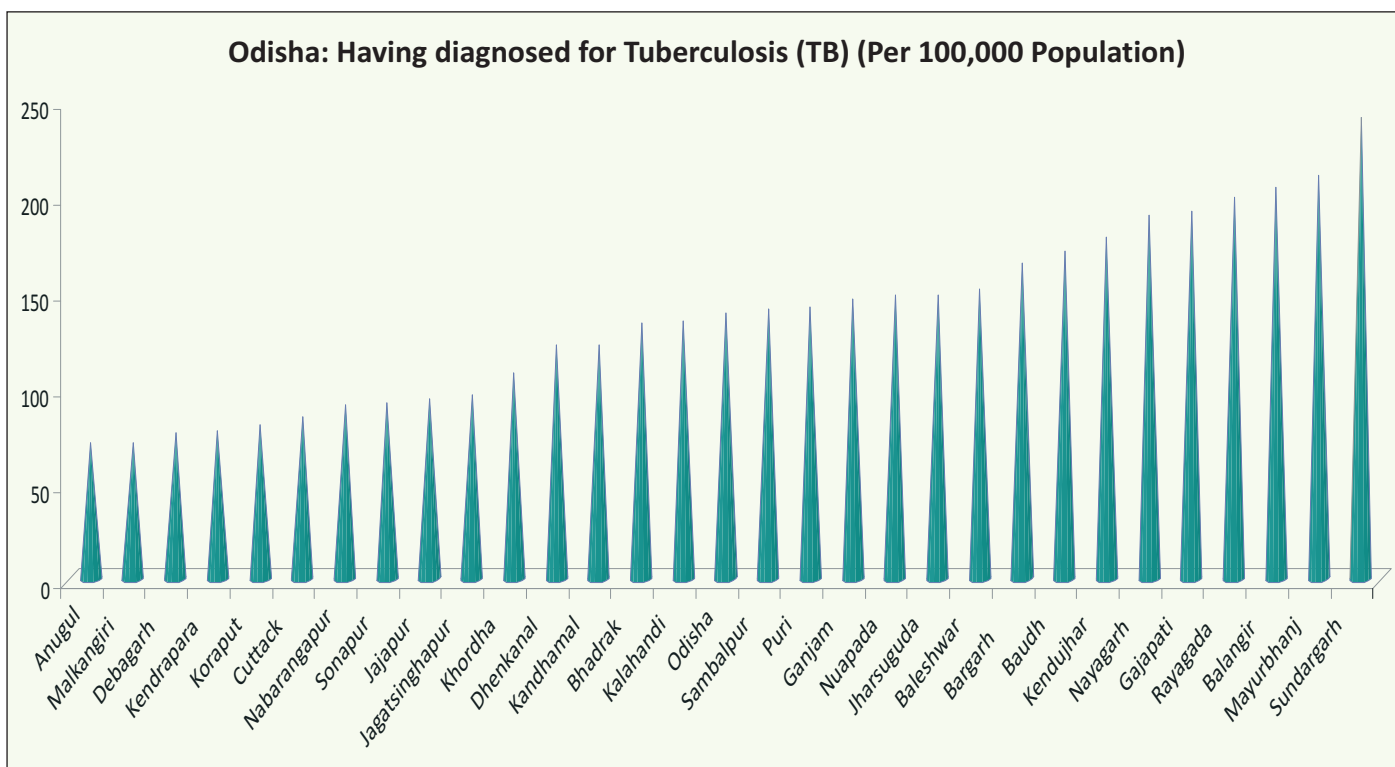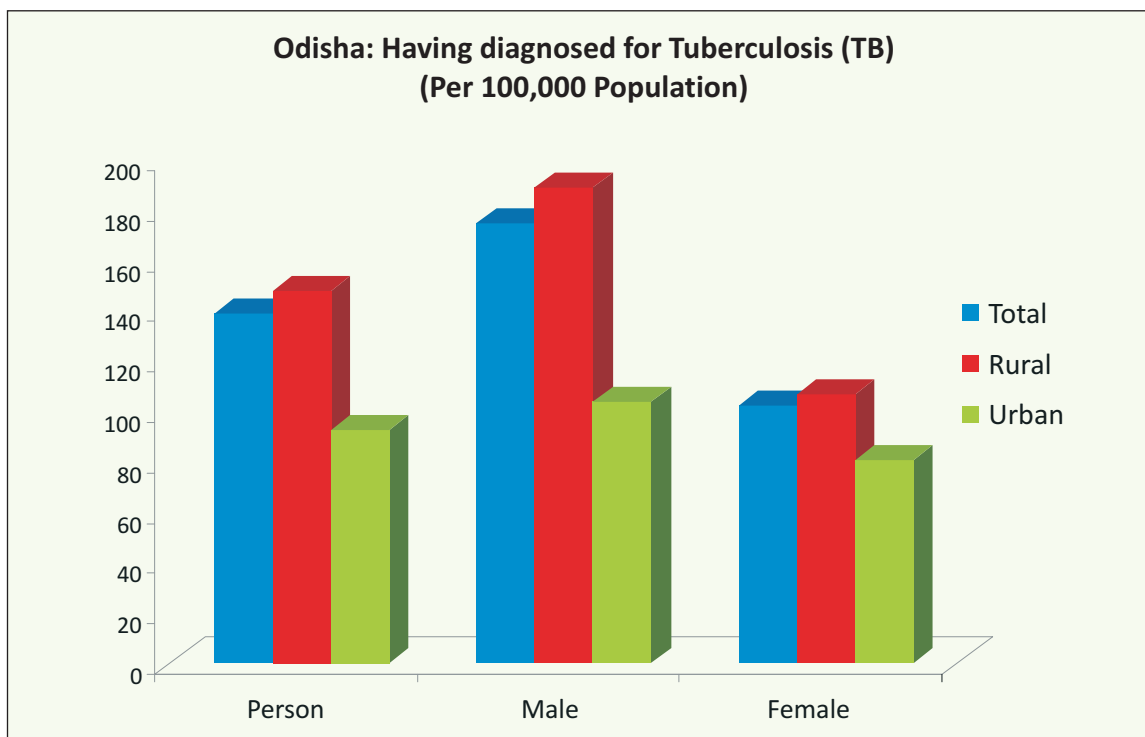
Odisha: Having diagnosed for Tuberculosis (TB)
(Per 100,000 Population)

Odisha: Having diagnosed for Tuberculosis (TB) (Per 100,000 Population)

CHRONIC ILLNESS

State / District	Having diagnosed for Chronic Illness (Per 100,000 Population)								
	Asthma / Chronic Respiratory Disease								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	535	530	563	548	551	528	523	508	600
Anugul	266	236	414	308	282	430	223	188	397
Balangir	366	358	447	369	368	375	363	348	523
Baleshwar	674	670	700	757	756	766	594	589	634
Bargarh	323	304	527	356	339	531	289	267	522
Baudh	401	412	-	476	487	-	322	334	-
Bhadrak	674	715	379	663	717	303	684	714	457
Cuttack	709	754	590	716	794	513	702	714	672
Debagarh	362	334	613	409	399	504	314	268	722
Dhenkanal	714	695	898	686	693	618	741	697	1189
Gajapati	362	329	601	362	348	461	363	310	737
Ganjam	343	334	384	364	377	305	321	292	465
Jagatsinghapur	1062	1113	679	1012	1074	566	1114	1152	809
Jajapur	727	716	-	679	679	-	775	751	-
Jharsuguda	270	206	379	277	222	369	262	190	389
Kalahandi	308	274	-	277	236	-	340	314	-
Kandhamal	257	240	423	284	270	410	230	208	438
Kendrapara	808	784	1175	891	874	1157	733	704	1193
Kendujhar	283	283	280	272	256	340	294	311	218
Khordha	1009	1193	784	999	1243	709	1020	1143	865
Koraput	213	187	328	258	235	362	168	140	295
Malkangiri	226	236	116	252	268	77	200	204	155
Mayurbhanj	265	264	277	298	308	183	233	221	372
Nabarangapur	254	231	-	291	281	-	216	181	-
Nuapada	186	178	-	228	220	-	143	136	-
Nayagarh	1613	1610	-	1563	1563	-	1664	1658	-
Puri	1326	1258	1707	1259	1175	1724	1394	1343	1689
Rayagada	217	216	223	264	267	247	172	167	197
Sambalpur	337	354	311	406	464	316	267	242	306
Sonapur	209	201	341	244	227	504	173	174	165
Sundargarh	253	214	333	268	225	354	237	202	312

Odisha: Having diagnosed for Asthma/Chronic Respiratory Disease (Per 100,000 Population)

Legend:
- Total
- Rural
- Urban

Categories: Person, Male, Female

Odisha: Having diagnosed for Asthma/Chronic Respiratory Disease (Per 100,000 Population)

Districts: Nuapada, Sonapur, Koraput, Rayagada, Malkangiri, Sundargarh, Nabarangapur, Kandhamal, Mayurbhanj, Anugul, Jharsuguda, Kendujhar, Kalahandi, Bargarh, Sambalpur, Ganjam, Debagarh, Gajapati, Balangir, Baudh, Odisha, Bhadrak, Baleshwar, Cuttack, Dhenkanal, Jajapur, Kendrapara, Khordha, Jagatsinghapur, Puri, Nayagarh

CHRONIC ILLNESS

State / District	Having diagnosed for Chronic Illness (Per 100,000 Population)								
	Arthritis								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	258	251	294	208	215	178	309	288	417
Anugul	60	59	66	51	59	16	69	59	121
Balangir	42	42	43	23	22	42	61	62	44
Baleshwar	381	352	581	329	323	370	432	380	792
Bargarh	159	153	228	144	139	196	175	167	261
Baudh	19	20	-	17	18	-	20	21	-
Bhadrak	257	231	438	212	188	373	299	271	505
Cuttack	440	460	388	339	382	227	545	540	557
Debagarh	119	112	182	94	79	229	143	144	135
Dhenkanal	434	455	225	400	424	177	466	484	274
Gajapati	60	63	32	66	75	14	53	51	64
Ganjam	288	204	691	233	185	457	342	222	930
Jagatsinghapur	1058	1143	408	885	946	453	1233	1340	356
Jajapur	629	635	-	557	567	-	700	701	-
Jharsuguda	154	149	162	115	135	82	195	164	250
Kalahandi	45	45	-	31	35	-	60	56	-
Kandhamal	75	76	64	54	56	41	95	96	88
Kendrapara	108	104	165	80	85	0	133	121	321
Kendujhar	103	98	122	85	89	71	120	108	174
Khordha	651	833	428	452	655	210	863	1016	669
Koraput	63	55	98	55	53	66	70	57	131
Malkangiri	45	49	15	34	37	11	57	62	24
Mayurbhanj	241	234	323	170	177	92	309	289	558
Nabarangapur	97	92	-	88	80	-	106	103	-
Nuapada	44	44	-	31	33	-	57	55	-
Nayagarh	126	114	-	113	109	-	139	119	-
Puri	421	426	392	345	359	270	498	494	521
Rayagada	84	84	84	82	83	82	85	85	85
Sambalpur	57	32	97	36	18	63	79	46	131
Sonapur	63	62	79	59	59	50	67	64	110
Sundargarh	51	34	86	26	23	31	77	45	145
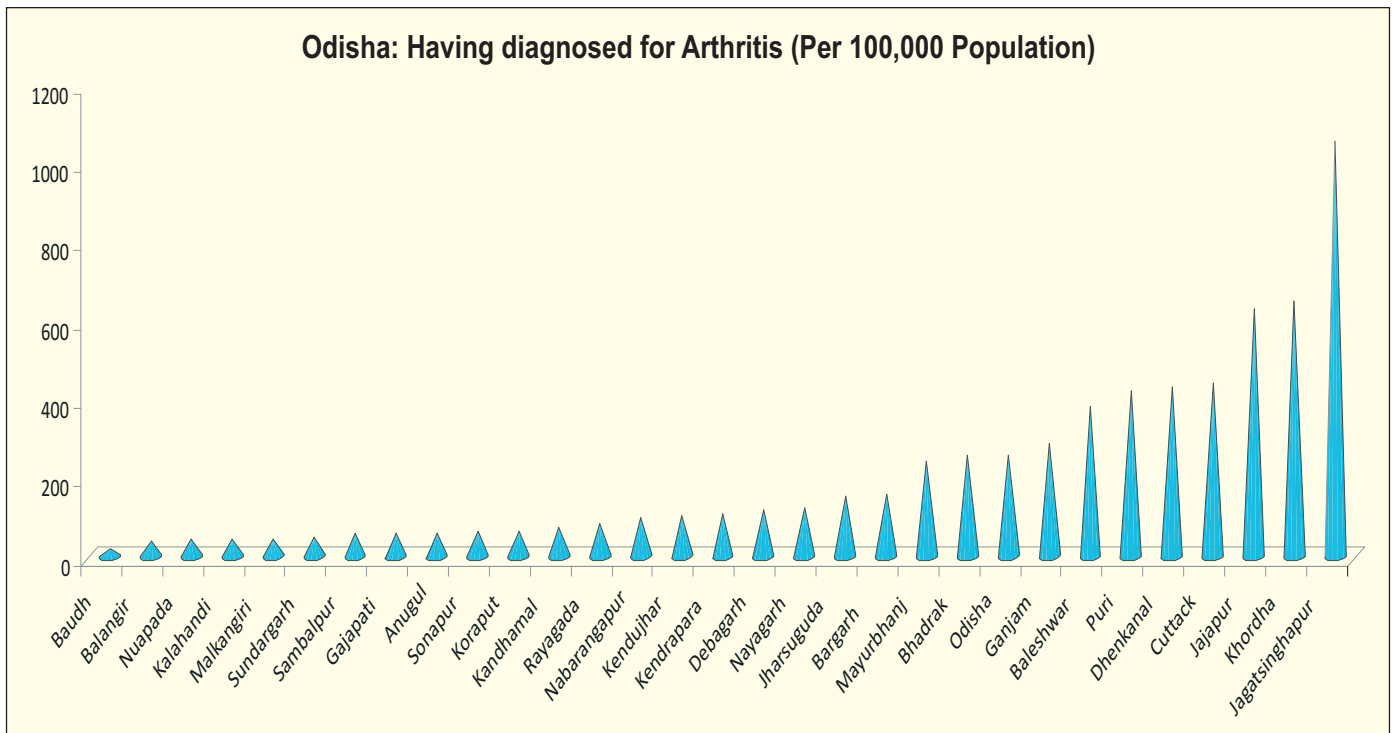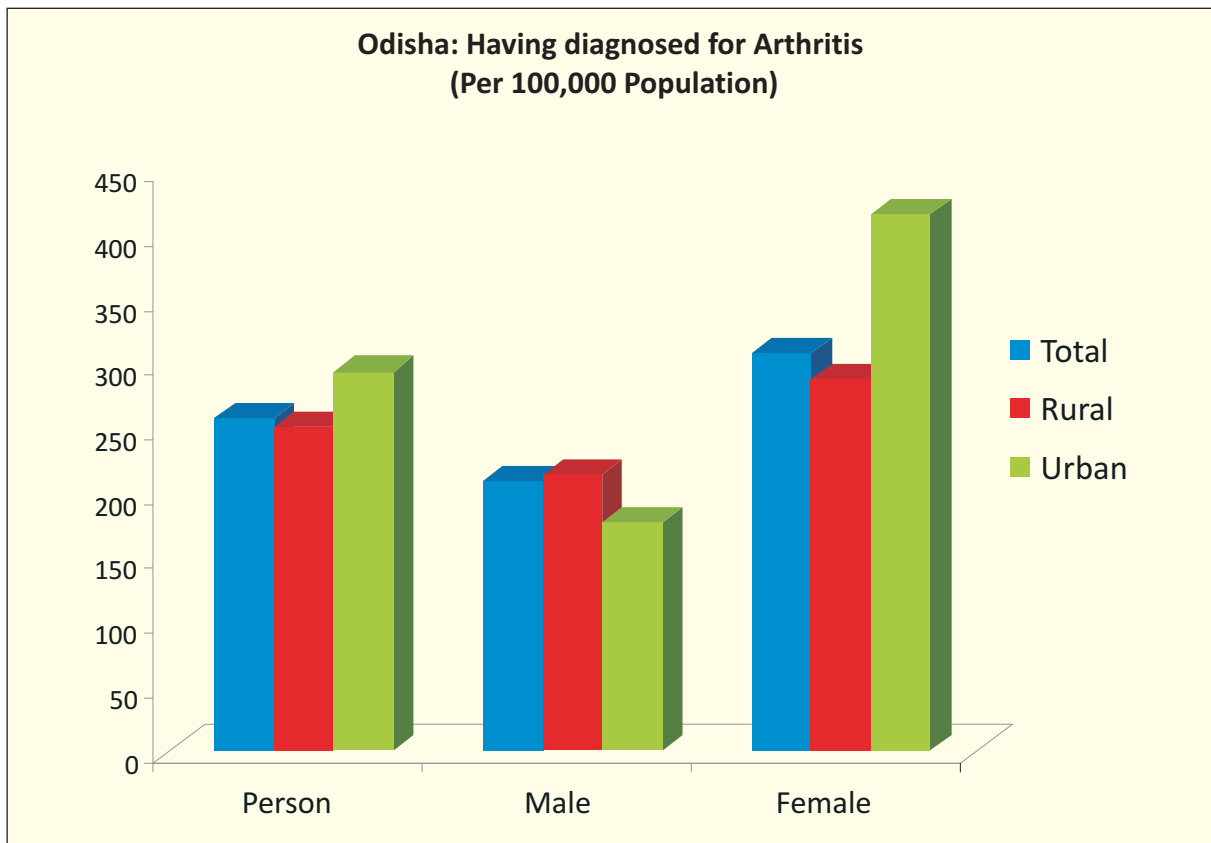
Odisha: Having diagnosed for Arthritis (Per 100,000 Population)

Odisha: Having diagnosed for Arthritis (Per 100,000 Population)

CHRONIC ILLNESS

State / District	Having diagnosed for Chronic Illness (Per 100,000 Population)								
	Any kind of Chronic Illness								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	6636	6320	8255	6380	6082	7874	6893	6558	8657
Anugul	3548	3147	5458	3732	3313	5671	3358	2977	5227
Balangir	6991	6630	10901	6257	5948	9579	7746	7330	12282
Baleshwar	7738	7833	7089	7489	7643	6470	7975	8013	7709
Bargarh	7390	7074	10745	6801	6543	9554	7999	7625	11981
Baudh	6412	6393	-	6532	6481	-	6288	6302	-
Bhadrak	7461	7629	6274	7281	7466	6059	7627	7779	6495
Cuttack	8297	8055	8937	8009	7781	8606	8597	8339	9285
Debagarh	5294	4946	8453	4935	4565	8333	5655	5330	8570
Dhenkanal	9159	9104	9704	8923	8873	9404	9387	9326	10014
Gajapati	5234	4375	9479	5043	4392	8872	5426	4358	11045
Ganjam	6951	5753	12688	6579	5559	11358	7315	5941	14042
Jagatsinghapur	9826	10523	4528	9449	10156	4416	10209	10892	4657
Jajapur	8408	8310	-	7942	7856	-	8865	8754	-
Jharsuguda	7190	5911	9365	6847	5531	9021	7558	6310	9748
Kalahandi	4087	3984	-	3973	3859	-	4205	4114	-
Kandhamal	2226	2228	2202	2285	2320	1966	2165	2135	2454
Kendrapara	6887	6825	7851	6795	6661	8824	6970	6973	6927
Kendujhar	4080	3915	4805	3905	3699	4792	4252	4127	4819
Khordha	9888	10336	9339	9321	9508	9100	10490	11192	9602
Koraput	1909	1586	3380	1989	1760	3024	1830	1414	3734
Malkangiri	1583	1623	1124	1557	1588	1200	1609	1658	1048
Mayurbhanj	4392	4219	6508	4217	4093	5678	4562	4339	7352
Nabarangapur	1910	1692	-	2097	1901	-	1720	1480	-
Nuapada	2992	2809	-	3066	2896	-	2916	2718	-
Nayagarh	17763	17632	-	16678	16559	-	18897	18752	-
Puri	12850	12710	13638	12043	11938	12625	13679	13498	14714
Rayagada	2019	1729	3439	2255	2017	3381	1791	1454	3498
Sambalpur	5686	4919	6890	5454	4712	6606	5922	5129	7184
Sonapur	3099	3033	4177	3198	3090	4937	2993	2971	3348
Sundargarh	4917	3500	7845	4974	3535	7906	4857	3464	7780
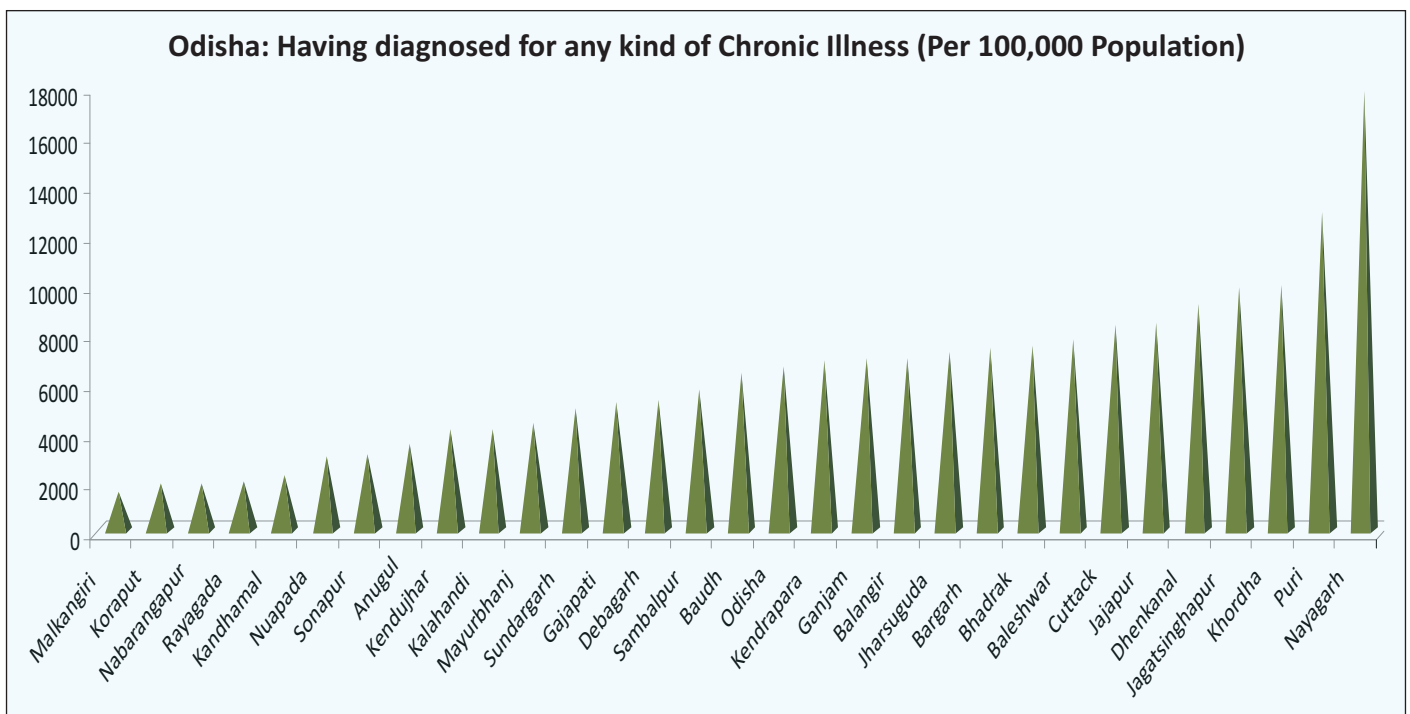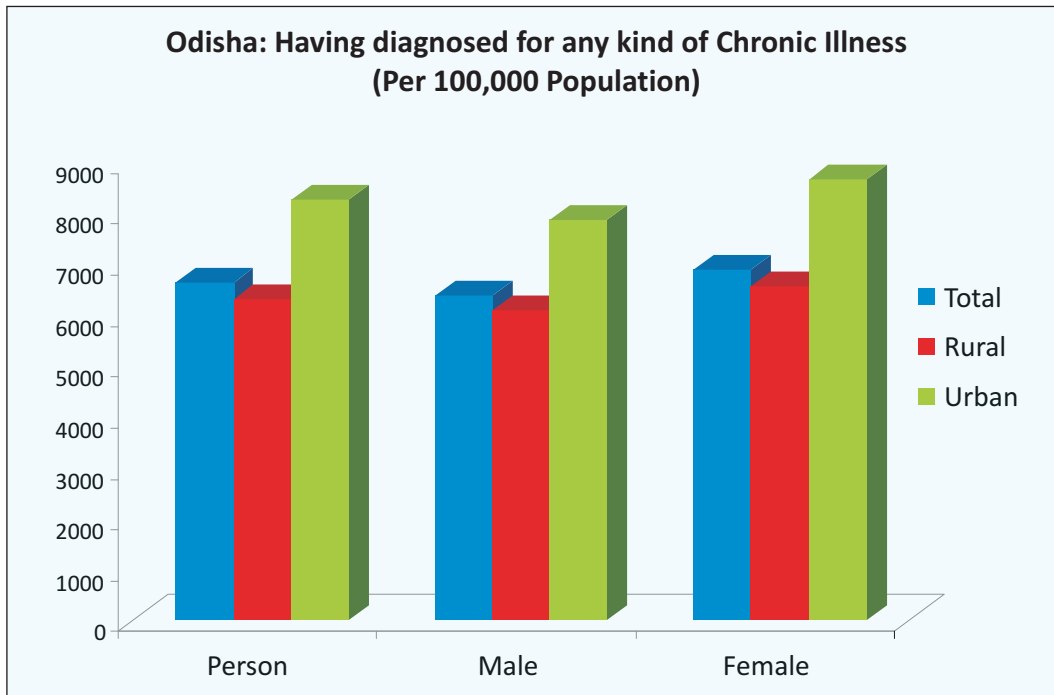
Odisha: Having diagnosed for any kind of Chronic Illness (Per 100,000 Population)

Odisha: Having diagnosed for any kind of Chronic Illness (Per 100,000 Population)

46

CHRONIC ILLNESS

State / District	Having diagnosed for any kind of Chronic Illness and getting Regular Treatment (%)								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	58.7	55.5	71.4	59.7	56.2	73.0	57.8	54.8	69.9
Anugul	66.5	63.0	76.0	66.3	63.4	74.2	66.6	62.5	78.2
Balangir	52.0	49.3	70.1	52.1	49.2	71.7	51.9	49.3	68.8
Baleshwar	68.3	66.7	80.4	69.7	68.4	79.6	67.0	65.1	81.2
Bargarh	43.9	42.5	53.6	45.1	43.7	55.6	42.9	41.5	52.1
Baudh	46.5	45.9	-	48.9	48.4	-	43.9	43.2	-
Bhadrak	58.9	57.7	68.5	60.2	59.1	69.2	57.7	56.6	67.8
Cuttack	62.3	56.5	75.9	63.0	57.0	77.1	61.6	56.1	74.8
Debagarh	59.3	58.2	65.3	58.6	57.3	64.8	60.0	58.9	65.8
Dhenkanal	63.6	61.8	80.3	64.1	62.1	81.7	63.1	61.4	79.0
Gajapati	53.5	53.8	52.6	54.4	53.5	57.3	52.6	54.0	49.1
Ganjam	52.6	49.3	59.9	56.0	52.6	64.0	49.6	46.3	56.5
Jagatsinghapur	63.7	63.2	72.0	65.1	64.9	69.9	62.3	61.7	74.3
Jajapur	69.2	68.9	-	70.4	69.7	-	68.2	68.1	-
Jharsuguda	62.3	59.9	65.0	61.5	57.8	65.3	63.1	61.8	64.7
Kalahandi	50.8	50.7	-	52.4	52.6	-	49.4	48.8	-
Kandhamal	45.9	46.0	45.2	45.6	44.6	56.3	46.4	47.6	35.7
Kendrapara	72.8	72.9	71.9	74.4	74.6	72.1	71.3	71.3	71.5
Kendujhar	72.6	71.4	76.7	73.2	71.9	77.5	72.0	71.0	75.9
Khordha	66.9	56.8	80.6	68.5	57.7	81.8	65.4	56.0	79.3
Koraput	52.5	45.2	68.0	51.6	44.4	70.7	53.4	46.2	65.8
Malkangiri	51.4	52.6	31.0	50.1	50.9	38.7	52.5	54.2	22.2
Mayurbhanj	57.9	55.0	81.2	58.4	55.9	79.0	57.5	54.1	82.9
Nabarangapur	43.1	41.8	-	44.5	42.9	-	41.5	40.3	-
Nuapada	52.9	50.5	-	51.8	49.3	-	54.2	51.8	-
Nayagarh	43.0	42.9	-	43.6	43.5	-	42.5	42.4	-
Puri	49.1	44.9	71.0	49.0	44.8	71.1	49.2	45.1	70.9
Rayagada	38.4	29.4	60.3	40.5	32.7	62.6	35.7	25.1	58.1
Sambalpur	66.0	66.0	66.1	66.2	65.0	67.6	65.8	66.9	64.6
Sonapur	60.5	58.6	83.0	62.0	60.1	81.6	58.7	56.9	85.2
Sundargarh	67.0	53.0	79.8	66.0	49.6	80.9	68.0	56.6	78.7

CHRONIC ILLNESS

State / District	Having diagnosed for any kind of Chronic Illness and getting Regular Treatment from Government Source (%)								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	51.9	57.2	32.3	52.6	58.1	32.4	51.4	56.4	32.2
Anugul	35.3	41.6	19.9	37.6	44.3	21.6	32.6	38.5	17.9
Balangir	49.5	52.8	29.2	50.3	53.4	31.3	48.9	52.4	27.5
Baleshwar	30.4	32.5	14.9	32.4	34.8	13.7	28.7	30.5	15.9
Bargarh	54.0	54.9	47.8	56.1	56.9	50.6	52.2	53.2	45.5
Baudh	78.8	78.7	-	79.6	79.9	-	77.9	77.5	-
Bhadrak	31.4	31.4	31.9	32.3	32.1	34.0	30.6	30.7	30.0
Cuttack	50.2	62.4	25.1	51.1	64.2	24.8	49.2	60.8	25.5
Debagarh	58.2	60.2	46.8	59.2	60.7	51.5	57.3	59.8	42.2
Dhenkanal	59.2	60.5	48.2	58.8	60.2	47.1	59.6	60.7	49.3
Gajapati	73.8	77.1	65.0	76.9	81.0	64.4	70.9	73.2	65.4
Ganjam	59.4	69.5	35.0	60.9	71.3	35.2	57.9	67.7	34.9
Jagatsinghapur	52.6	52.3	58.5	51.9	51.5	57.1	53.3	53.0	59.9
Jajapur	50.7	51.7	-	50.7	51.5	-	50.8	51.8	-
Jharsuguda	33.9	45.8	21.6	35.1	47.2	23.7	32.7	44.6	19.4
Kalahandi	68.7	71.2	-	68.3	70.7	-	69.0	71.6	-
Kandhamal	87.5	87.0	92.4	87.9	87.2	95.5	87.0	86.8	89.6
Kendrapara	55.2	54.1	69.8	55.1	53.7	70.5	55.3	54.4	68.9
Kendujhar	66.6	72.8	45.4	66.7	73.4	45.6	66.5	72.3	45.2
Khordha	42.7	58.0	25.9	42.1	58.7	25.2	43.4	57.4	26.6
Koraput	58.6	67.6	43.7	61.1	69.3	44.6	55.9	65.5	43.0
Malkangiri	76.7	78.0	53.3	76.6	78.5	48.0	76.7	77.6	60.0
Mayurbhanj	50.7	52.5	38.2	53.8	55.3	42.9	47.9	50.0	34.5
Nabarangapur	69.7	70.6	-	67.8	69.6	-	72.1	72.0	-
Nuapada	69.8	68.5	-	70.5	69.2	-	69.0	67.7	-
Nayagarh	77.9	77.8	-	78.2	78.3	-	77.5	77.4	-
Puri	47.8	52.3	27.7	48.3	52.9	27.8	47.4	51.8	27.5
Rayagada	59.8	73.4	32.0	60.7	72.1	35.2	58.7	75.2	28.4
Sambalpur	43.3	55.8	30.0	42.0	52.0	31.5	44.5	59.3	28.7
Sonapur	69.6	67.9	86.6	71.2	69.3	88.0	67.7	66.5	84.1
Sundargarh	39.9	60.2	23.6	38.8	59.4	23.2	41.1	61.1	24.1

PERSONAL HABITS (15 YEARS AND ABOVE)

State / District	Population by habit of Chewing with Tobacco (%)								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	38.0	40.6	25.6	45.8	48.5	33.2	30.3	32.9	17.6
Anugul	32.1	33.5	25.5	44.9	47.0	35.3	19.2	20.1	15.1
Balangir	46.6	48.0	32.3	52.1	53.4	39.6	40.9	42.5	24.7
Baleshwar	42.3	44.2	30.6	50.8	52.8	38.7	34.5	36.3	22.4
Bargarh	46.5	47.7	33.8	50.9	51.9	40.2	42.1	43.4	27.2
Baudh	33.2	34.1	-	41.0	41.9	-	25.1	26.0	-
Bhadrak	46.5	47.0	43.0	56.6	57.4	51.8	37.7	38.1	34.2
Cuttack	29.7	30.1	28.8	37.2	37.6	36.2	22.0	22.4	20.9
Debagarh	40.7	41.1	36.7	55.0	55.7	48.7	26.6	26.8	24.9
Dhenkanal	40.8	41.4	35.2	52.2	53.2	43.0	30.3	30.6	27.2
Gajapati	13.0	13.2	11.9	20.1	20.1	19.9	6.1	6.4	4.4
Ganjam	33.3	37.0	17.0	41.6	46.1	22.2	25.4	28.4	11.9
Jagatsinghapur	25.6	26.2	20.6	32.2	32.8	27.7	18.9	19.7	12.3
Jajapur	43.4	43.9	-	52.1	52.6	-	35.2	35.6	-
Jharsuguda	44.5	50.6	33.9	52.5	57.5	44.1	35.9	43.4	22.6
Kalahandi	27.2	28.9	-	32.1	33.3	-	22.2	24.4	-
Kandhamal	34.0	36.2	14.6	39.1	41.5	19.1	28.8	30.9	9.8
Kendrapara	38.9	38.9	38.6	48.4	48.6	45.9	30.6	30.5	31.6
Kendujhar	47.5	50.7	33.9	56.5	59.8	43.1	38.8	42.0	24.5
Khordha	22.8	29.1	15.3	29.9	37.8	20.9	15.3	20.3	9.2
Koraput	44.2	48.0	28.4	49.0	52.6	33.9	39.6	43.6	22.9
Malkangiri	58.4	60.9	30.8	63.5	65.2	45.2	53.4	56.7	16.6
Mayurbhanj	51.3	53.0	33.0	58.4	60.0	41.6	44.6	46.3	24.6
Nabarangapur	48.5	50.0	-	55.1	56.6	-	41.7	43.3	-
Nuapada	38.7	39.6	-	44.2	44.9	-	33.2	34.1	-
Nayagarh	31.8	32.0	-	44.1	44.5	-	19.2	19.2	-
Puri	37.7	40.1	24.3	44.5	47.1	30.1	30.9	33.2	18.2
Rayagada	28.2	31.0	16.1	35.7	38.5	24.3	21.3	24.2	7.8
Sambalpur	43.4	49.2	34.4	52.2	57.1	44.7	34.6	41.4	24.0
Sonapur	32.0	31.8	35.0	41.7	41.4	46.5	21.5	21.4	22.4
Sundargarh	36.4	42.3	24.8	46.9	52.8	35.3	25.7	31.6	13.5

PERSONAL HABITS (15 YEARS AND ABOVE)

State / District	Population by habit of Chewing without Tobacco (%)								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	4.6	4.6	4.3	6.3	6.4	6.0	2.9	2.9	2.6
Anugul	3.5	3.4	3.7	5.5	5.6	5.4	1.4	1.3	1.8
Balangir	2.7	2.4	5.5	4.7	4.2	9.5	0.6	0.5	1.4
Baleshwar	3.5	3.4	4.0	4.0	3.8	4.9	3.0	2.9	3.2
Bargarh	3.4	3.3	4.5	6.0	5.8	7.4	0.8	0.7	1.5
Baudh	4.5	4.5	-	6.7	6.6	-	2.3	2.3	-
Bhadrak	3.7	3.8	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.9	4.0	3.3
Cuttack	7.1	9.3	1.2	8.3	11.1	1.2	5.8	7.5	1.2
Debagarh	1.8	1.7	1.9	2.7	2.6	3.1	0.9	0.9	0.7
Dhenkanal	3.4	3.1	5.6	4.6	4.1	8.5	2.3	2.2	2.7
Gajapati	5.7	6.1	3.5	8.9	9.5	5.4	2.6	2.8	1.6
Ganjam	6.8	6.6	7.5	10.8	10.8	10.4	3.0	2.7	4.6
Jagatsinghapur	13.8	14.4	9.3	16.7	17.4	11.6	10.9	11.4	6.7
Jajapur	2.6	2.7	-	3.1	3.2	-	2.2	2.3	-
Jharsuguda	1.9	2.0	1.7	2.9	3.1	2.6	0.8	0.8	0.8
Kalahandi	4.1	4.1	-	6.8	6.9	-	1.2	1.3	-
Kandhamal	7.1	7.0	8.1	10.2	9.7	14.0	4.1	4.3	1.8
Kendrapara	4.2	4.3	4.0	4.4	4.5	3.9	4.1	4.1	4.1
Kendujhar	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.8	2.8	2.7	1.3	1.2	1.7
Khordha	6.4	6.0	6.9	8.4	7.4	9.4	4.4	4.5	4.2
Koraput	7.4	7.7	6.4	10.0	10.2	9.2	5.0	5.3	3.6
Malkangiri	4.5	4.7	2.2	5.7	5.9	3.1	3.3	3.5	1.3
Mayurbhanj	3.5	3.3	6.2	5.2	4.9	8.5	1.9	1.7	4.0
Nabarangapur	6.6	6.8	-	8.8	9.1	-	4.3	4.5	-
Nuapada	1.9	2.0	-	3.2	3.3	-	0.7	0.6	-
Nayagarh	3.7	3.7	-	5.9	5.8	-	1.5	1.5	-
Puri	2.1	1.9	3.0	2.6	2.3	4.4	1.6	1.6	1.5
Rayagada	5.2	5.4	4.6	7.6	7.8	6.7	3.0	3.2	2.4
Sambalpur	2.4	2.6	2.1	4.0	4.5	3.4	0.7	0.7	0.8
Sonapur	2.7	2.7	1.5	4.1	4.2	2.3	1.1	1.1	0.7
Sundargarh	3.1	2.8	3.7	4.6	4.3	5.1	1.5	1.2	2.1

PERSONAL HABITS (15 YEARS AND ABOVE)									
State / District	Population by habit of Smoking (%)								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	8.0	8.6	5.5	15.3	16.4	10.4	0.9	1.0	0.5
Anugul	10.8	11.6	7.1	21.0	22.7	13.4	0.5	0.6	0.4
Balangir	9.3	9.6	6.3	18.3	18.9	12.3	0.2	0.2	0.1
Baleshwar	6.3	6.5	5.2	12.6	13.0	10.2	0.5	0.5	0.2
Bargarh	6.1	6.2	5.0	11.9	12.1	9.9	0.2	0.2	0.1
Baudh	9.5	9.6	-	18.2	18.4	-	0.5	0.5	-
Bhadrak	6.4	6.7	3.9	13.2	14.1	7.6	0.4	0.4	0.1
Cuttack	8.2	9.5	4.9	15.5	18.0	9.2	0.6	0.7	0.4
Debagarh	7.3	7.5	6.0	14.4	14.7	11.9	0.4	0.4	0.2
Dhenkanal	8.1	8.3	6.5	16.6	17.1	12.9	0.2	0.2	0.2
Gajapati	5.6	5.6	5.8	9.4	9.3	9.6	1.9	1.8	2.2
Ganjam	6.6	7.2	3.9	13.0	14.2	7.5	0.6	0.6	0.2
Jagatsinghapur	7.5	7.2	9.1	14.4	14.1	16.2	0.5	0.5	0.9
Jajapur	7.2	7.3	-	14.2	14.5	-	0.5	0.5	-
Jharsuguda	5.4	5.8	4.7	10.1	11.1	8.5	0.4	0.4	0.5
Kalahandi	6.8	7.1	-	13.0	13.7	-	0.4	0.3	-
Kandhamal	9.2	9.3	7.8	17.2	17.5	14.3	1.0	1.0	0.8
Kendrapara	8.5	8.4	10.0	17.5	17.3	20.1	0.6	0.6	0.3
Kendujhar	7.9	8.3	5.9	15.5	16.5	11.2	0.5	0.5	0.4
Khordha	9.0	11.7	5.8	16.9	22.4	10.8	0.6	0.8	0.4
Koraput	14.2	15.8	7.6	26.2	29.1	14.1	2.6	3.0	1.1
Malkangiri	8.0	8.5	2.5	14.1	15.0	4.8	2.0	2.1	0.3
Mayurbhanj	6.3	6.5	4.8	12.7	13.0	9.4	0.4	0.4	0.2
Nabarangapur	9.0	9.4	-	16.7	17.3	-	1.3	1.4	-
Nuapada	7.6	7.7	-	14.5	14.8	-	0.5	0.5	-
Nayagarh	12.8	13.0	-	24.8	25.0	-	0.7	0.7	-
Puri	11.2	12.0	6.5	21.5	23.2	12.1	0.8	0.8	0.7
Rayagada	16.1	18.2	6.4	19.5	21.6	10.8	12.9	15.2	2.0
Sambalpur	5.3	6.0	4.3	10.3	11.6	8.3	0.4	0.5	0.2
Sonapur	5.7	5.7	5.8	10.7	10.7	10.6	0.4	0.4	0.5
Sundargarh	5.0	4.5	5.8	9.1	8.3	10.5	0.7	0.7	0.7

PERSONAL HABITS (15 YEARS AND ABOVE)

State / District	Population by habit of Drinking Alcohol (%)								
	Person			Male			Female		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	12.7	13.7	8.0	21.0	22.5	13.8	4.5	5.0	2.0
Anugul	13.6	14.3	10.3	25.5	27.2	18.1	1.6	1.5	2.0
Balangir	18.2	18.9	11.5	35.3	36.6	21.8	0.9	0.9	0.7
Baleshwar	8.4	8.4	8.5	13.2	13.1	13.8	4.0	4.2	3.1
Bargarh	12.9	13.1	10.9	24.2	24.6	20.7	1.3	1.4	0.7
Baudh	10.7	10.8	-	20.2	20.5	-	0.9	0.9	-
Bhadrak	6.0	6.3	4.1	11.9	12.6	7.5	0.9	0.9	0.6
Cuttack	5.0	5.5	3.8	9.4	10.4	7.1	0.5	0.5	0.3
Debagarh	20.6	20.9	17.7	35.5	35.9	31.5	6.0	6.2	4.2
Dhenkanal	11.5	11.7	9.7	22.5	22.8	19.1	1.3	1.5	0.2
Gajapati	10.6	10.9	9.0	18.7	18.8	17.8	2.7	3.1	0.6
Ganjam	8.2	9.1	3.9	16.0	17.9	7.5	0.7	0.8	0.3
Jagatsinghapur	3.0	3.1	2.7	5.7	5.8	4.7	0.4	0.4	0.3
Jajapur	7.4	7.6	-	12.9	13.1	-	2.2	2.3	-
Jharsuguda	18.8	21.1	14.8	30.9	34.4	24.8	6.0	7.2	3.8
Kalahandi	10.1	10.7	-	17.9	19.0	-	2.0	2.2	-
Kandhamal	14.2	15.1	6.8	26.5	28.2	12.6	1.7	1.8	0.6
Kendrapara	3.5	3.3	6.4	7.2	6.8	12.2	0.3	0.2	0.8
Kendujhar	23.7	25.6	15.5	32.9	35.4	22.7	14.7	16.2	7.9
Khordha	5.0	5.9	3.8	9.2	11.2	6.9	0.5	0.5	0.4
Koraput	23.9	26.5	13.2	35.9	39.8	20.0	12.3	13.6	6.5
Malkangiri	36.1	38.3	12.6	44.7	47.1	19.0	27.7	29.7	6.4
Mayurbhanj	29.1	30.6	12.0	36.6	38.3	18.2	22.0	23.4	5.8
Nabarangapur	20.2	21.1	-	33.5	34.9	-	6.8	7.1	-
Nuapada	12.4	12.7	-	23.5	24.1	-	1.0	1.0	-
Nayagarh	6.9	6.9	-	13.2	13.3	-	0.4	0.4	-
Puri	4.2	4.2	4.0	8.0	8.1	7.6	0.4	0.4	0.3
Rayagada	14.2	15.6	8.1	27.4	30.2	15.4	2.1	2.4	0.6
Sambalpur	19.9	24.0	13.7	33.5	39.1	24.9	6.3	9.0	2.2
Sonapur	7.1	7.1	7.1	13.2	13.2	13.2	0.6	0.6	0.6
Sundargarh	23.3	28.0	14.0	34.6	40.8	22.6	11.6	15.0	4.8

Odisha: Population by habit of Chewing with /without Tobacco (%)
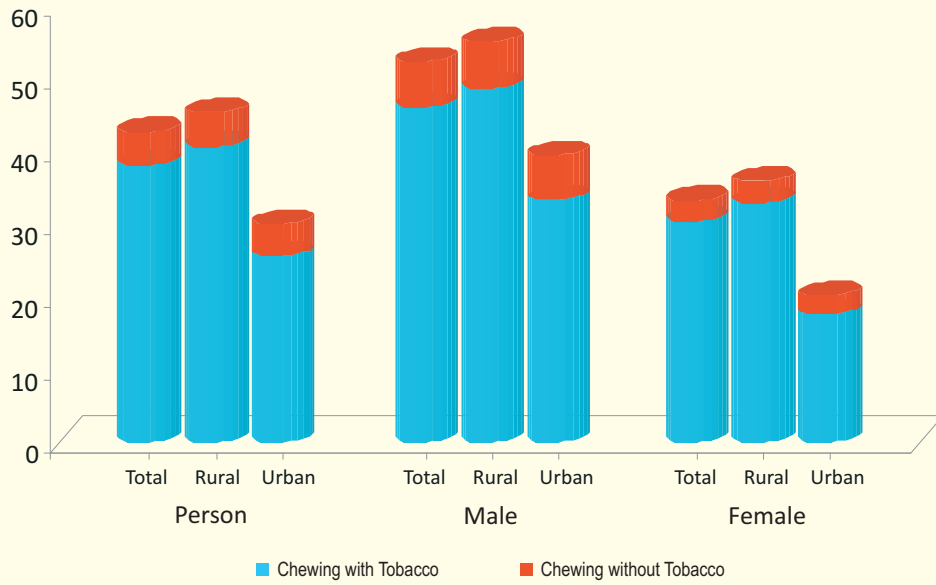
Legend: Chewing with Tobacco | Chewing without Tobacco

Odisha: Population by habit of Smoking (%)

Legend: Total | Rural | Urban

Odisha: Population by habit of Drinking Alcohol (%)
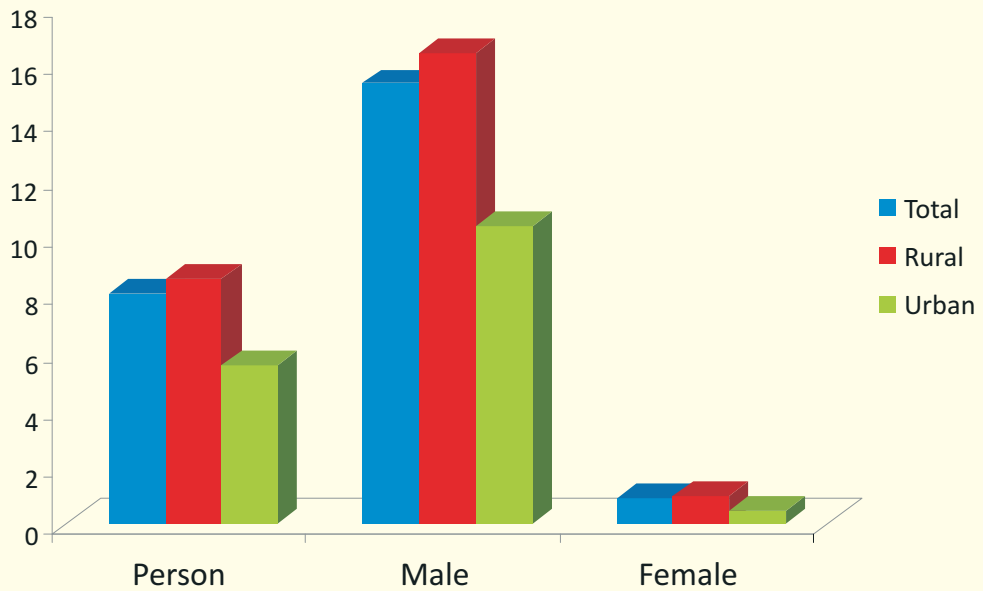
Legend: Total | Rural | Urban
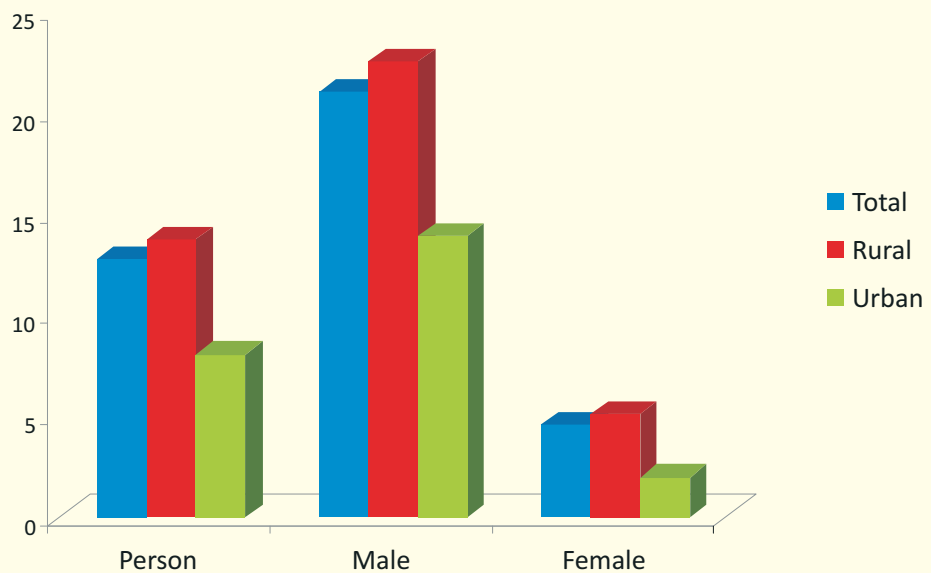
FERTILITY									
State / District	Crude Birth Rate (CBR)			Natural Growth Rate			Total Fertility Rate		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	20.0	20.4	17.9	11.6	11.6	11.5	2.3	2.4	1.9
Anugul	18.1	18.4	16.5	10.8	10.6	11.6	2.0	-	-
Balangir	21.1	21.6	16.2	10.6	10.7	9.6	2.6	-	-
Baleshwar	19.2	19.6	16.0	12.1	12.5	8.7	2.1	-	-
Bargarh	17.7	17.6	18.3	7.6	7.2	11.9	2.0	-	-
Baudh	29.5	30.1	18.2	18.9	19.3	12.0	3.7	-	-
Bhadrak	20.9	21.0	19.9	12.5	12.4	13.8	2.4	-	-
Cuttack	19.6	19.5	20.0	12.7	12.0	14.6	2.2	-	-
Debagarh	18.0	18.3	15.7	9.5	9.5	8.8	2.0	-	-
Dhenkanal	20.6	21.1	16.2	9.8	9.8	9.8	2.3	-	-
Gajapati	20.4	21.1	15.5	12.6	13.2	8.1	2.5	-	-
Ganjam	18.9	19.3	17.1	10.6	10.7	9.9	2.3	-	-
Jagatsinghapur	17.6	17.8	16.5	10.4	10.1	13.1	2.1	-	-
Jajapur	18.3	18.5	15.3	10.5	10.6	8.5	2.1	-	-
Jharsuguda	17.4	17.0	18.1	9.0	7.5	11.6	2.0	-	-
Kalahandi	20.1	20.8	14.9	13.5	13.8	11.0	2.5	-	-
Kandhamal	21.4	22.0	15.8	12.4	12.7	10.0	2.6	-	-
Kendrapara	18.7	19.0	14.6	9.5	9.7	5.6	2.2	-	-
Kendujhar	20.5	20.8	19.0	11.1	11.1	11.2	2.3	-	-
Khordha	18.9	19.4	18.3	10.5	10.1	11.1	2.1	-	-
Koraput	25.8	26.0	24.9	17.8	17.5	19.0	3.1	-	-
Malkangiri	24.5	25.0	18.6	17.5	17.7	14.9	2.8	-	-
Mayurbhanj	20.2	20.6	15.7	11.2	11.6	6.3	2.4	-	-
Nabarangapur	24.1	24.6	14.7	16.4	16.7	9.9	3.0	-	-
Nuapada	22.8	23.1	14.4	15.5	15.7	9.6	3.0	-	-
Nayagarh	21.2	21.5	13.2	11.9	12.2	5.6	2.6	-	-
Puri	17.5	17.3	18.6	8.6	8.2	11.0	2.0	-	-
Rayagada	22.8	23.9	17.4	14.3	15.3	9.5	2.7	-	-
Sambalpur	18.9	18.8	19.1	9.4	8.0	11.5	2.2	-	-
Sonapur	21.1	21.2	19.8	13.5	13.5	13.5	2.8	-	-
Sundargarh	18.2	19.1	16.3	11.0	10.3	12.3	2.1	-	-

Odisha: Crude Birth Rate and Natural Growth Rate

Odisha: Crude Birth Rate and Natural Growth Rate

Odisha: Total Fertility Rate

Odisha: Total Fertility Rate
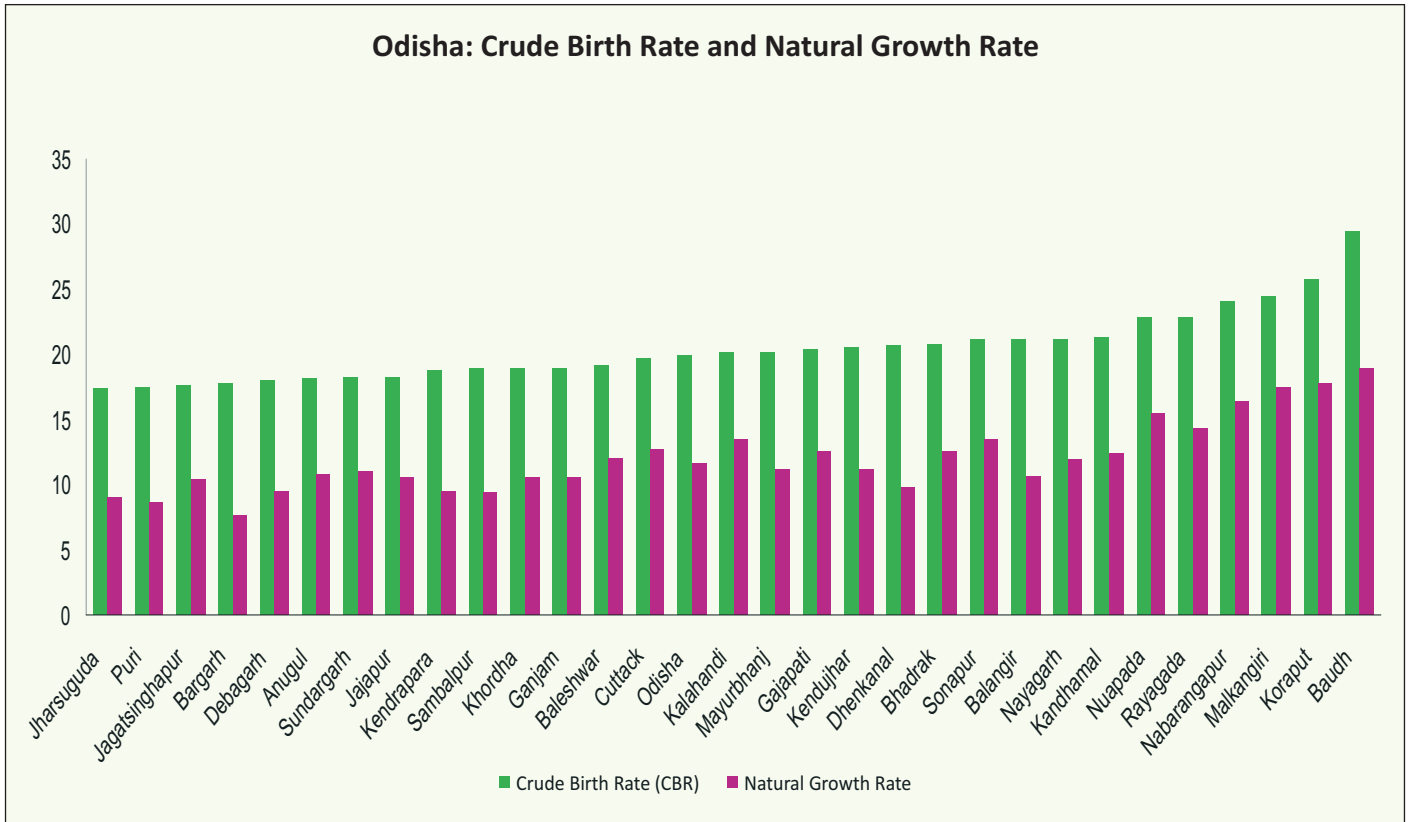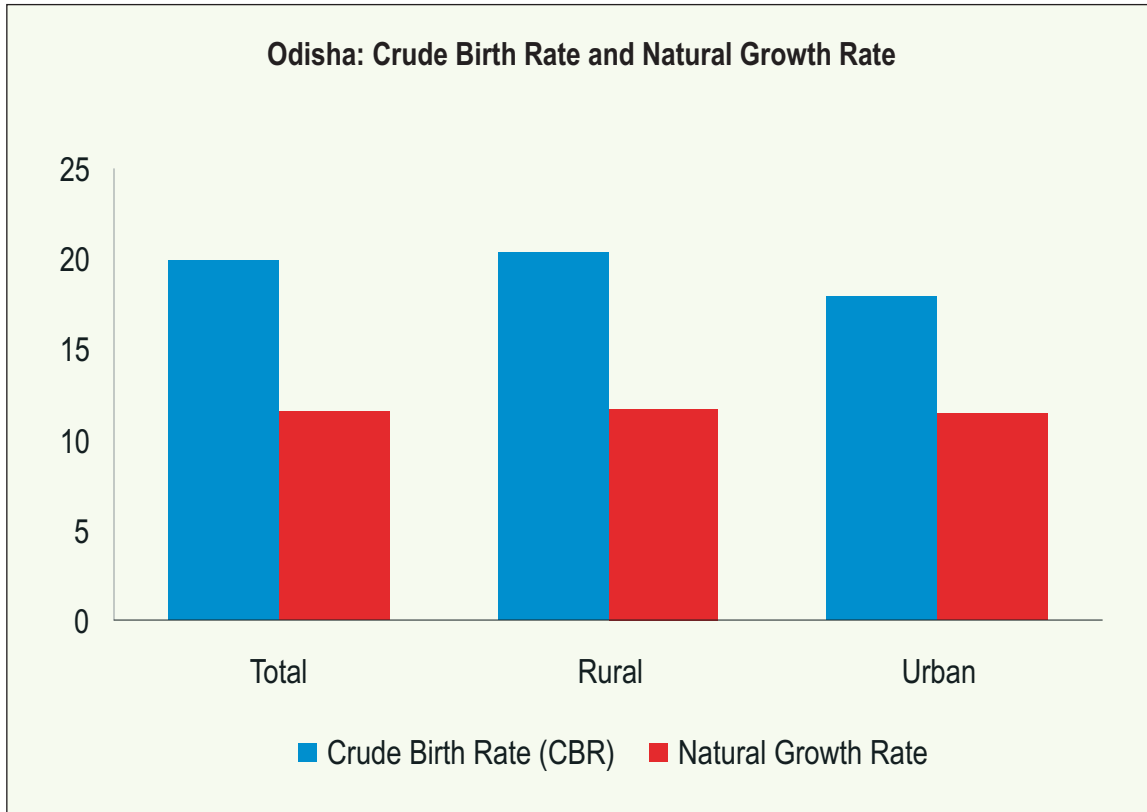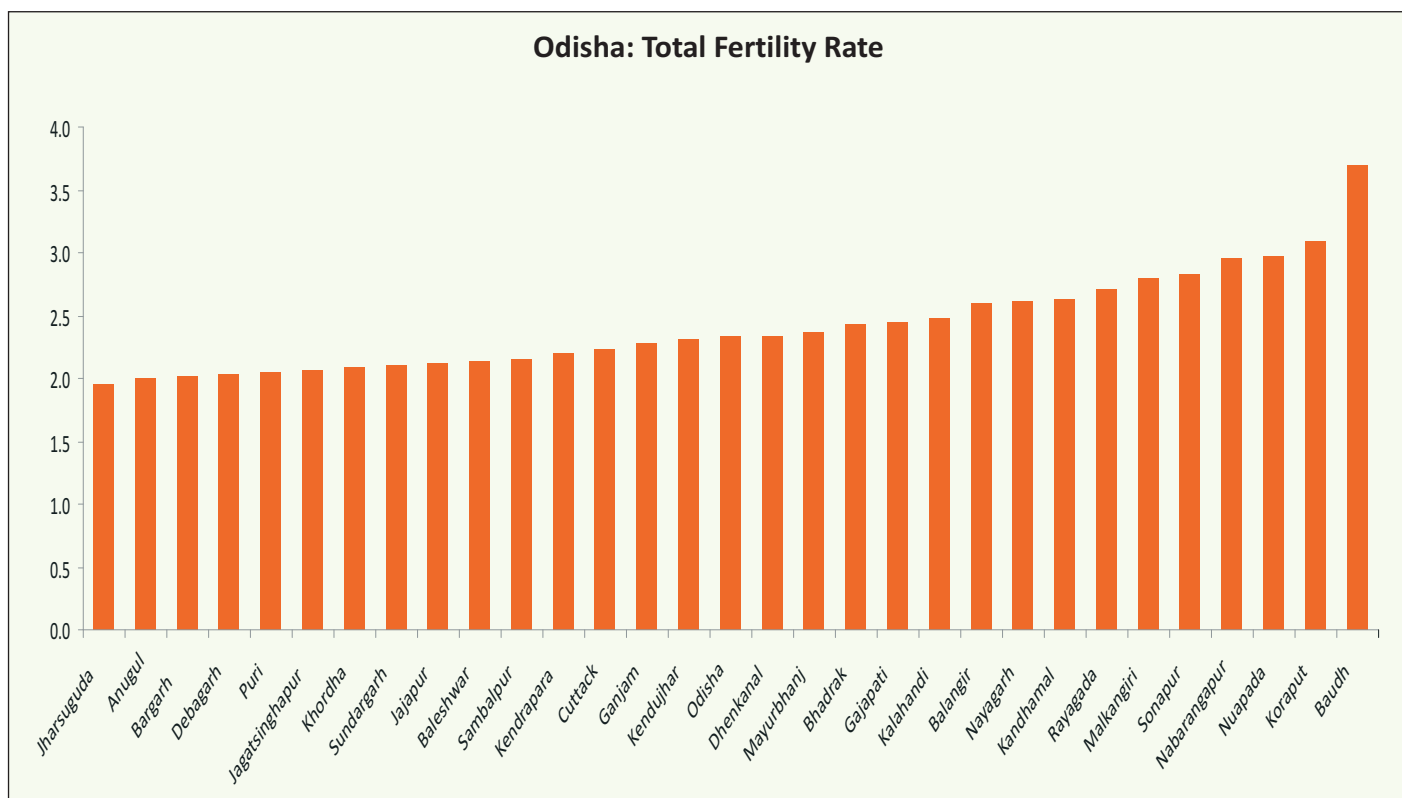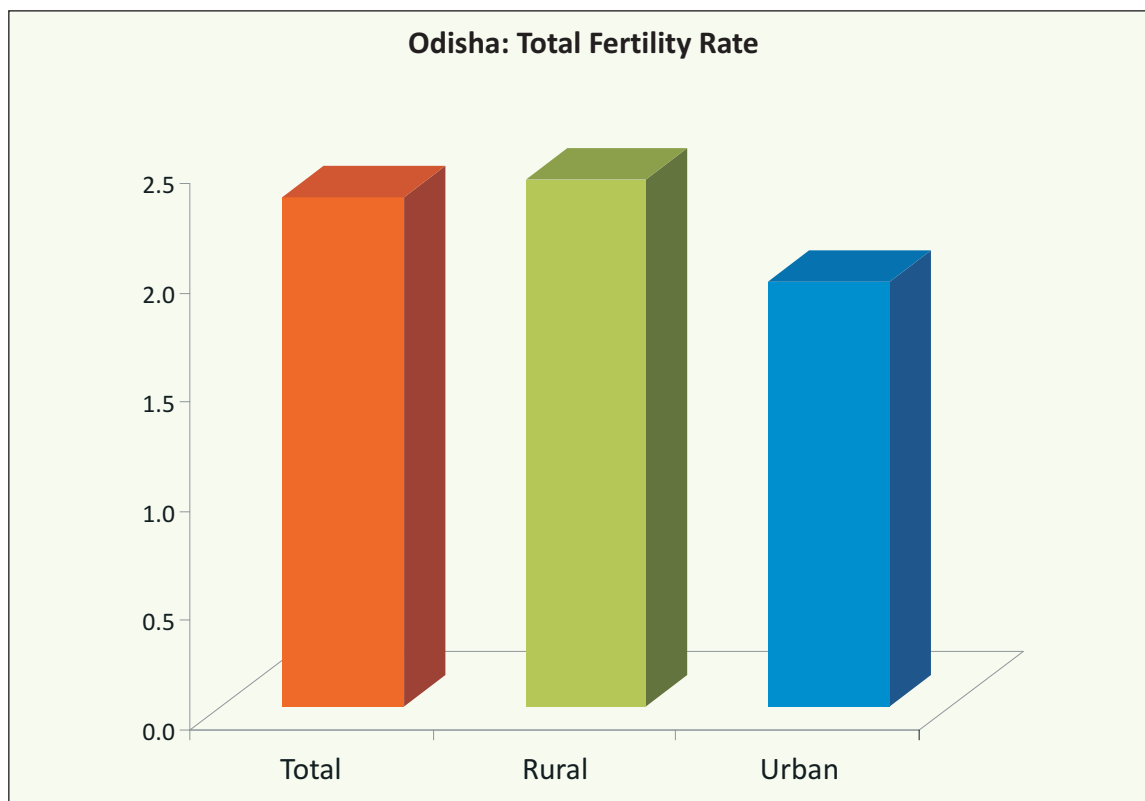
FERTILITY						
State / District	Women aged 20-24 reporting birth of order 2 & above (%)			Women reporting birth of order 3 & above (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Odisha	34.5	35.0	31.4	27.0	28.4	18.9
Angul	36.5	37.0	33.9	25.2	26.0	20.8
Balangir	37.6	37.7	36.5	32.9	33.8	20.6
Baleshwar	26.9	27.0	26.2	24.5	25.1	18.7
Bargarh	40.6	40.7	39.7	25.7	26.5	17.4
Baudh	32.7	32.1	-	37.2	37.7	-
Bhadrak	34.5	34.1	37.2	29.1	29.2	28.4
Cuttack	24.3	25.3	21.2	17.4	18.3	14.6
Debagarh	41.6	41.8	39.7	30.7	30.7	30.1
Dhenkanal	36.8	38.2	14.3	29.3	29.7	24.3
Gajapati	39.5	39.9	36.8	23.4	24.6	13.5
Ganjam	37.0	38.8	18.5	25.6	26.7	17.7
Jagatsinghapur	18.2	17.5	22.2	12.4	12.4	12.3
Jajapur	32.2	32.1	-	26.2	26.5	-
Jharsuguda	35.1	33.8	37.2	26.3	28.2	23.3
Kalahandi	29.2	30.6	-	27.3	28.9	-
Kandhamal	27.2	27.2	26.8	33.2	35.0	16.1
Kendrapara	31.1	31.9	5.3	27.2	27.4	22.7
Kendujhar	41.9	42.1	40.6	32.8	34.0	27.1
Khordha	24.0	25.9	20.8	16.0	20.3	9.4
Koraput	44.1	44.5	42.2	36.5	39.1	24.0
Malkangiri	44.9	45.1	42.4	40.2	40.9	31.7
Mayurbhanj	38.8	39.4	30.0	34.1	35.1	18.8
Nabarangpur	38.4	39.0	-	31.9	32.5	-
Nuapada	34.1	34.3	-	28.8	29.3	-
Nayagarh	30.3	30.3	-	21.0	21.2	-
Puri	21.8	19.7	28.8	14.6	14.8	13.9
Rayagada	34.4	33.5	38.8	31.3	34.5	13.3
Sambalpur	41.8	39.2	45.8	29.7	32.1	26.0
Sonapur	30.1	30.4	25.8	27.7	28.3	16.9
Sundargarh	30.7	30.8	30.5	26.0	28.5	19.9

FERTILITY

State / District	Women with two children wanting no more children (%)			Women aged 15-19 years who were already mothers or pregnant at the time of survey (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Odisha	77.9	74.8	90.2	47.4	46.7	53.0
Anugul	89.7	89.5	90.6	52.7	52.2	55.9
Balangir	61.4	57.8	87.8	48.4	48.3	50.0
Baleshwar	89.0	88.7	90.2	49.8	48.3	61.5
Bargarh	76.3	74.3	92.8	56.0	56.2	53.8
Baudh	59.7	58.8	-	49.5	49.0	-
Bhadrak	84.2	84.1	85.4	52.4	48.9	72.0
Cuttack	88.6	86.4	94.0	53.4	51.7	63.6
Debagarh	84.9	84.4	88.6	60.2	60.2	60.0
Dhenkanal	86.9	85.7	95.2	50.3	50.0	60.0
Gajapati	41.0	37.5	68.6	47.7	49.4	27.3
Ganjam	74.4	69.9	90.7	50.7	50.0	60.0
Jagatsinghapur	90.5	90.2	92.1	39.6	36.0	50.0
Jajapur	87.1	86.9	-	46.9	45.8	-
Jharsuguda	81.7	77.2	87.7	53.6	50.2	58.1
Kalahandi	62.7	57.8	-	29.8	29.8	-
Kandhamal	57.2	53.0	85.2	35.4	34.5	42.3
Kendrapara	87.0	86.8	90.3	49.6	51.0	0.0
Kendujhar	82.1	80.8	86.4	57.1	56.9	58.1
Khordha	90.9	86.2	95.0	46.3	48.2	43.1
Koraput	46.4	39.9	72.0	38.9	37.9	50.0
Malkangiri	31.7	30.3	45.0	42.3	42.3	41.7
Mayurbhanj	79.8	78.0	93.9	52.7	53.0	37.5
Nabarangapur	32.5	29.6	-	36.6	36.7	-
Nuapada	42.0	40.4	-	35.2	35.9	-
Nayagarh	88.5	88.2	-	56.1	56.6	-
Puri	93.1	92.2	97.1	45.8	43.9	53.3
Rayagada	50.9	47.4	70.6	34.0	31.3	50.0
Sambalpur	79.4	74.0	86.5	56.8	53.8	59.8
Sonapur	67.7	67.2	73.8	38.7	38.9	33.3
Sundargarh	82.2	75.5	91.3	53.0	54.2	51.0

Odisha: Women aged 15-19 years who were already mothers or pregnant at the time of survey (%)
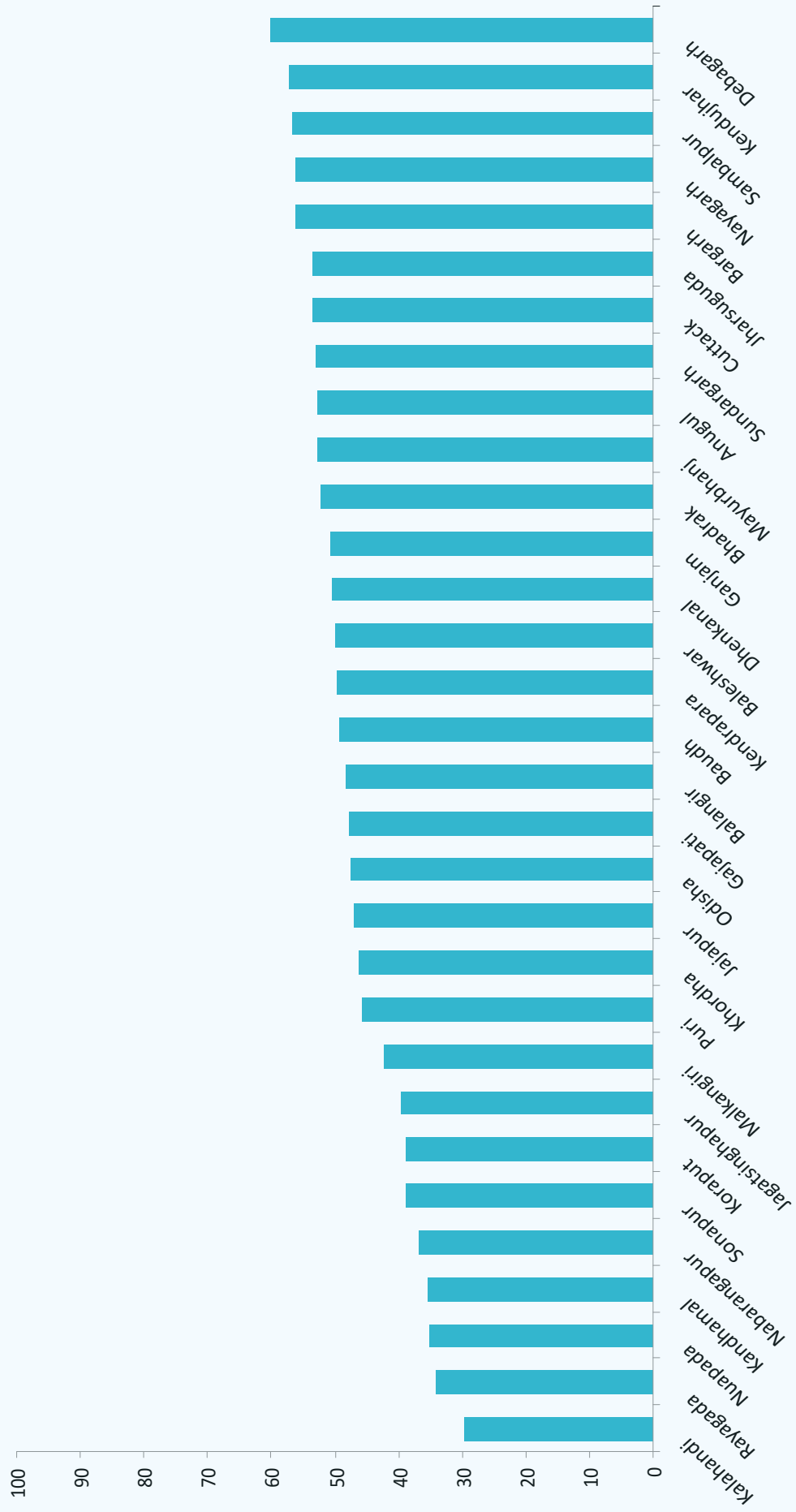
State / District	FERTILITY								
	Median age at first live birth of Women aged 15-49 years			Median age at first live birth of Women aged 25-49 years			Live Births taking place after an interval of 36 months (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	22.8	22.6	23.8	22.3	22.1	23.3	51.4	50.9	54.6
Anugul	21.7	21.5	22.8	21.3	21.0	22.4	53.9	53.7	55.0
Balangir	21.7	21.6	22.9	21.2	21.1	22.3	47.5	47.3	51.4
Baleshwar	22.0	21.9	23.1	21.6	21.4	22.8	58.2	58.2	58.3
Bargarh	21.5	21.4	22.7	20.8	20.7	22.3	55.5	56.2	47.5
Baudh	22.7	22.5	-	22.1	22.0	-	60.6	60.3	-
Bhadrak	23.1	23.1	23.2	22.5	22.5	22.6	45.0	44.8	46.9
Cuttack	23.8	23.4	24.8	23.3	22.9	24.4	49.9	49.5	51.2
Debagarh	21.9	21.9	22.7	21.6	21.5	22.1	51.3	50.9	55.6
Dhenkanal	22.6	22.4	23.9	22.1	22.0	23.5	47.7	47.3	54.0
Gajapati	22.2	22.0	23.6	21.8	21.6	23.1	38.3	37.7	43.9
Ganjam	21.7	21.4	23.2	21.0	20.8	22.4	58.4	57.3	68.1
Jagatsinghapur	24.7	24.7	24.9	24.2	24.2	24.1	59.3	58.6	64.8
Jajapur	23.5	23.4	-	22.8	22.8	-	49.7	49.6	-
Jharsuguda	22.5	22.4	22.5	21.8	21.8	21.8	41.9	42.5	40.9
Kalahandi	24.0	23.8	-	23.5	23.5	-	58.5	57.9	-
Kandhamal	23.9	24.0	23.5	23.3	23.3	23.0	56.3	56.0	61.8
Kendrapara	24.0	24.0	24.7	23.5	23.4	24.2	51.0	50.6	61.1
Kendujhar	22.1	22.0	22.5	21.7	21.7	22.1	48.3	47.5	53.0
Khordha	23.9	22.9	25.1	23.3	22.4	24.7	58.0	55.2	64.4
Koraput	22.6	22.3	23.6	22.2	21.9	23.2	51.1	50.2	56.3
Malkangiri	21.5	21.4	22.9	21.2	21.0	22.6	40.3	39.9	45.8
Mayurbhanj	21.9	21.8	23.6	21.5	21.3	23.2	49.3	49.1	52.7
Nabarangapur	22.0	21.9	-	21.7	21.7	-	49.5	49.2	-
Nuapada	23.9	23.8	-	23.6	23.6	-	48.7	48.6	-
Nayagarh	23.9	23.8	-	21.4	21.4	-	68.1	68.3	-
Puri	24.1	23.9	25.1	23.5	23.3	24.8	47.9	46.2	56.5
Rayagada	22.9	22.9	22.7	22.6	22.2	22.6	48.8	49.2	45.7
Sambalpur	22.3	22.1	22.7	21.8	21.6	22.3	45.4	44.6	46.6
Sonapur	24.0	23.8	25.5	23.3	23.2	24.8	58.3	58.0	63.4
Sundargarh	23.5	23.4	23.8	23.0	22.8	23.4	47.2	43.3	57.3

Odisha: Median age of Women at first live birth

Legend:
- Age 25-49 years (orange)
- Age 15-49 years (green)

Districts (top to bottom):
Jagatsinghpur, Puri, Kalahandi, Sonapur, Kendrapara, Nuapada, Kandhamal, Khordha, Nayagarh, Cuttack, Jajapur, Sundargarh, Bhadrak, Rayagada, Odisha, Baudh, Koraput, Dhenkanal, Jharsuguda, Sambalpur, Gajapati, Kendujhar, Nabarangpur, Baleshwar, Mayurbhanj, Debagarh, Balangir, Ganjam, Angul, Malkangiri, Bargarh

Axis values: 25, 24, 23, 22, 21, 20, 19, 18, 17, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10

FERTILITY									
State / District	**Mean number of children ever born to Women aged 15-49 years**			**Mean number of children surviving to Women aged 15-49 years**			**Mean number of children ever born to Women aged 45-49 years**		
	Total	**Rural**	**Urban**	**Total**	**Rural**	**Urban**	**Total**	**Rural**	**Urban**
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	2.5	2.5	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.1	3.6	3.6	3.2
Anugul	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.2	2.2	3.6	3.6	3.6
Balangir	2.6	2.7	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.1	3.7	3.8	3.2
Baleshwar	2.5	2.5	2.1	2.3	2.3	1.9	3.8	3.9	3.0
Bargarh	2.5	2.5	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.1	3.5	3.5	3.1
Baudh	2.7	2.7	-	2.4	2.4	-	3.7	3.7	-
Bhadrak	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.5	2.5	2.5	4.3	4.3	4.6
Cuttack	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.9	3.2	3.3	3.0
Debagarh	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.2	2.2	3.5	3.5	3.4
Dhenkanal	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.0	3.8	3.8	3.7
Gajapati	2.4	2.5	1.9	2.3	2.3	1.9	3.1	3.2	2.6
Ganjam	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	3.6	3.6	3.3
Jagatsinghapur	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.1	3.1	3.1	3.2
Jajapur	2.7	2.7	-	2.4	2.4	-	4.0	4.0	-
Jharsuguda	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.2	2.2	2.3	3.6	3.6	3.7
Kalahandi	2.2	2.2	-	2.1	2.1	-	2.9	3.0	-
Kandhamal	2.3	2.4	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.0	3.4	3.5	2.5
Kendrapara	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.2	4.0	4.0	3.6
Kendujhar	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.2	3.6	3.6	3.7
Khordha	2.1	2.3	1.9	2.0	2.2	1.8	3.0	3.3	2.6
Koraput	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.1	3.1	3.2	2.8
Malkangiri	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	3.2	3.2	3.1
Mayurbhanj	2.7	2.7	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.0	3.7	3.8	3.1
Nabarangapur	2.5	2.5	-	2.3	2.3	-	3.5	3.5	-
Nuapada	2.2	2.2	-	2.1	2.1	-	3.2	3.2	-
Nayagarh	2.3	2.3	-	2.1	2.1	-	3.5	3.5	-
Puri	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.9	3.1	3.1	2.9
Rayagada	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	3.2	3.3	2.8
Sambalpur	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.2	3.6	3.8	3.4
Sonapur	2.4	2.4	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.0	3.5	3.5	2.9
Sundargarh	2.5	2.6	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.1	3.5	3.7	3.2

State / District	Pregnancy to Women aged 15-49 years resulting in abortion (%)			Women who received any ANC before abortion (%)			Women who went for Ultrasound before abortion (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	5.6	5.5	6.3	61.6	59.6	72.1	17.3	15.5	26.7
Anugul	4.9	4.6	6.4	65.1	65.4	63.9	21.5	19.7	27.8
Balangir	7.3	7.2	9.1	59.1	57.5	76.2	11.8	11.6	14.3
Baleshwar	5.2	4.9	7.8	80.2	77.2	96.0	9.7	10.0	8.0
Bargarh	12.1	12.1	11.4	66.2	65.8	71.4	15.1	14.2	26.2
Baudh	4.9	5.0	-	59.5	60.1	-	21.2	21.4	-
Bhadrak	10.7	10.3	13.7	68.0	68.3	66.1	14.0	14.5	11.3
Cuttack	2.9	2.9	3.0	56.3	48.2	79.2	20.9	15.0	37.5
Debagarh	10.3	10.1	12.1	73.4	74.2	66.7	14.0	14.7	8.3
Dhenkanal	6.9	6.9	7.4	68.3	67.3	80.0	24.5	24.3	26.7
Gajapati	2.2	2.0	4.3	60.2	64.9	42.9	28.9	17.5	71.4
Ganjam	4.4	4.6	3.3	57.5	56.0	71.4	14.6	13.1	28.6
Jagatsinghapur	1.8	1.8	1.8	51.5	51.0	56.1	26.7	17.6	100.0
Jajapur	7.3	7.5	-	53.0	53.2	-	16.3	16.3	-
Jharsuguda	7.8	7.2	8.7	76.8	75.7	78.3	28.7	23.0	36.0
Kalahandi	3.5	2.9	-	66.1	61.4	-	15.4	23.6	-
Kandhamal	2.2	1.8	6.5	54.2	55.7	50.0	49.4	45.4	60.0
Kendrapara	8.2	8.2	7.9	49.0	48.4	61.5	21.1	20.3	38.5
Kendujhar	7.1	7.1	7.5	61.9	58.3	77.8	15.2	14.5	18.5
Khordha	2.9	3.2	2.5	65.2	60.6	74.1	18.9	17.1	22.4
Koraput	2.5	1.9	4.5	55.5	27.3	72.7	22.6	0.0	36.4
Malkangiri	2.9	2.4	4.4	31.6	25.4	44.4	14.5	0.0	44.4
Mayurbhanj	5.9	5.7	7.8	39.9	40.3	35.7	10.0	8.4	28.6
Nabarangapur	1.8	1.7	-	53.8	54.1	-	25.7	20.6	-
Nuapada	1.7	1.6	-	81.7	79.6	-	19.6	18.0	-
Nayagarh	4.3	4.3	-	62.7	62.6	-	26.0	26.7	-
Puri	7.1	6.3	11.1	70.3	66.3	81.3	19.7	19.2	20.8
Rayagada	2.3	2.1	3.4	68.2	67.3	71.4	35.0	32.7	42.9
Sambalpur	9.5	9.6	9.3	70.5	69.6	72.0	20.3	14.8	29.0
Sonapur	2.9	3.0	1.6	66.5	65.6	100.0	14.6	15.1	0.0
Sundargarh	5.3	4.8	6.4	52.0	42.2	69.4	21.7	12.1	38.8

Odisha: Pregnancy to Women aged 15-49 years resulting in abortion (%)
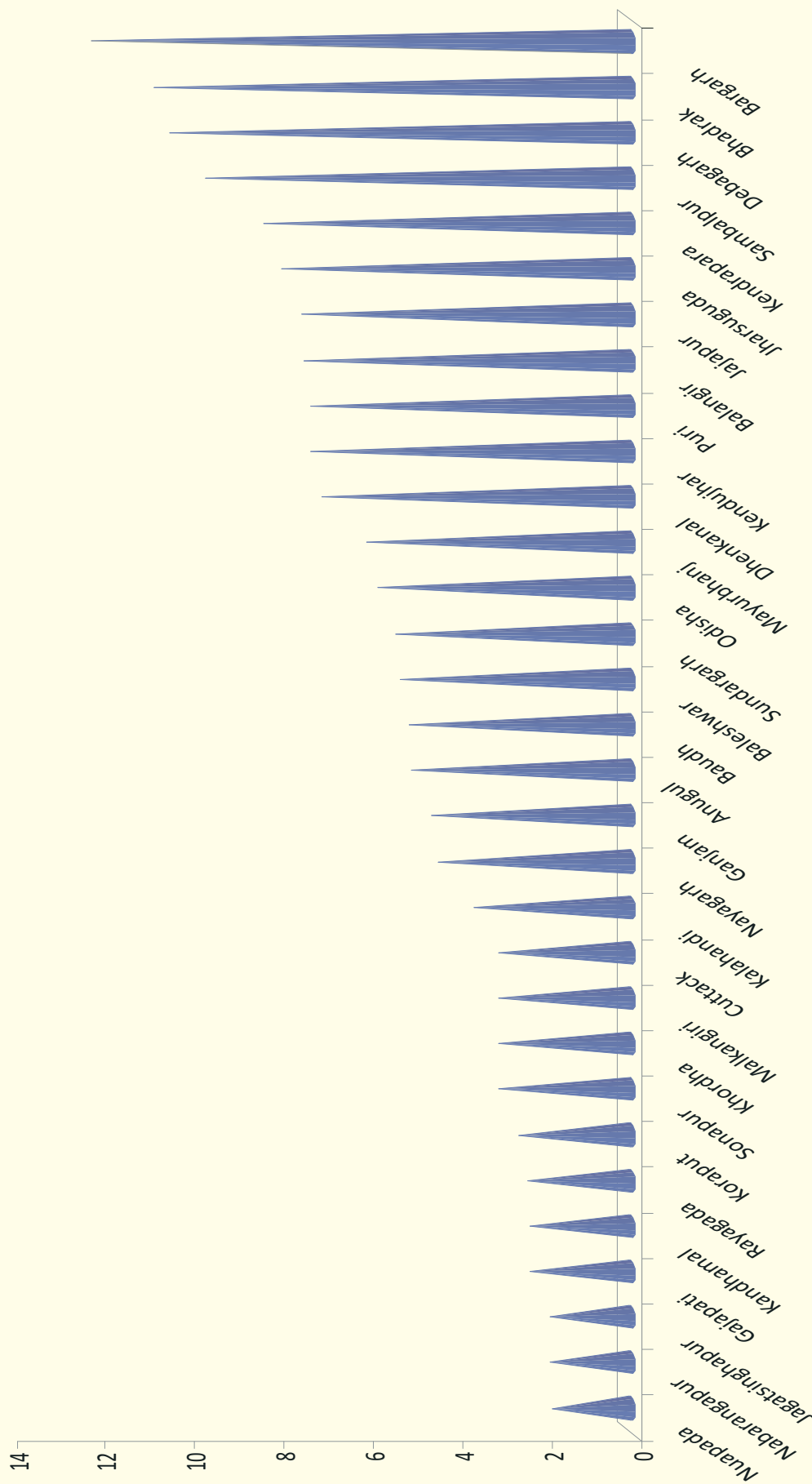
ABORTION									
State / District	**Average Month of pregnancy at the time of abortion**			**Abortion performed by skilled health personnel (%)**			**Abortion taking place in Institution (%)**		
	Total	**Rural**	**Urban**	**Total**	**Rural**	**Urban**	**Total**	**Rural**	**Urban**
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	3.0	3.0	2.8	60.0	58.0	63.1	56.5	56.1	60.0
Anugul	2.7	2.8	2.2	60.2	59.1	63.9	58.5	57.7	61.1
Balangir	2.9	2.9	2.4	37.9	34.8	71.4	31.0	27.7	66.7
Baleshwar	2.7	2.8	2.5	60.5	59.8	64.0	56.7	55.3	64.0
Bargarh	2.8	2.8	2.5	44.6	43.7	54.8	43.6	42.8	52.4
Baudh	2.8	2.8	-	36.0	36.4	-	34.5	34.8	-
Bhadrak	2.9	2.9	2.8	69.9	68.9	75.8	68.5	67.2	75.8
Cuttack	3.1	3.1	3.4	66.3	66.2	66.7	63.6	62.5	66.7
Debagarh	2.9	2.9	2.8	58.5	62.9	20.8	54.8	58.7	20.8
Dhenkanal	3.1	3.2	2.5	48.0	49.2	33.3	47.6	48.8	33.3
Gajapati	4.8	4.7	5.3	97.0	100.0	85.7	91.9	93.6	85.7
Ganjam	3.2	3.2	3.4	55.5	55.3	57.1	55.0	54.8	57.1
Jagatsinghapur	3.9	3.9	4.4	91.3	90.2	100.0	89.5	88.2	100.0
Jajapur	2.7	2.7	-	48.2	47.1	-	44.3	43.2	-
Jharsuguda	2.8	2.9	2.6	47.3	45.2	50.0	44.6	42.8	46.9
Kalahandi	3.4	3.4	-	63.1	70.1	-	63.1	70.1	-
Kandhamal	5.0	4.9	5.3	94.5	100.0	80.0	86.8	97.0	60.0
Kendrapara	2.9	2.9	3.2	61.5	60.4	84.6	56.7	55.7	76.9
Kendujhar	3.0	3.0	3.1	39.6	39.0	42.6	38.9	38.5	40.7
Khordha	2.9	2.8	2.9	72.2	71.1	77.6	65.9	59.8	74.1
Koraput	3.3	3.4	3.2	53.4	36.5	63.6	47.7	36.5	54.5
Malkangiri	4.7	4.6	4.9	62.3	60.3	66.7	51.8	44.6	66.7
Mayurbhanj	3.1	3.1	3.0	59.6	56.8	92.9	57.0	54.5	85.7
Nabarangapur	5.0	5.0	-	86.6	87.8	-	69.1	71.1	-
Nuapada	4.4	4.3	-	65.6	61.6	-	65.6	61.6	-
Nayagarh	3.5	3.4	-	68.0	68.0	-	63.8	63.7	-
Puri	2.9	3.1	2.3	74.9	75.6	72.9	68.8	66.6	72.9
Rayagada	5.7	5.8	5.4	97.7	100.0	86.7	96.7	100.0	85.7
Sambalpur	2.6	2.7	2.5	33.6	28.3	41.9	32.7	26.9	41.9
Sonapur	3.3	3.4	2.0	58.0	58.2	50.0	57.2	57.4	50.0
Sundargarh	2.7	2.8	2.7	41.3	35.8	51.0	38.6	33.9	46.9

Odisha: Abortion where ultrasound was performed/ Abortion performed by skilled health personnel (%)

Legend:
- Performed by skilled health personnel
- Ultrasound before abortion

Districts (top to bottom): Rayagada, Gajapati, Kandhamal, Jagatsinghpur, Nabarangpur, Puri, Khordha, Bhadrak, Nayagarh, Cuttack, Nuapada, Kalahandi, Malkangiri, Kendrapara, Baleshwar, Anugul, Odisha, Mayurbhanj, Debagarh, Sonapur, Ganjam, Koraput, Jajapur, Dhenkanal, Jharsuguda, Bargarh, Sundargarh, Kendujhar, Balangir, Baudh, Sambalpur

X-axis: 0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
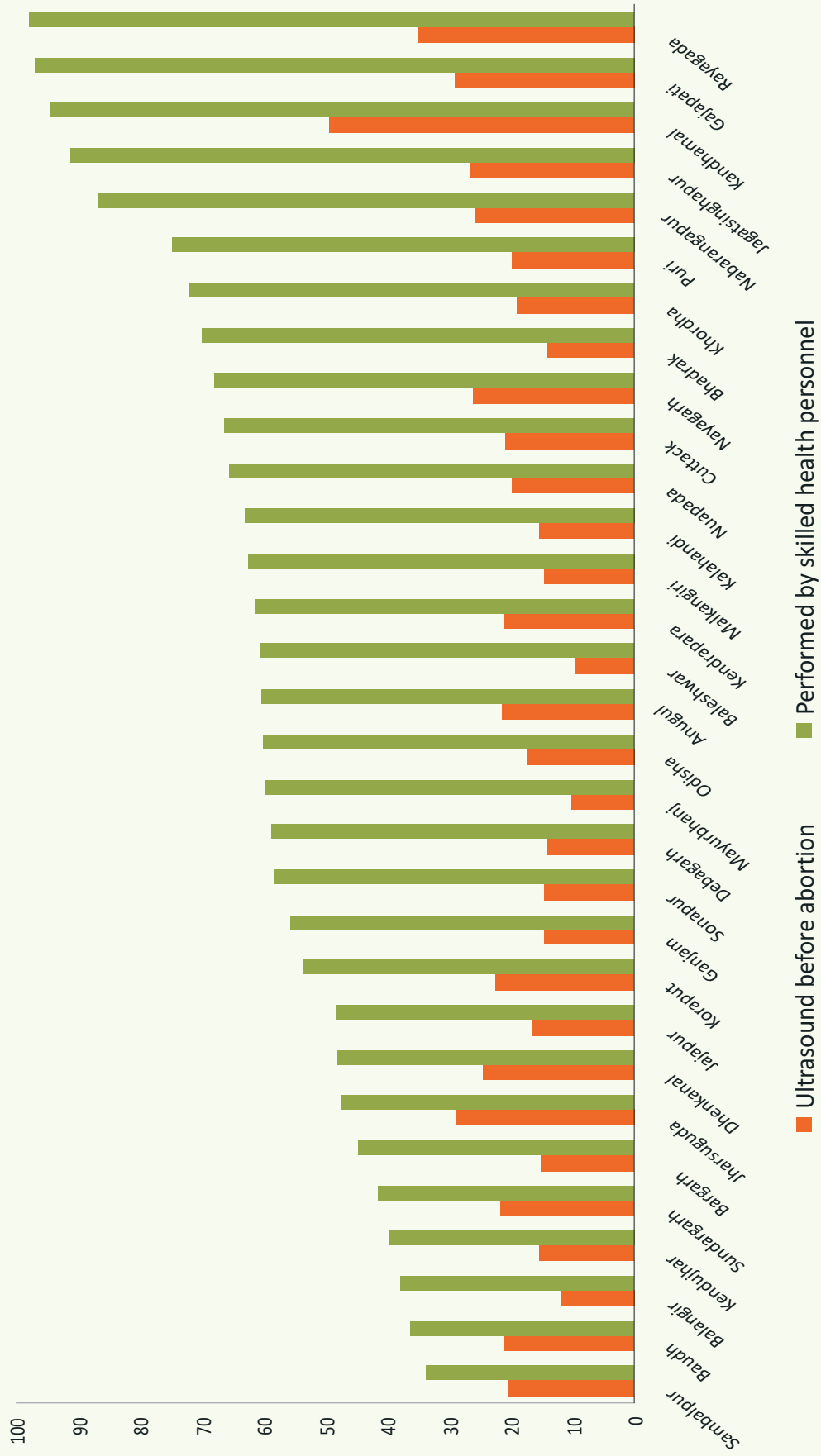
FAMILY PLANNING PRACTICES (CMW AGED 15-49 YEARS)

State / District	Current Usage								
	Any Method (%)			Any Modern Method (%)			Female Sterilization (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	56.2	54.9	62.7	44.0	43.4	47.0	30.1	30.6	27.4
Anugul	66.3	64.8	73.3	40.9	40.4	43.1	21.8	21.9	21.5
Balangir	60.6	59.6	71.4	41.0	40.1	50.1	29.7	30.0	27.2
Baleshwar	73.4	72.7	78.6	57.7	57.4	60.1	32.6	33.1	28.6
Bargarh	55.6	54.4	68.4	47.7	47.0	55.4	35.6	36.2	29.2
Baudh	31.7	31.1	-	30.1	29.5	-	18.3	18.0	-
Bhadrak	58.9	58.4	62.1	51.0	50.8	52.6	28.6	29.2	24.7
Cuttack	63.3	59.3	74.8	45.4	45.4	45.4	30.7	31.5	28.2
Debagarh	58.2	57.3	65.9	38.8	38.1	45.0	21.3	21.3	21.7
Dhenkanal	62.5	62.0	67.7	48.3	48.5	46.3	34.4	35.5	23.4
Gajapati	56.6	56.0	62.0	53.9	52.8	62.0	50.5	49.5	57.7
Ganjam	49.3	49.3	49.5	46.2	45.9	47.5	35.5	35.8	33.9
Jagatsinghapur	69.1	69.4	66.6	47.0	48.1	38.5	30.0	30.7	24.4
Jajapur	64.0	63.9	-	42.7	42.5	-	30.3	30.7	-
Jharsuguda	61.4	58.7	66.0	51.6	50.5	53.5	29.5	29.7	29.3
Kalahandi	37.8	35.5	-	37.2	35.3	-	30.1	30.1	-
Kandhamal	28.6	27.5	38.1	28.1	27.0	37.7	17.9	17.5	21.1
Kendrapara	66.1	66.1	66.8	48.8	48.7	49.2	28.0	28.3	23.7
Kendujhar	66.0	64.9	71.0	39.4	38.9	41.5	25.3	26.2	21.7
Khordha	52.6	54.5	50.3	44.0	46.5	41.2	26.0	31.6	19.5
Koraput	37.5	34.1	53.3	35.6	32.8	48.6	28.2	26.7	35.1
Malkangiri	34.7	32.9	54.3	34.2	32.5	53.8	27.4	27.1	30.5
Mayurbhanj	66.3	65.4	76.3	42.3	41.9	47.7	29.7	30.1	24.8
Nabarangapur	33.4	32.7	-	32.1	31.4	-	28.9	28.5	-
Nuapada	37.9	37.5	-	37.2	36.7	-	32.5	32.5	-
Nayagarh	54.2	54.0	-	42.3	42.4	-	29.6	30.0	-
Puri	56.6	54.6	68.4	50.1	51.0	44.7	35.6	37.2	25.5
Rayagada	37.8	34.1	54.4	36.6	32.6	54.2	34.2	30.4	50.8
Sambalpur	53.3	48.0	61.4	44.5	41.4	49.1	30.3	29.4	31.6
Sonapur	37.9	37.8	39.2	37.1	37.0	39.2	23.7	23.6	25.9
Sundargarh	58.4	53.6	67.1	43.5	41.8	46.5	26.4	25.9	27.3

FAMILY PLANNING PRACTICES (CMW AGED 15-49 YEARS)									
	Current Usage								
State / District	Male Sterilization (%)			Copper-T/IUD (%)			Pills (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.8	11.1	10.6	13.8
Anugul	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.4	1.1	16.6	16.8	15.8
Balangir	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	1.7	9.3	8.8	15.0
Baleshwar	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.8	22.8	22.7	23.7
Bargarh	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	9.7	9.1	16.0
Baudh	0.0	0.0	-	0.1	0.0	-	11.0	10.7	-
Bhadrak	1.4	1.4	1.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	19.0	18.5	22.6
Cuttack	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.8	12.0	11.8	12.3
Debagarh	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.5	1.4	11.7	11.4	14.5
Dhenkanal	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	13.0	12.1	21.7
Gajapati	0.7	0.6	1.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	2.5	2.4	2.9
Ganjam	0.3	0.2	0.9	0.1	0.1	0.1	8.9	8.5	11.0
Jagatsinghapur	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	14.0	14.1	13.1
Jajapur	0.2	0.2	-	0.2	0.2	-	10.4	9.8	-
Jharsuguda	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.8	0.7	1.0	12.5	12.3	12.8
Kalahandi	0.1	0.1	-	0.3	0.2	-	5.6	4.4	-
Kandhamal	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	9.3	8.6	14.6
Kendrapara	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.9	0.8	1.2	12.9	12.6	17.6
Kendujhar	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.4	11.7	10.7	16.2
Khordha	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.3	1.1	13.7	12.9	14.7
Koraput	2.0	2.3	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.7	4.3	3.3	8.6
Malkangiri	1.0	1.1	0.4	0.4	0.2	2.5	5.0	3.9	17.2
Mayurbhanj	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.3	1.1	10.1	9.6	15.9
Nabarangapur	0.3	0.3	-	0.1	0.0	-	2.3	2.1	-
Nuapada	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	0.0	-	4.0	3.6	-
Nayagarh	0.2	0.2	-	0.2	0.2	-	10.9	10.7	-
Puri	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.3	1.8	12.4	12.2	13.2
Rayagada	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.0	1.3	1.0	2.5
Sambalpur	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.9	10.1	9.9	10.6
Sonapur	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	12.6	12.6	13.1
Sundargarh	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.7	0.6	0.9	10.3	9.4	11.9

FAMILY PLANNING PRACTICES (CMW AGED 15-49 YEARS)

State / District	Current Usage								
	Condom/Nirodh (%)			Emergency Contraceptive Pills (%)			Any Traditional Method (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	2.1	1.6	4.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	12.2	11.5	15.7
Anugul	1.8	1.2	4.5	0.1	0.1	0.0	25.4	24.4	30.2
Balangir	1.6	1.2	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	19.7	19.5	21.3
Baleshwar	1.9	1.2	6.4	0.1	0.0	0.1	15.7	15.3	18.6
Bargarh	2.1	1.4	9.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.9	7.4	12.9
Baudh	0.4	0.4	-	0.1	0.1	-	1.6	1.6	-
Bhadrak	1.6	1.4	3.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	7.9	7.7	9.6
Cuttack	2.1	1.5	3.5	0.1	0.1	0.2	17.9	13.9	29.3
Debagarh	4.9	4.7	6.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	19.4	19.2	21.0
Dhenkanal	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.1	0.0	0.1	14.2	13.5	21.3
Gajapati	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.7	3.0	0.0
Ganjam	1.3	1.3	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.1	3.3	2.0
Jagatsinghapur	2.4	2.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.5	22.1	21.3	28.2
Jajapur	1.5	1.5	-	0.1	0.1	-	21.3	21.4	-
Jharsuguda	8.4	7.5	9.9	0.1	0.1	0.3	9.8	8.2	12.5
Kalahandi	1.0	0.3	-	0.1	0.1	-	0.6	0.3	-
Kandhamal	0.6	0.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	0.4
Kendrapara	6.6	6.7	6.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	17.3	17.3	17.6
Kendujhar	1.9	1.7	3.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	26.6	26.0	29.5
Khordha	3.0	1.3	5.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	8.6	8.1	9.2
Koraput	0.8	0.3	3.3	0.1	0.0	0.3	1.9	1.3	4.6
Malkangiri	0.2	0.1	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.4
Mayurbhanj	2.1	1.8	5.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.9	23.5	28.6
Nabarangapur	0.1	0.1	-	0.4	0.3	-	1.3	1.2	-
Nuapada	0.5	0.4	-	0.1	0.1	-	0.7	0.8	-
Nayagarh	1.3	1.2	-	0.1	0.1	-	11.9	11.6	-
Puri	1.5	1.1	3.8	0.1	0.0	0.2	6.5	3.6	23.7
Rayagada	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	1.4	0.2
Sambalpur	3.4	1.8	5.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.8	6.6	12.3
Sonapur	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.8	0.9	0.0
Sundargarh	5.8	5.7	6.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	14.9	11.8	20.6

FAMILY PLANNING PRACTICES (CMW AGED 15-49 YEARS)

State / District	Current Usage								
	Periodic Abstinence (%)			Withdrawal (%)			LAM (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	4.6	4.4	5.3	5.9	5.2	9.4	1.2	1.2	0.7
Anugul	6.1	6.0	6.7	17.2	16.2	21.7	1.4	1.5	1.0
Balangir	13.1	13.0	15.1	0.8	0.8	1.2	4.6	4.7	4.1
Baleshwar	6.8	7.5	1.5	7.1	5.8	16.2	1.7	1.9	0.7
Bargarh	3.1	2.9	4.4	2.2	1.9	5.8	1.2	1.1	2.0
Baudh	0.5	0.5	-	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	0.0	-
Bhadrak	4.4	4.7	2.1	3.1	2.5	7.3	0.3	0.3	0.1
Cuttack	7.9	3.8	19.5	9.1	9.2	8.9	0.8	0.8	0.9
Debagarh	11.0	10.7	13.6	7.4	7.4	6.9	0.2	0.3	0.0
Dhenkanal	3.3	3.1	4.5	9.0	8.5	13.8	1.8	1.6	3.0
Gajapati	0.5	0.6	0.0	1.6	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ganjam	0.2	0.2	0.3	2.4	2.6	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jagatsinghapur	7.8	8.1	5.3	14.2	13.0	22.5	0.1	0.1	0.3
Jajapur	8.3	8.5	-	11.0	10.8	-	1.8	1.8	-
Jharsuguda	5.1	4.1	6.7	2.4	1.6	3.9	1.5	1.5	1.4
Kalahandi	0.0	0.0	-	0.2	0.0	-	0.0	0.0	-
Kandhamal	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kendrapara	7.5	7.5	8.3	7.2	7.2	7.2	2.4	2.4	2.1
Kendujhar	8.0	7.7	9.2	15.7	14.9	19.1	1.6	1.8	0.6
Khordha	2.1	2.4	1.6	6.0	5.0	7.2	0.3	0.5	0.1
Koraput	0.2	0.1	0.6	0.9	0.4	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malkangiri	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mayurbhanj	12.6	12.5	14.3	5.2	4.8	11.0	4.1	4.3	2.2
Nabarangapur	0.2	0.2	-	0.1	0.0	-	0.0	0.0	-
Nuapada	0.1	0.1	-	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	0.0	-
Nayagarh	0.4	0.4	-	10.6	10.4	-	0.8	0.7	-
Puri	1.5	0.6	6.7	4.8	2.8	17.1	0.1	0.1	0.0
Rayagada	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sambalpur	2.9	2.4	3.7	4.8	2.7	8.0	0.1	0.2	0.0
Sonapur	0.3	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sundargarh	2.3	2.1	2.5	9.9	6.4	16.4	1.6	1.9	1.1

Odisha: Current Usage of Family Planning Practices (CMW aged 15-49 years) (%)

Legend: Any Method ◆ | Any Modern Method ■ | Any Traditional Method ◀ | Female Sterilization ●

X-axis districts: Kandhamal, Baudh, Nabarangapur, Malkangiri, Koraput, Kalahandi, Rayagada, Sonapur, Nuapada, Ganjam, Khordha, Sambalpur, Nayagarh, Bargarh, Odisha, Puri, Gajapati, Debagarh, Sundargarh, Bhadrak, Balangir, Jharsuguda, Dhenkanal, Cuttack, Jajapur, Kendujhar, Kendrapara, Mayurbhanj, Angul, Jagatsinghapur, Baleshwar

UNMET NEED FOR FAMILY PLANNING

State / District	Unmet need for Spacing (%)			Unmet need for Limiting (%)			Total Unmet need (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	10.8	11.3	8.2	12.4	12.3	13.4	23.2	23.5	21.7
Anugul	7.6	8.0	5.4	6.6	7.0	4.9	14.2	15.0	10.3
Balangir	7.9	8.2	4.6	5.2	5.2	4.3	13.1	13.4	8.9
Baleshwar	5.6	5.3	7.5	0.5	0.0	3.9	6.1	5.3	11.4
Bargarh	10.4	10.6	7.7	7.4	7.6	4.9	17.8	18.3	12.6
Baudh	20.3	20.6	-	28.0	28.2	-	48.3	48.8	-
Bhadrak	11.3	11.5	9.4	11.0	11.6	6.5	22.2	23.1	15.9
Cuttack	9.4	10.4	6.5	14.1	16.9	6.4	23.5	27.2	12.9
Debagarh	12.0	12.3	9.9	9.5	9.7	7.5	21.5	22.0	17.4
Dhenkanal	8.1	8.4	5.5	9.0	8.9	9.7	17.1	17.3	15.3
Gajapati	9.9	10.2	8.1	9.5	9.3	11.1	19.4	19.4	19.2
Ganjam	10.2	10.9	6.9	19.5	17.8	27.8	29.7	28.6	34.7
Jagatsinghapur	7.9	8.2	6.2	11.7	10.5	20.6	19.6	18.6	26.7
Jajapur	8.9	8.9	-	6.8	6.9	-	15.7	15.8	-
Jharsuguda	7.4	8.2	6.3	7.3	7.7	6.6	14.7	15.9	12.8
Kalahandi	14.8	15.6	-	20.9	20.9	-	35.7	36.6	-
Kandhamal	17.7	18.3	12.1	25.0	23.9	34.0	42.7	42.3	46.0
Kendrapara	7.4	7.4	6.8	10.3	10.3	9.7	17.7	17.7	16.6
Kendujhar	11.3	11.3	11.1	4.9	5.1	4.1	16.2	16.4	15.2
Khordha	9.4	10.4	8.1	23.1	18.6	28.5	32.5	29.0	36.6
Koraput	18.1	18.3	17.0	16.7	17.6	12.6	34.8	35.9	29.6
Malkangiri	17.2	17.7	11.8	16.2	16.8	9.5	33.4	34.5	21.3
Mayurbhanj	9.8	10.1	6.0	6.0	6.2	3.8	15.8	16.3	9.9
Nabarangapur	20.2	20.6	-	16.0	15.7	-	36.2	36.3	-
Nuapada	21.5	21.8	-	14.2	13.9	-	35.7	35.7	-
Nayagarh	11.3	11.4	-	20.5	20.4	-	31.7	31.9	-
Puri	9.1	9.6	5.9	18.6	19.5	13.1	27.7	29.1	19.0
Rayagada	14.1	14.6	12.0	20.5	21.6	15.4	34.6	36.2	27.4
Sambalpur	11.6	12.6	10.0	9.7	12.2	5.9	21.2	24.8	15.9
Sonapur	17.8	17.9	17.3	26.2	26.0	29.3	44.0	43.8	46.6
Sundargarh	10.1	11.4	7.7	13.1	14.7	10.2	23.2	26.1	17.9

ANTE NATAL CARE

State / District	Currently Married Pregnant Women aged 15-49 years registered for ANC (%)			Mothers who received any Antenatal Check-up (%)			Mothers who had Antenatal Check-up in First Trimester (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	68.7	68.5	70.0	95.6	95.3	97.4	63.0	60.9	76.0
Anugul	83.1	82.3	88.9	96.5	97.1	93.7	65.9	63.9	75.7
Balangir	85.5	85.4	86.5	97.8	97.6	100.0	69.2	67.8	87.4
Baleshwar	82.2	83.7	72.1	97.3	97.2	97.8	75.5	74.4	85.2
Bargarh	87.3	86.7	93.1	97.8	97.7	99.3	71.1	70.4	78.2
Baudh	45.1	45.0	-	95.3	95.4	-	58.4	57.8	-
Bhadrak	80.7	80.1	85.1	96.6	96.6	97.1	62.9	62.3	67.7
Cuttack	54.4	52.5	60.8	97.2	97.4	96.6	73.9	72.0	79.3
Debagarh	80.9	82.0	71.0	97.1	97.0	98.2	63.9	62.3	80.5
Dhenkanal	82.3	81.9	87.1	96.3	96.3	96.4	59.2	57.5	80.7
Gajapati	39.5	39.7	36.8	91.8	90.8	100.0	59.6	56.3	86.9
Ganjam	48.5	48.6	47.6	93.2	92.4	98.0	60.2	56.8	83.0
Jagatsinghapur	47.4	47.8	44.0	97.3	97.2	97.9	77.7	77.8	76.7
Jajapur	79.6	79.9	-	97.0	97.0	-	65.4	64.6	-
Jharsuguda	85.3	85.8	84.5	99.3	99.1	99.5	78.1	77.3	79.3
Kalahandi	55.8	55.2	-	96.9	96.6	-	58.4	57.1	-
Kandhamal	53.9	54.7	44.0	93.2	92.6	99.3	52.9	50.5	76.4
Kendrapara	78.6	80.1	55.9	97.9	97.8	100.0	68.3	67.3	87.1
Kendujhar	83.7	86.2	73.3	96.1	95.9	97.2	70.4	69.4	75.4
Khordha	54.7	59.6	46.1	95.3	95.0	95.8	65.4	59.7	73.8
Koraput	49.7	44.1	80.4	93.6	93.2	95.6	45.2	43.3	54.1
Malkangiri	60.9	60.2	71.9	89.9	89.1	99.5	36.9	33.5	77.6
Mayurbhanj	84.6	84.5	88.0	96.4	96.2	99.3	62.7	61.4	82.8
Nabarangapur	53.6	53.0	-	83.3	82.9	-	35.6	34.9	-
Nuapada	41.1	40.9	-	94.3	94.1	-	57.3	56.7	-
Nayagarh	57.8	58.2	-	91.6	91.4	-	46.0	45.1	-
Puri	65.3	66.1	58.8	95.4	95.0	97.7	62.0	59.4	76.1
Rayagada	54.6	52.2	70.0	95.3	94.6	98.9	41.3	40.8	43.7
Sambalpur	76.6	70.5	85.1	97.2	96.7	97.9	72.2	69.2	76.8
Sonapur	65.2	63.9	91.3	96.8	96.6	99.2	69.2	68.9	74.8
Sundargarh	79.6	77.7	84.3	96.3	95.8	97.6	60.3	53.6	76.4

Odisha: Antenatal Care (%)

Legend:
- Mothers who had Antenatal Check-up in First Trimester
- Mothers received any Antenatal Check-up
- Currently Married Pregnant Women aged 15-49 years registered for ANC

Districts (axis labels): Nabarangpur, Malkangiri, Nayagarh, Gajapati, Ganjam, Kandhamal, Koraput, Nuapada, Rayagada, Khordha, Baudh, Puri, Kendujhar, Dhenkanal, Sundargarh, Mayurbhanj, Angul, Bhadrak, Sonapur, Kalahandi, Jajapur, Debagarh, Sambalpur, Cuttack, Baleshwar, Jagatsinghpur, Jagatsinghapur, Balangir, Balangir, Bargarh, Kendrapara, Jharsuguda

ANTE NATAL CARE

State / District	Mothers who received 3 or more Antenatal Care (%)			Mothers who received at least one Tetanus Toxoid (TT) injection (%)			Mothers who consumed IFA for 100 days or more (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	76.0	74.2	86.8	95.1	94.8	97.1	21.6	20.0	31.3
Anugul	72.4	70.3	83.0	89.7	88.9	93.7	14.1	12.7	21.2
Balangir	72.8	71.8	86.4	97.7	97.5	100.0	12.7	12.1	20.9
Baleshwar	81.4	80.2	92.3	97.2	97.1	97.8	19.1	18.6	24.0
Bargarh	84.9	83.9	95.9	97.6	97.5	99.0	13.6	13.3	17.1
Baudh	70.3	69.9	-	95.1	95.1	-	22.4	22.2	-
Bhadrak	70.7	68.8	85.7	96.5	96.5	96.3	12.4	10.4	28.0
Cuttack	79.6	77.7	84.9	97.0	97.3	96.2	30.1	24.9	44.9
Debagarh	75.3	74.3	86.6	97.1	97.0	97.6	11.7	11.4	14.0
Dhenkanal	69.1	67.6	87.3	96.1	96.1	95.8	10.3	10.2	10.8
Gajapati	80.3	78.3	97.2	91.6	90.6	100.0	15.1	14.4	21.4
Ganjam	77.3	75.6	89.0	92.7	92.0	97.0	30.7	30.5	32.0
Jagatsinghapur	88.2	88.2	88.4	97.0	97.0	97.4	39.0	38.5	42.3
Jajapur	74.3	73.7	-	96.9	96.9	-	6.0	5.7	-
Jharsuguda	94.7	94.2	95.5	98.6	98.1	99.3	28.6	27.9	29.9
Kalahandi	71.4	69.3	-	96.5	96.2	-	25.4	23.6	-
Kandhamal	75.2	73.9	87.9	93.1	92.4	99.3	36.7	35.4	49.3
Kendrapara	72.5	71.7	87.8	97.3	97.2	100.0	20.3	19.4	36.7
Kendujhar	68.5	68.4	68.6	95.8	95.6	97.0	25.3	23.1	36.3
Khordha	77.7	74.8	82.2	95.1	94.8	95.5	27.9	20.0	39.7
Koraput	72.6	71.0	79.9	93.3	92.8	95.6	25.7	24.1	33.2
Malkangiri	64.9	62.3	96.9	89.7	88.9	98.4	12.2	10.4	33.9
Mayurbhanj	87.5	87.0	96.7	96.2	96.0	99.3	30.4	30.3	31.8
Nabarangapur	60.5	59.7	-	82.8	82.3	-	20.8	20.5	-
Nuapada	70.9	70.2	-	93.9	93.7	-	34.0	33.5	-
Nayagarh	60.5	60.1	-	91.5	91.3	-	21.8	21.3	-
Puri	80.4	78.5	90.6	95.3	94.8	97.7	17.0	15.9	23.1
Rayagada	72.0	69.2	88.5	95.3	94.6	98.9	25.9	24.9	32.2
Sambalpur	85.9	81.0	93.2	97.0	96.6	97.5	18.6	15.4	23.5
Sonapur	80.7	80.4	85.7	96.6	96.5	99.2	16.9	17.6	5.0
Sundargarh	76.0	70.5	89.2	96.0	95.3	97.5	22.4	19.8	28.5

ANTE NATAL CARE									
State / District	Mothers who had Full Antenatal Check-up (%)			Mothers who received ANC from Govt. Source (%)			Mothers whose Blood Pressure (BP) taken (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	18.6	16.9	28.9	57.7	59.2	49.0	79.1	77.5	89.0
Anugul	11.8	10.0	20.8	56.1	59.4	38.7	74.3	72.4	83.9
Balangir	9.7	9.2	17.3	67.3	69.4	39.3	88.3	87.7	96.9
Baleshwar	17.5	16.9	22.5	53.0	54.4	40.8	83.3	82.4	91.5
Bargarh	11.8	11.3	16.4	61.8	62.6	53.3	83.7	83.0	90.8
Baudh	17.2	16.9	-	74.5	73.9	-	77.7	77.2	-
Bhadrak	10.6	8.7	25.4	55.2	58.0	32.9	73.6	72.4	83.1
Cuttack	26.7	21.9	40.4	62.3	73.1	31.5	88.6	86.9	93.2
Debagarh	10.3	10.1	12.8	79.2	79.8	73.3	75.1	74.0	86.6
Dhenkanal	7.9	7.7	10.8	75.8	76.1	71.9	80.3	79.2	94.6
Gajapati	13.0	12.0	21.4	56.8	55.0	70.3	81.3	79.1	100.0
Ganjam	27.2	26.8	30.5	65.2	67.6	50.0	77.0	74.3	94.5
Jagatsinghapur	36.0	35.3	40.7	73.9	72.9	81.6	90.6	90.6	91.0
Jajapur	5.4	5.1	-	70.1	71.2	-	84.9	84.7	-
Jharsuguda	27.9	26.9	29.6	59.6	70.2	42.5	89.6	89.5	89.7
Kalahandi	20.1	18.0	-	75.9	78.2	-	80.3	79.3	-
Kandhamal	32.1	30.6	47.1	89.7	89.2	94.2	68.0	66.7	80.7
Kendrapara	16.7	15.8	35.3	78.5	78.8	71.9	80.2	79.6	92.8
Kendujhar	18.2	16.5	26.6	87.9	92.2	67.6	72.5	72.0	74.5
Khordha	24.9	16.9	36.9	59.2	71.3	41.4	84.6	79.5	92.2
Koraput	19.8	17.7	30.1	48.7	42.7	76.7	65.4	63.2	76.4
Malkangiri	10.3	8.4	33.9	41.3	39.2	63.9	61.7	59.3	90.1
Mayurbhanj	29.3	29.1	31.8	92.0	93.3	70.7	77.7	76.8	93.4
Nabarangapur	16.1	15.7	-	50.5	49.0	-	63.4	62.5	-
Nuapada	29.6	29.2	-	88.4	88.3	-	80.0	80.1	-
Nayagarh	16.8	16.3	-	79.5	79.6	-	67.4	66.9	-
Puri	14.3	12.8	22.2	73.4	77.2	54.2	85.6	83.7	95.7
Rayagada	22.7	21.2	31.7	52.2	47.7	77.3	87.5	87.1	90.2
Sambalpur	17.1	13.1	23.3	71.5	77.8	62.1	82.0	79.7	85.6
Sonapur	15.6	16.2	5.0	85.6	84.9	96.6	80.1	79.5	91.6
Sundargarh	19.5	16.6	26.3	76.1	88.6	47.0	74.3	68.1	89.0

Odisha: Mothers who received Full Antenatal Check-up (%)

Legend:
- 3 or more Antenatal Care
- At least one Tetanus Toxoid (TT) injection
- IFA for 100 days or more
- Full Antenatal Check-up

Districts (axis labels): Jajapur, Dhenkanal, Balangir, Debagarh, Malkangiri, Bhadrak, Bargarh, Anugul, Gajapati, Puri, Sonapur, Nabarangapur, Kendrapara, Nayagarh, Sambalpur, Baudh, Baleshwar, Kendujhar, Odisha, Sundargarh, Koraput, Kalahandi, Rayagada, Khordha, Cuttack, Ganjam, Jharsuguda, Nuapada, Mayurbhanj, Kandhamal, Jagatsinghapur

ANTE NATAL CARE						
State / District	Mothers whose Blood taken for Hb (%)			Mothers who underwent Ultrasound (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Odisha	61.6	59.0	77.5	32.4	28.3	57.4
Anugul	58.4	55.9	70.9	33.4	30.7	47.2
Balangir	73.6	72.6	86.9	27.5	25.3	58.1
Baleshwar	70.8	69.1	85.6	29.1	27.1	46.9
Bargarh	74.8	73.7	86.0	44.3	42.6	62.1
Baudh	67.2	66.5	-	23.9	23.6	-
Bhadrak	48.5	46.8	61.7	31.1	30.0	39.1
Cuttack	75.1	70.1	89.5	51.2	43.4	73.4
Debagarh	60.4	58.1	84.8	24.9	23.3	42.1
Dhenkanal	74.8	73.6	89.8	32.2	30.6	53.0
Gajapati	65.2	61.1	100.0	33.4	29.4	66.9
Ganjam	70.6	67.1	94.0	33.6	29.1	63.0
Jagatsinghapur	88.9	88.8	89.4	45.4	44.2	55.0
Jajapur	64.1	63.9	-	36.5	36.2	-
Jharsuguda	63.3	60.5	67.8	46.3	38.5	59.0
Kalahandi	67.5	65.6	-	32.1	27.5	-
Kandhamal	61.8	58.6	93.6	22.5	20.0	47.9
Kendrapara	67.6	66.7	84.9	44.6	43.3	68.3
Kendujhar	33.6	32.3	40.1	25.4	22.8	37.9
Khordha	72.8	65.5	83.8	53.2	40.6	72.1
Koraput	41.8	35.9	70.3	16.3	9.7	48.5
Malkangiri	28.7	26.9	50.5	9.6	8.5	22.9
Mayurbhanj	48.2	46.4	76.8	15.1	13.7	38.4
Nabarangapur	36.3	34.7	-	10.1	9.2	-
Nuapada	76.0	75.7	-	16.9	15.7	-
Nayagarh	55.6	55.0	-	33.3	32.8	-
Puri	78.9	78.0	84.0	43.4	40.1	60.7
Rayagada	64.7	63.6	71.6	14.3	12.2	26.2
Sambalpur	57.7	46.8	74.3	48.0	36.1	66.0
Sonapur	61.0	60.3	73.1	41.6	41.7	38.7
Sundargarh	48.2	38.9	70.4	30.9	20.8	55.0

Odisha: Mothers who received tests during Ante Natal Check-up (%)

Legend: Blood Test for Hb, Ultrasound, Blood Pressure

Districts (top to bottom): Khordha, Cuttack, Sambalpur, Jharsuguda, Jagatsinghpur, Kendrapara, Bargarh, Puri, Sonapur, Jajpur, Ganjam, Gajapati, Anugul, Nayagarh, Odisha, Dhenkanal, Kalahandi, Bhadrak, Sundargarh, Baleshwar, Balangir, Kendujhar, Debagarh, Baudh, Kandhamal, Nuapada, Koraput, Mayurbhanj, Rayagada, Nabarangpur, Malkangiri

X-axis: 100, 90, 80, 70, 60, 50, 40, 30, 20, 10, 0

DELIVERY CARE									
State / District	Institutional Delivery (%)			Delivery at Government Institution (%)			Delivery at Private Institution (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	71.3	69.2	84.0	61.7	62.6	56.0	9.2	6.2	27.5
Anugul	72.8	71.9	77.6	57.9	60.0	47.0	14.7	11.6	30.6
Balangir	69.6	68.0	91.6	65.5	65.5	66.0	4.1	2.5	25.7
Baleshwar	76.5	75.4	86.3	68.9	69.6	63.1	7.3	5.5	22.9
Bargarh	79.0	77.6	93.9	68.3	68.7	64.8	10.0	8.3	28.0
Baudh	55.8	55.2	-	54.7	54.0	-	1.0	1.0	-
Bhadrak	68.9	68.3	73.1	59.9	59.8	61.1	8.8	8.4	12.0
Cuttack	86.5	86.8	85.4	66.7	74.2	45.4	18.7	11.3	39.7
Debagarh	69.2	68.3	78.7	65.7	65.3	68.9	3.3	2.7	9.8
Dhenkanal	73.4	72.6	83.7	64.4	64.9	58.4	9.0	7.7	25.3
Gajapati	59.3	57.1	77.2	44.5	44.5	44.8	14.6	12.5	32.4
Ganjam	83.0	81.1	95.5	69.6	70.9	61.5	12.5	9.5	32.5
Jagatsinghapur	90.4	92.3	75.7	76.6	78.2	64.6	11.3	11.4	10.6
Jajapur	82.2	82.0	-	71.7	71.7	-	10.3	10.1	-
Jharsuguda	78.4	76.6	81.3	56.2	63.7	44.2	20.7	11.7	35.3
Kalahandi	62.7	59.7	-	57.1	54.9	-	5.3	4.7	-
Kandhamal	67.5	65.3	90.0	66.1	64.2	85.7	1.2	1.0	2.9
Kendrapara	65.8	64.8	84.2	57.6	57.2	66.2	8.1	7.5	18.0
Kendujhar	59.4	59.4	59.8	53.0	55.3	41.9	6.2	3.8	17.9
Khordha	88.3	88.7	87.8	66.7	78.9	48.7	20.3	8.8	37.4
Koraput	44.1	38.8	69.9	41.6	37.8	59.8	2.3	0.8	9.6
Malkangiri	42.8	40.8	67.2	42.4	40.6	64.6	0.4	0.2	2.6
Mayurbhanj	68.6	67.2	90.1	66.1	65.3	78.1	2.4	1.8	11.9
Nabarangapur	31.8	30.1	-	30.0	28.6	-	1.5	1.2	-
Nuapada	59.8	58.6	-	56.2	55.2	-	3.3	3.2	-
Nayagarh	80.8	80.6	-	75.0	75.2	-	5.0	4.7	-
Puri	91.6	91.5	91.7	80.7	83.4	66.7	10.3	7.5	24.8
Rayagada	55.9	51.0	84.7	47.8	44.2	68.9	6.0	4.4	15.3
Sambalpur	78.0	70.8	88.8	62.3	61.8	63.1	15.4	8.7	25.6
Sonapur	74.8	73.9	90.8	72.2	71.5	84.9	2.2	2.0	5.9
Sundargarh	69.6	62.6	86.2	51.7	55.4	42.9	17.7	7.0	43.2

Odisha: Institutional Delivery (%)

Categories (top to bottom): Puri, Jagatsinghpur, Nayagarh, Sonapur, Jajpur, Ganjam, Baleshwar, Bargarh, Khordha, Cuttack, Kandhamal, Mayurbhanj, Debagarh, Balangir, Dhenkanal, Sambalpur, Odisha, Bhadrak, Anugul, Kendrapara, Kalahandi, Nuapada, Jharsuguda, Baudh, Kendujhar, Sundargarh, Rayagada, Gajapati, Malkangiri, Koraput, Nabarangapur

Legend: Private (green), Government (orange)
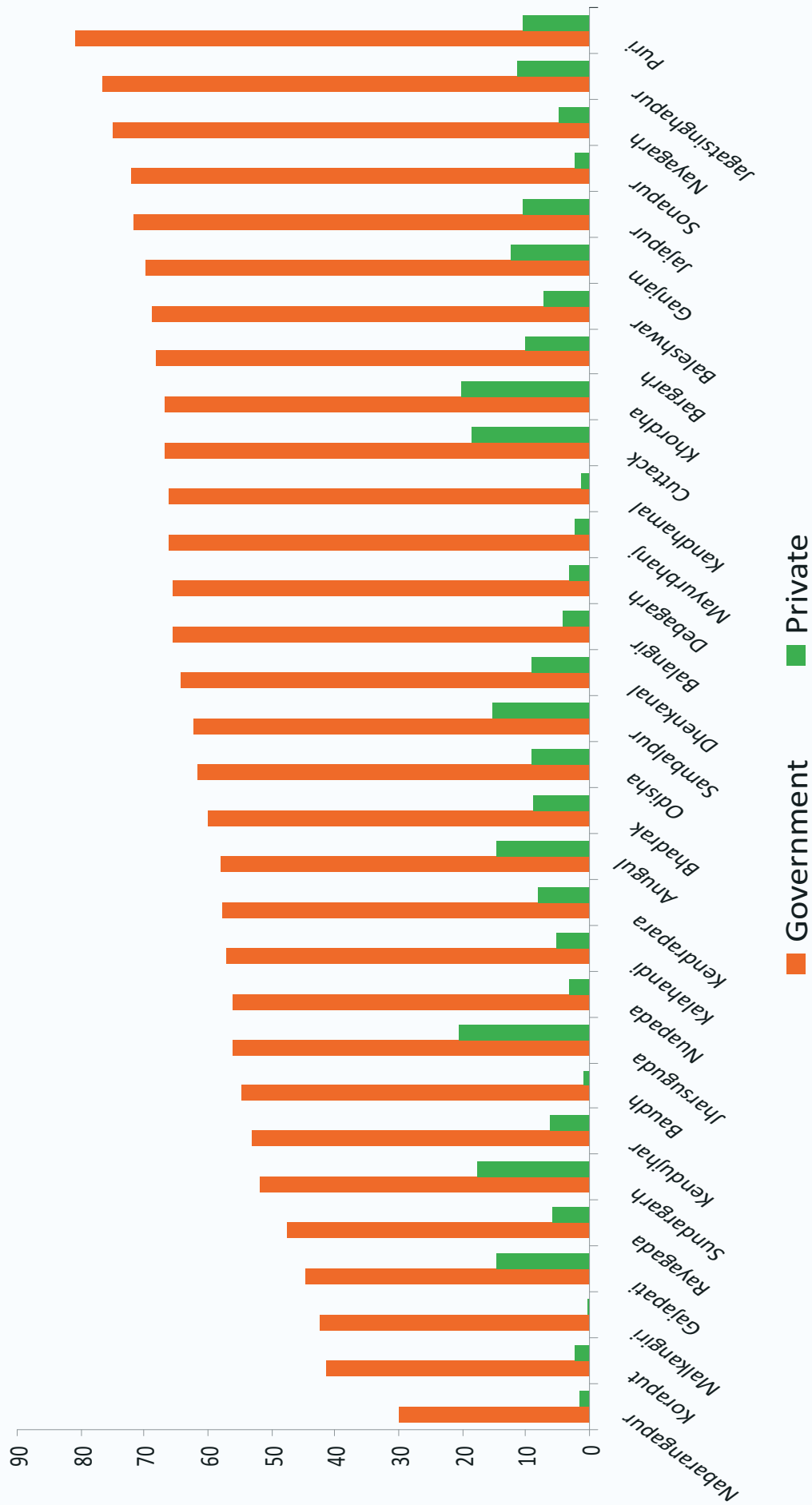
DELIVERY CARE

State / District	Delivery at Home (%)			Delivery at home conducted by skilled health personnel (%)			Safe Delivery (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	28.1	30.2	15.7	20.5	19.7	29.4	75.2	73.3	86.9
Anugul	26.9	27.8	22.2	10.0	10.0	10.4	75.1	74.3	79.5
Balangir	30.0	31.6	8.4	37.8	37.5	50.0	78.8	77.6	95.3
Baleshwar	23.3	24.4	13.3	16.9	16.9	16.7	79.7	78.7	88.6
Bargarh	20.5	21.9	5.5	45.7	45.2	68.8	87.6	86.8	96.2
Baudh	44.1	44.7	-	15.2	15.3	-	62.2	61.7	-
Bhadrak	30.6	31.2	26.3	20.3	19.1	31.5	73.0	72.7	75.1
Cuttack	13.5	13.1	14.6	26.9	23.9	34.6	88.4	88.6	87.9
Debagarh	29.8	30.6	20.7	15.4	15.0	20.6	72.5	71.8	79.9
Dhenkanal	26.1	26.9	16.3	11.3	9.5	48.1	75.3	74.0	91.6
Gajapati	40.7	42.9	22.8	10.7	9.8	24.2	63.2	61.0	82.1
Ganjam	16.7	18.5	4.5	21.1	19.8	55.6	85.3	83.4	98.0
Jagatsinghapur	9.5	7.6	24.3	36.3	33.3	43.5	91.7	93.5	77.2
Jajapur	17.2	17.4	-	15.3	15.3	-	84.0	83.8	-
Jharsuguda	19.9	22.8	15.1	46.2	43.8	52.1	85.5	84.5	87.1
Kalahandi	37.2	40.3	-	25.9	26.2	-	70.3	68.0	-
Kandhamal	32.4	34.6	10.0	17.1	16.4	42.9	70.7	68.6	91.4
Kendrapara	26.0	26.7	11.5	35.2	35.0	43.8	71.6	70.8	86.3
Kendujhar	40.3	40.3	40.1	15.3	12.9	27.0	62.3	61.8	65.2
Khordha	11.5	11.2	12.0	21.5	14.8	30.8	89.8	89.8	89.7
Koraput	55.9	61.2	30.1	20.0	19.4	26.1	48.3	43.1	73.4
Malkangiri	57.2	59.2	32.8	15.2	15.4	11.1	44.8	42.9	67.7
Mayurbhanj	30.9	32.2	9.9	12.8	12.9	6.7	70.9	69.7	90.7
Nabarangapur	68.1	69.8	-	11.2	11.1	-	35.6	33.9	-
Nuapada	40.2	41.4	-	26.6	26.4	-	68.9	68.0	-
Nayagarh	19.1	19.3	-	7.8	7.8	-	81.9	81.8	-
Puri	8.2	8.1	8.3	19.8	19.0	24.1	92.7	92.7	92.9
Rayagada	44.1	49.0	15.3	15.0	14.5	25.0	59.6	54.8	88.0
Sambalpur	21.9	29.0	11.2	32.0	29.8	40.7	83.7	77.6	93.0
Sonapur	25.2	26.1	9.2	27.5	27.4	36.4	81.2	80.5	94.1
Sundargarh	30.3	37.2	13.8	22.1	22.1	21.6	74.0	68.1	88.2

Odisha: Safe Delivery (%)

Categories (top to bottom): Puri, Jagatsinghapur, Khordha, Cuttack, Bargarh, Jharsuguda, Ganjam, Jajapur, Sambalpur, Nayagarh, Sonapur, Baleshwar, Balangir, Dhenkanal, Odisha, Anugul, Sundargarh, Bhadrak, Debagarh, Kendrapara, Mayurbhanj, Kandhamal, Kalahandi, Nuapada, Gajapati, Kendujhar, Baudh, Rayagada, Koraput, Malkangiri, Nabarangapur

X-axis: 0, 20, 40, 60, 80, 100
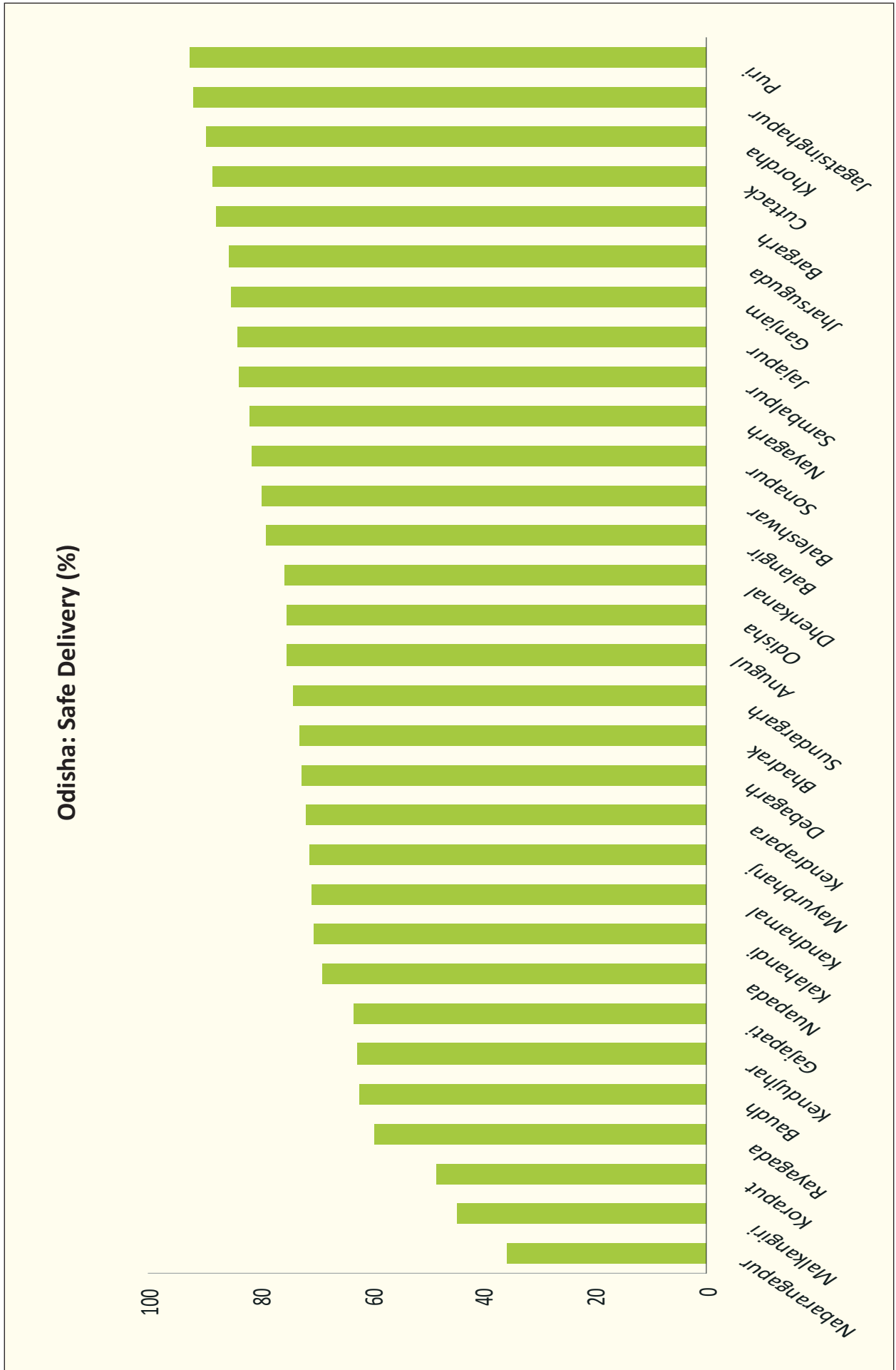
	DELIVERY CARE					
State / District	Caesarean out of total delivery taken place in Government Institutions (%)			Caesarean out of total delivery taken place in Private Institutions (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Odisha	7.4	6.7	12.1	40.4	41.2	39.2
Anugul	5.5	5.0	8.5	37.7	34.8	43.2
Balangir	7.9	7.1	18.3	30.2	28.3	32.7
Baleshwar	6.7	6.1	12.3	51.0	53.0	46.8
Bargarh	12.1	11.9	15.3	28.6	27.2	32.9
Baudh	7.1	6.8	-	19.4	19.4	-
Bhadrak	4.1	4.0	5.1	60.9	65.0	38.1
Cuttack	8.6	7.2	15.0	42.7	46.1	39.9
Debagarh	7.0	6.2	15.0	45.9	46.6	43.8
Dhenkanal	6.5	6.1	12.4	40.2	40.1	40.5
Gajapati	9.8	8.6	20.0	17.1	12.6	31.9
Ganjam	6.4	5.7	11.4	32.1	33.5	29.2
Jagatsinghapur	7.2	7.4	5.7	54.0	56.2	35.0
Jajapur	5.2	5.3	-	48.3	49.0	-
Jharsuguda	8.8	7.7	11.3	28.3	29.8	27.5
Kalahandi	8.0	7.0	-	39.5	36.5	-
Kandhamal	6.3	6.3	5.8	23.1	22.5	25.0
Kendrapara	8.4	8.4	8.7	56.1	57.1	48.0
Kendujhar	6.0	5.4	10.2	25.4	18.1	33.0
Khordha	8.7	6.6	13.7	41.6	39.8	42.3
Koraput	9.7	6.2	20.4	40.0	27.0	45.5
Malkangiri	6.2	4.9	16.1	10.8	0.0	20.0
Mayurbhanj	6.3	6.2	7.6	41.3	35.6	55.6
Nabarangapur	7.3	6.2	-	18.9	16.3	-
Nuapada	5.8	5.5	-	59.8	61.4	-
Nayagarh	6.1	5.8	-	45.1	43.0	-
Puri	10.9	10.2	15.0	48.4	48.5	48.3
Rayagada	3.9	3.0	7.1	27.7	25.0	32.1
Sambalpur	10.5	9.7	11.5	45.7	37.5	50.0
Sonapur	11.3	11.1	13.9	43.0	43.0	42.9
Sundargarh	6.0	5.1	8.8	34.5	33.4	34.9

Odisha: Caesarean out of total delivery taken place in Government/Private Institutions (%)
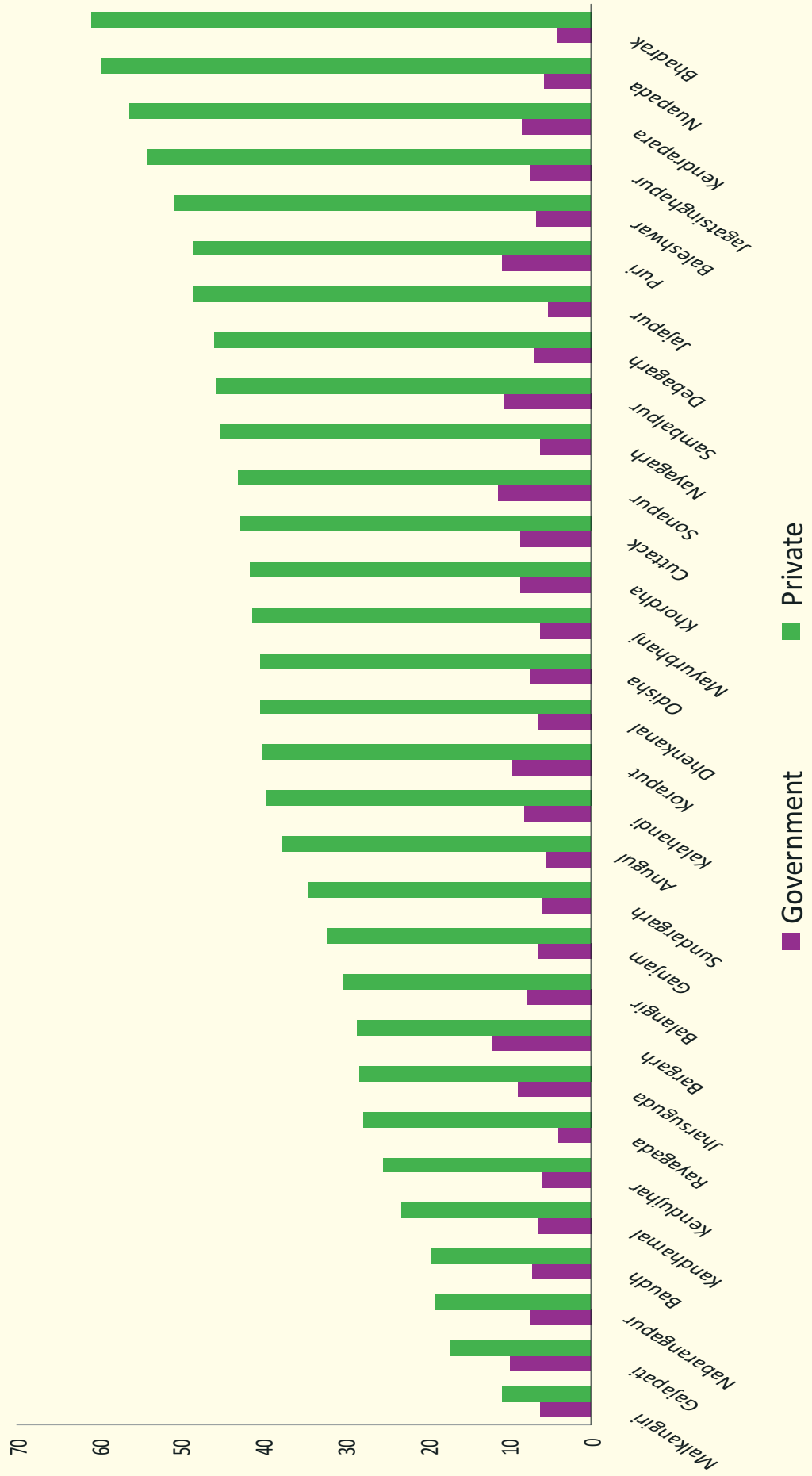
State / District	POST NATAL CARE								
	Less than 24 hrs. stay in institution after delivery (%)			Mothers who received Post-natal Check up within 48 hrs. of delivery (%)			Mothers who received Post-natal Check-up within 1 week of delivery (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	53.5	55.7	42.8	74.5	72.6	85.9	78.5	76.9	88.6
Anugul	59.0	60.5	52.2	73.6	72.2	80.3	75.4	74.4	80.5
Balangir	73.7	75.2	59.0	81.6	80.7	94.2	85.0	84.1	96.9
Baleshwar	44.3	44.6	41.9	80.3	79.3	89.3	82.5	81.3	93.4
Bargarh	68.2	68.3	66.9	90.0	89.4	96.2	92.6	92.1	96.9
Baudh	57.3	56.9	-	69.3	68.9	-	74.5	74.2	-
Bhadrak	55.5	54.9	60.0	70.2	68.7	81.4	74.0	72.9	82.9
Cuttack	49.4	57.6	25.6	86.5	85.7	88.7	91.0	90.9	91.4
Debagarh	56.1	58.0	38.6	71.9	71.0	81.7	75.2	74.4	84.1
Dhenkanal	73.7	74.2	68.3	75.8	75.1	85.5	76.8	76.1	85.5
Gajapati	65.1	65.8	60.7	58.7	55.8	82.8	66.2	62.6	96.6
Ganjam	62.2	64.3	50.8	84.1	82.2	96.5	87.1	85.5	97.5
Jagatsinghapur	26.0	24.2	43.4	87.6	89.2	75.7	90.2	91.4	80.4
Jajapur	55.5	56.4	-	83.1	82.9	-	84.4	84.1	-
Jharsuguda	50.4	57.0	40.3	86.1	85.1	87.9	89.2	88.1	90.9
Kalahandi	66.1	66.6	-	65.2	62.9	-	69.1	66.8	-
Kandhamal	47.5	48.2	42.4	66.9	64.7	88.6	73.4	71.6	91.4
Kendrapara	42.0	42.4	36.8	70.1	69.3	84.2	72.3	71.6	85.6
Kendujhar	71.9	72.1	70.8	61.6	60.6	66.3	64.7	63.8	69.1
Khordha	52.5	60.7	40.1	86.2	85.9	86.6	90.0	89.3	91.0
Koraput	53.8	53.6	54.4	46.4	41.1	71.6	54.8	50.3	76.4
Malkangiri	40.1	39.7	42.6	43.8	41.8	67.7	48.2	46.5	69.3
Mayurbhanj	45.6	46.1	40.4	72.9	71.6	94.0	78.1	76.9	97.4
Nabarangapur	51.6	50.8	-	40.1	38.7	-	52.6	51.4	-
Nuapada	58.6	59.8	-	63.4	62.6	-	68.1	67.4	-
Nayagarh	71.4	72.2	-	81.5	81.2	-	83.0	82.8	-
Puri	38.6	38.6	38.5	88.2	86.6	96.3	90.1	88.8	96.9
Rayagada	48.9	53.1	34.2	63.7	59.7	86.9	77.2	75.2	89.1
Sambalpur	29.7	29.4	30.1	78.6	74.4	85.1	81.5	77.6	87.3
Sonapur	48.0	47.5	54.6	89.1	88.5	99.2	91.5	91.0	99.2
Sundargarh	35.3	38.7	29.6	72.1	65.4	87.9	78.5	73.5	90.4

POST NATAL CARE

State / District	Mothers who did not receive any Post-natal Check-up (%)			New borns who were checked up within 24 hrs. of birth (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Odisha	19.6	21.1	10.4	74.9	73.1	85.8
Anugul	24.2	25.2	19.3	73.3	72.1	79.5
Balangir	14.0	14.8	3.1	81.2	80.1	96.3
Baleshwar	17.1	18.4	6.3	79.9	78.7	90.0
Bargarh	7.1	7.5	3.1	91.0	90.5	96.6
Baudh	23.6	23.9	-	64.4	64.0	-
Bhadrak	24.8	26.0	15.4	69.9	69.0	77.4
Cuttack	8.4	8.4	8.6	87.4	87.2	88.0
Debagarh	22.3	23.1	14.0	72.9	72.0	82.2
Dhenkanal	22.7	23.4	14.5	76.3	75.6	84.1
Gajapati	28.9	32.4	0.0	56.2	54.1	73.8
Ganjam	11.2	12.6	2.0	84.3	82.5	96.0
Jagatsinghapur	8.9	7.6	19.0	89.0	90.2	79.9
Jajapur	15.2	15.6	-	83.5	83.2	-
Jharsuguda	9.7	10.6	8.3	87.1	85.8	89.2
Kalahandi	27.8	30.0	-	65.0	62.2	-
Kandhamal	23.5	25.0	7.9	66.0	63.8	87.1
Kendrapara	27.5	28.2	14.4	75.0	74.5	84.8
Kendujhar	33.3	34.0	29.9	63.4	63.2	64.0
Khordha	9.2	9.9	8.3	87.7	87.9	87.5
Koraput	32.5	35.5	18.3	47.6	42.3	72.9
Malkangiri	43.7	45.1	26.6	42.5	40.7	64.1
Mayurbhanj	20.6	21.8	2.0	75.5	74.4	93.4
Nabarangapur	40.5	41.5	-	38.6	37.1	-
Nuapada	28.4	29.0	-	60.9	60.0	-
Nayagarh	16.6	16.8	-	81.3	81.1	-
Puri	9.6	10.9	3.1	88.6	87.5	94.6
Rayagada	19.2	21.0	8.7	58.3	54.3	81.4
Sambalpur	17.5	21.3	11.8	82.3	77.5	89.7
Sonapur	8.4	8.8	0.8	86.7	86.0	98.3
Sundargarh	19.8	24.8	7.9	71.0	65.1	84.8

Odisha: Mothers by status of receipt of Post-natal Check-up (%)

Legend:
- Check-up within 48 hrs.
- Did not receive

Districts (top to bottom): Bargarh, Sonapur, Puri, Jagatsinghapur, Cuttack, Khordha, Jharsuguda, Ganjam, Jajapur, Balangir, Nayagarh, Baleshwar, Sambalpur, Dhenkanal, Odisha, Anugul, Mayurbhanj, Sundargarh, Debagarh, Bhadrak, Kendrapara, Baudh, Kandhamal, Kalahandi, Rayagada, Nuapada, Kendujhar, Gajapati, Koraput, Malkangiri, Nabarangapur

X-axis: 0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100

JANANI SURAKSHA YOJANA (JSY)									
State / District	Mothers who availed financial assistance for delivery under JSY (%)			Mothers who availed financial assistance for institutional delivery under JSY (%)			Mothers who availed financial assistance for Government Institutional delivery under JSY (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	61.6	63.4	50.5	83.3	88.1	59.6	94.4	95.5	87.2
Anugul	57.5	60.7	41.3	76.6	81.8	52.2	94.5	95.9	85.7
Balangir	66.2	66.3	63.9	91.6	93.8	69.1	96.3	96.3	96.0
Baleshwar	68.2	69.2	60.1	87.9	90.6	67.8	96.3	97.0	89.5
Bargarh	73.8	74.3	68.9	87.7	89.5	72.1	97.4	97.4	97.9
Baudh	55.4	55.0	-	93.7	94.0	-	94.6	95.0	-
Bhadrak	59.8	60.1	58.0	84.8	85.6	78.9	95.9	96.3	93.0
Cuttack	65.0	73.6	40.4	74.8	84.4	47.3	94.9	96.6	87.1
Debagarh	67.6	67.6	67.7	92.8	93.7	84.5	96.5	96.5	96.5
Dhenkanal	65.5	66.3	56.0	86.9	88.9	66.2	96.8	97.2	91.8
Gajapati	33.1	32.7	36.6	54.9	56.1	47.3	70.8	69.9	78.5
Ganjam	68.2	70.5	53.0	81.2	85.7	55.9	94.3	95.5	84.6
Jagatsinghapur	74.4	76.9	54.5	83.1	84.4	71.1	94.0	95.4	80.3
Jajapur	70.9	70.9	-	84.7	84.8	-	95.8	95.7	-
Jharsuguda	53.3	63.0	37.7	67.3	81.3	45.8	88.7	93.9	76.5
Kalahandi	53.7	51.1	-	82.2	81.3	-	88.9	87.9	-
Kandhamal	72.4	71.2	84.3	96.2	96.3	95.2	97.3	97.2	98.3
Kendrapara	61.5	61.2	66.2	82.6	83.2	74.4	93.4	93.4	93.5
Kendujhar	53.1	56.8	35.3	84.9	90.5	58.5	93.9	95.8	82.0
Khordha	62.8	77.2	41.3	71.0	86.7	47.0	91.2	95.3	81.3
Koraput	42.4	40.5	51.5	87.3	93.4	71.1	91.4	94.6	81.8
Malkangiri	40.8	39.5	56.3	94.1	95.6	82.9	94.3	95.6	84.7
Mayurbhanj	66.8	66.5	70.9	94.2	95.5	77.9	96.9	97.4	89.8
Nabarangapur	29.1	27.8	-	87.2	88.2	-	89.5	89.9	-
Nuapada	58.9	58.1	-	93.6	93.7	-	95.1	95.1	-
Nayagarh	76.9	77.3	-	90.9	91.5	-	96.4	96.7	-
Puri	80.2	83.9	60.7	86.0	90.1	65.1	94.9	96.1	87.6
Rayagada	51.7	50.9	56.3	85.3	92.1	62.3	89.0	93.5	72.2
Sambalpur	60.0	61.1	58.3	75.9	84.7	65.4	93.8	95.1	91.8
Sonapur	69.6	69.2	78.2	92.7	93.1	86.1	95.1	95.3	92.1
Sundargarh	53.1	59.7	37.4	69.1	84.0	43.4	91.9	93.7	86.4

Odisha: Mothers who availed financial assistance for delivery under JSY (%)
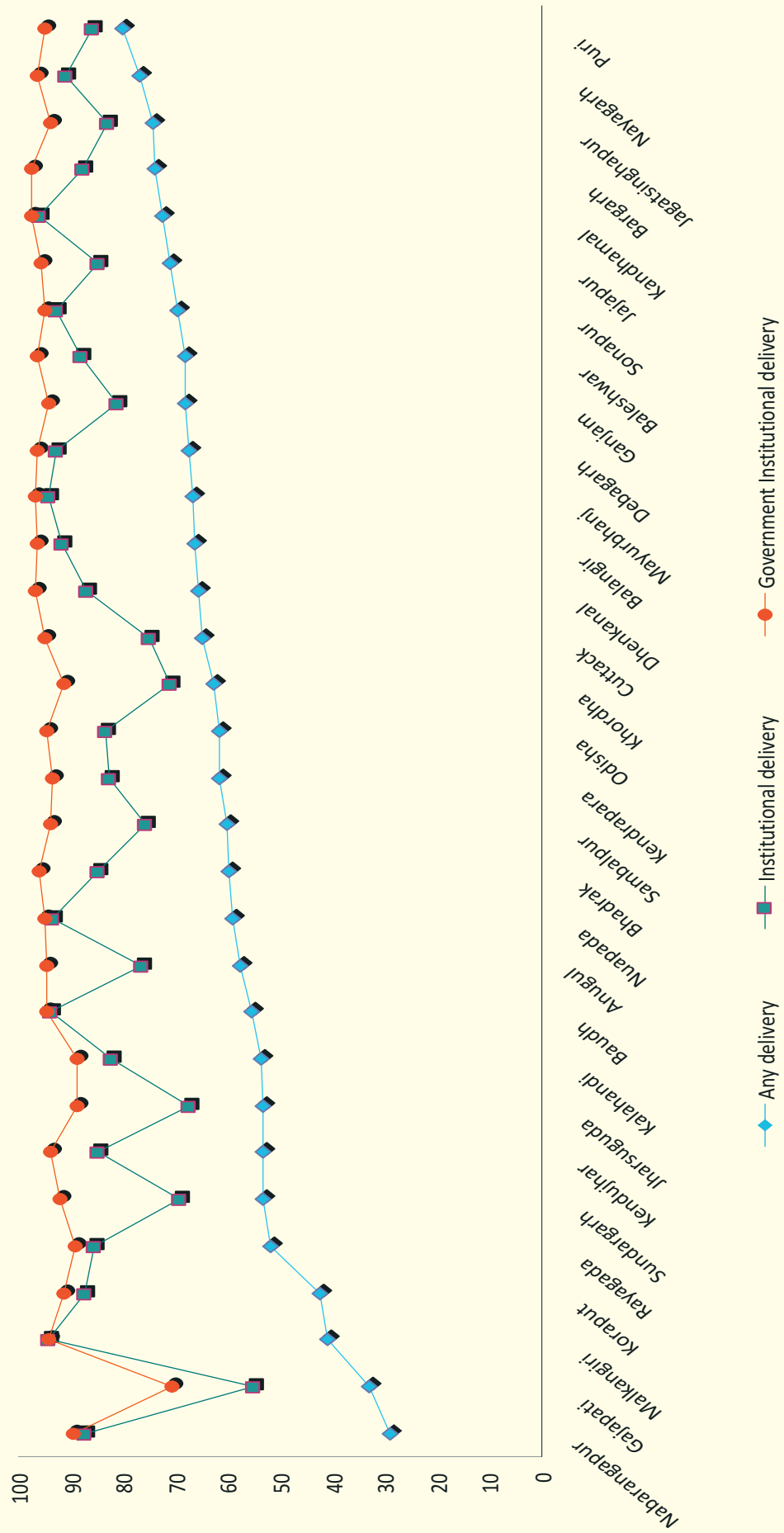
Legend:
- Any delivery
- Institutional delivery
- Government Institutional delivery

Districts (left to right): Nabarangapur, Gajapati, Malkangiri, Koraput, Rayagada, Sundargarh, Kendujhar, Jharsuguda, Kalahandi, Baudh, Anugul, Nuapada, Bhadrak, Sambalpur, Kendrapara, Odisha, Khordha, Cuttack, Dhenkanal, Balangir, Mayurbhanj, Debagarh, Ganjam, Baleshwar, Sonapur, Jajapur, Kandhamal, Bargarh, Jagatsinghapur, Nayagarh, Puri

IMMUNIZATION, VITAMIN A & IRON SUPPLEMENT AND BIRTH WEIGHT

State / District	Children aged 12-23 months having Immunization Card (%)			Children aged 12-23 months who have received BCG (%)			Children aged 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of Polio vaccine (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	94.0	93.7	95.4	97.5	97.4	98.3	74.7	74.4	76.9
Anugul	90.6	90.5	91.2	98.6	98.6	98.7	89.5	88.2	96.2
Balangir	96.9	96.9	96.8	98.6	98.4	100.0	78.8	78.4	83.9
Baleshwar	96.5	96.6	95.7	95.8	95.6	97.9	91.4	91.1	93.6
Bargarh	96.2	96.1	97.9	97.2	97.1	98.9	94.4	94.1	97.9
Baudh	94.4	94.2	-	98.1	98.1	-	90.3	90.2	-
Bhadrak	96.7	97.1	94.1	98.7	98.6	99.3	92.2	91.8	94.9
Cuttack	95.2	94.9	96.3	98.0	98.7	95.9	59.4	61.9	52.4
Debagarh	95.2	94.8	100.0	96.6	96.5	98.1	83.0	82.4	88.9
Dhenkanal	95.9	96.3	90.7	99.4	99.5	98.1	82.7	82.1	90.7
Gajapati	90.0	88.9	100.0	93.0	92.7	95.3	45.6	43.9	62.8
Ganjam	97.3	97.0	100.0	96.3	95.9	100.0	60.2	61.1	52.9
Jagatsinghapur	99.1	99.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	100.0	68.6	67.6	78.0
Jajapur	93.2	93.2	-	97.8	98.0	-	90.4	90.4	-
Jharsuguda	96.0	96.7	94.7	99.3	99.2	99.6	91.3	90.8	92.2
Kalahandi	95.1	95.1	-	97.8	97.8	-	35.0	35.5	-
Kandhamal	98.8	98.9	98.1	98.0	98.0	98.1	41.2	40.7	45.3
Kendrapara	96.2	96.4	92.3	98.1	98.0	100.0	92.2	91.9	98.1
Kendujhar	88.5	88.6	87.8	96.7	96.6	97.0	89.5	89.2	90.9
Khordha	97.3	97.6	96.8	98.5	98.8	98.1	52.2	50.7	54.8
Koraput	90.5	88.5	98.1	96.7	96.6	97.1	74.6	71.5	86.4
Malkangiri	87.8	86.9	98.0	95.6	95.3	100.0	25.3	23.2	52.0
Mayurbhanj	89.3	88.8	100.0	95.4	95.1	100.0	83.3	82.7	95.0
Nabarangapur	76.0	75.1	-	94.5	94.3	-	59.8	59.7	-
Nuapada	95.9	95.7	-	98.2	98.1	-	63.5	62.1	-
Nayagarh	98.5	98.7	-	99.4	99.4	-	62.8	62.6	-
Puri	98.7	99.2	96.3	98.4	98.4	98.5	61.6	56.9	83.8
Rayagada	97.2	97.6	95.2	97.8	98.0	96.8	29.6	30.8	23.8
Sambalpur	95.5	96.8	93.6	99.0	98.8	99.2	91.3	91.3	91.4
Sonapur	98.0	97.9	100.0	99.6	99.5	100.0	58.7	59.3	47.4
Sundargarh	89.3	87.7	93.5	98.1	97.5	99.5	86.2	82.0	96.8

IMMUNIZATION, VITAMIN A & IRON SUPPLEMENT AND BIRTH WEIGHT

State / District	Children aged 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)			Children aged 12-23 months who have received Measles vaccine (%)			Children aged 12-23 months Fully Immunized (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	72.9	72.8	73.9	86.7	86.4	88.5	55.0	54.3	59.5
Anugul	77.1	73.5	95.6	90.9	90.3	93.7	68.5	64.3	89.9
Balangir	84.2	87.0	45.2	90.2	90.1	91.9	65.1	66.7	41.9
Baleshwar	86.0	85.5	90.4	89.9	89.7	92.6	76.7	75.6	87.2
Bargarh	87.8	87.5	91.5	85.4	84.9	91.5	72.8	72.0	81.9
Baudh	17.9	18.2	-	91.6	91.4	-	13.7	13.9	-
Bhadrak	85.2	84.2	91.9	87.9	87.5	90.4	74.9	73.6	83.8
Cuttack	83.3	87.8	70.6	90.2	91.4	87.0	52.0	56.8	38.7
Debagarh	82.5	82.3	85.2	89.8	89.7	90.7	70.3	69.7	77.8
Dhenkanal	77.6	77.5	79.6	84.7	84.4	88.9	62.0	60.9	75.9
Gajapati	40.6	40.5	41.9	84.9	85.5	79.1	25.3	24.6	32.6
Ganjam	41.3	39.8	52.9	82.5	81.3	91.2	20.5	19.4	29.4
Jagatsinghapur	70.2	68.7	84.7	94.2	95.0	86.4	46.9	44.7	67.8
Jajapur	91.5	91.5	-	85.7	85.5	-	73.9	73.2	-
Jharsuguda	85.1	83.9	86.9	92.1	93.8	89.3	79.2	78.8	79.8
Kalahandi	68.8	68.8	-	85.1	84.7	-	24.6	25.2	-
Kandhamal	46.2	48.9	24.5	91.7	91.7	92.5	18.6	19.5	11.3
Kendrapara	95.0	95.0	96.2	89.8	89.6	92.3	82.0	81.4	92.3
Kendujhar	75.3	74.3	80.2	86.2	85.7	88.8	64.1	62.0	74.6
Khordha	64.8	64.1	65.9	81.3	81.1	81.5	35.4	31.4	42.3
Koraput	54.9	58.6	40.8	76.6	72.4	92.2	39.0	40.9	32.0
Malkangiri	46.0	44.2	68.0	78.4	77.4	90.0	14.6	11.9	48.0
Mayurbhanj	78.0	77.3	92.5	89.2	89.3	87.5	67.8	67.1	82.5
Nabarangapur	64.3	64.6	-	77.6	77.1	-	43.2	43.4	-
Nuapada	55.3	54.8	-	90.0	89.4	-	34.8	33.5	-
Nayagarh	57.3	57.7	-	92.1	92.2	-	29.1	29.2	-
Puri	61.5	62.9	55.1	86.3	85.8	89.0	31.5	30.1	38.2
Rayagada	26.7	28.3	19.0	66.4	66.7	65.1	11.9	12.1	11.1
Sambalpur	80.4	78.8	82.7	86.1	86.9	85.0	74.1	74.1	74.1
Sonapur	63.0	63.3	57.9	89.7	90.7	71.1	45.6	46.4	31.6
Sundargarh	87.0	82.6	98.2	91.7	90.6	94.5	76.8	71.0	91.7

Odisha: Children aged 12-23 months having Immunization Card vs. Fully Immunized (%)

Legend:
- Children Fully Immunized
- Having Immunization Card

Districts (top to bottom): Kendrapara, Jharsuguda, Sundargarh, Baleshwar, Bhadrak, Sambalpur, Jajapur, Baragarh, Debagarh, Anugul, Mayurbhanj, Balangir, Kendujhar, Dhenkanal, Odisha, Cuttack, Jagatsinghapur, Sonapur, Nabarangapur, Koraput, Khordha, Nuapada, Puri, Nayagarh, Gajapati, Kalahandi, Ganjam, Kandhamal, Malkangiri, Baudh, Rayagada
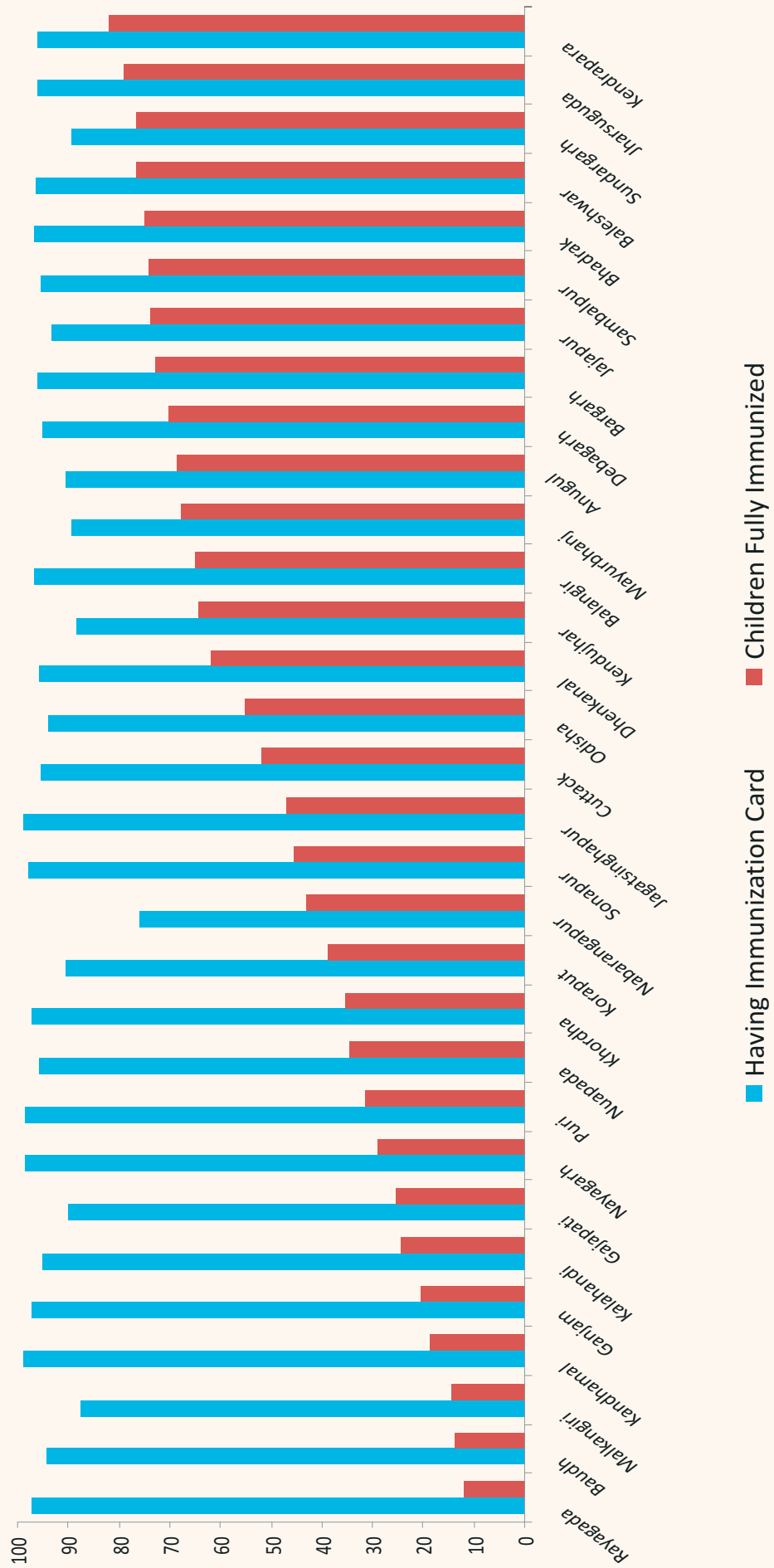
IMMUNIZATION, VITAMIN A & IRON SUPPLEMENT AND BIRTH WEIGHT

State / District	Children who have received Polio dose at birth (%)			Children who did not receive any vaccination (%)			Children (aged 6-35 months) who received at least one Vitamin A dose during last six months (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	76.9	75.7	84.2	0.9	0.8	1.1	63.4	63.7	61.9
Anugul	78.1	77.4	81.8	0.2	0.3	0.0	57.3	59.2	47.6
Balangir	75.5	75.0	82.3	0.4	0.5	0.0	69.8	70.5	60.1
Baleshwar	80.5	79.7	87.2	0.5	0.3	2.1	69.4	68.4	77.4
Bargarh	59.4	58.5	69.1	0.6	0.6	0.0	48.1	46.8	60.2
Baudh	64.2	63.7	-	0.0	0.0	-	72.3	72.2	-
Bhadrak	67.3	66.9	69.9	1.1	1.1	0.7	52.4	51.6	58.6
Cuttack	85.3	85.8	84.0	1.0	0.5	2.6	70.8	74.5	60.4
Debagarh	78.8	78.1	87.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	69.7	69.8	69.3
Dhenkanal	84.1	84.1	83.3	0.4	0.2	1.9	61.6	63.0	42.6
Gajapati	82.5	81.2	95.3	4.9	5.0	4.7	59.2	58.0	69.2
Ganjam	85.3	84.2	94.1	1.1	1.3	0.0	60.6	58.2	78.1
Jagatsinghapur	94.3	96.2	76.3	0.1	0.1	0.0	66.4	65.1	78.1
Jajapur	85.0	85.1	-	0.8	0.5	-	77.6	77.3	-
Jharsuguda	87.3	86.7	88.1	0.3	0.4	0.3	69.7	71.9	66.1
Kalahandi	67.3	66.2	-	0.8	0.9	-	48.9	47.8	-
Kandhamal	83.0	82.1	90.6	0.2	0.0	1.9	68.1	67.0	79.1
Kendrapara	78.5	77.8	90.4	0.5	0.5	0.0	52.7	52.6	54.5
Kendujhar	67.1	66.8	68.5	1.0	0.6	2.5	61.4	62.9	53.8
Khordha	84.1	81.0	89.3	0.7	0.5	1.0	62.1	62.0	62.2
Koraput	56.7	51.1	77.7	2.3	2.6	1.0	56.2	53.5	68.4
Malkangiri	50.2	49.6	58.0	2.4	2.6	0.0	61.4	59.4	86.6
Mayurbhanj	78.2	77.8	87.5	0.2	0.2	0.0	73.3	73.8	65.5
Nabarangapur	50.0	48.2	-	2.4	2.5	-	57.3	57.2	-
Nuapada	68.0	66.8	-	1.5	1.6	-	75.2	75.4	-
Nayagarh	85.0	84.9	-	0.0	0.0	-	75.8	76.1	-
Puri	93.7	94.6	89.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	73.9	72.3	82.3
Rayagada	80.6	78.6	90.5	1.3	0.9	3.2	54.0	56.3	42.5
Sambalpur	75.0	71.1	80.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	45.2	43.0	48.6
Sonapur	86.9	86.3	97.4	0.2	0.2	0.0	72.4	72.6	69.1
Sundargarh	82.1	78.1	92.2	1.3	1.8	0.0	66.7	70.9	56.5

IMMUNIZATION, VITAMIN A & IRON SUPPLEMENT AND BIRTH WEIGHT

State / District	Children (aged 6-35 months) who received IFA tablets/syrup during last 3 months			Children whose birth weight was taken (%)			Children with birth weight less than 2.5 Kg. (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	23.3	24.0	19.2	76.5	75.0	85.4	22.3	22.9	19.2
Anugul	11.2	12.4	5.0	72.4	71.6	76.8	22.7	22.9	21.3
Balangir	25.2	26.1	11.9	81.9	80.9	95.8	16.0	16.3	12.8
Baleshwar	24.5	24.8	22.2	77.3	76.1	88.3	24.6	25.5	18.3
Bargarh	9.3	9.7	5.5	85.8	84.6	98.1	18.4	18.2	20.9
Baudh	26.2	26.4	-	68.7	68.3	-	20.5	20.2	-
Bhadrak	13.8	14.3	10.1	69.0	68.9	69.8	22.2	22.7	18.9
Cuttack	14.3	16.1	9.3	83.0	82.8	83.7	21.4	21.5	21.0
Debagarh	24.9	26.3	11.4	71.8	70.7	83.6	20.0	21.1	9.8
Dhenkanal	12.3	12.8	5.7	72.0	71.6	77.1	17.8	18.1	14.7
Gajapati	11.8	11.8	12.5	63.8	61.6	81.9	25.7	26.6	20.8
Ganjam	20.2	18.1	36.3	83.4	81.8	94.5	28.2	29.1	23.1
Jagatsinghapur	37.0	36.8	39.1	90.1	92.3	72.2	23.7	23.7	23.7
Jajapur	12.7	12.9	-	82.2	81.9	-	21.8	21.9	-
Jharsuguda	24.7	23.4	26.7	86.9	86.8	87.0	19.3	20.0	18.3
Kalahandi	20.2	21.0	-	77.3	75.7	-	18.5	19.4	-
Kandhamal	48.0	48.3	45.5	86.3	86.0	89.5	28.4	29.1	22.1
Kendrapara	14.4	14.7	8.9	73.2	72.3	91.0	20.6	21.3	9.7
Kendujhar	18.5	19.9	11.4	66.1	65.5	68.9	20.4	21.1	17.1
Khordha	22.6	20.8	25.7	84.9	82.6	88.4	20.2	22.9	16.3
Koraput	33.5	35.4	25.0	55.8	52.0	73.6	30.9	33.1	23.7
Malkangiri	38.4	38.8	33.6	44.2	42.0	70.4	39.6	41.0	30.1
Mayurbhanj	38.4	39.4	22.7	83.5	83.1	90.6	25.4	25.4	25.0
Nabarangapur	35.2	36.1	-	41.2	39.6	-	29.5	29.4	-
Nuapada	30.0	29.7	-	86.5	86.2	-	26.7	26.5	-
Nayagarh	35.0	35.0	-	77.5	77.2	-	20.5	20.8	-
Puri	27.3	25.2	38.2	88.6	88.2	90.6	19.7	18.8	23.8
Rayagada	34.6	34.5	34.9	84.4	82.8	93.7	23.9	25.3	15.7
Sambalpur	10.0	12.1	6.7	78.8	73.1	87.4	18.9	21.6	15.6
Sonapur	33.2	32.6	44.3	82.8	82.1	96.0	19.2	18.8	25.0
Sundargarh	38.3	44.1	24.2	76.8	71.8	88.3	22.8	24.0	20.5

Odisha: Children with birth weight less than 2.5 Kg. (%)

Odisha: Children with birth weight less than 2.5 Kg. (%)
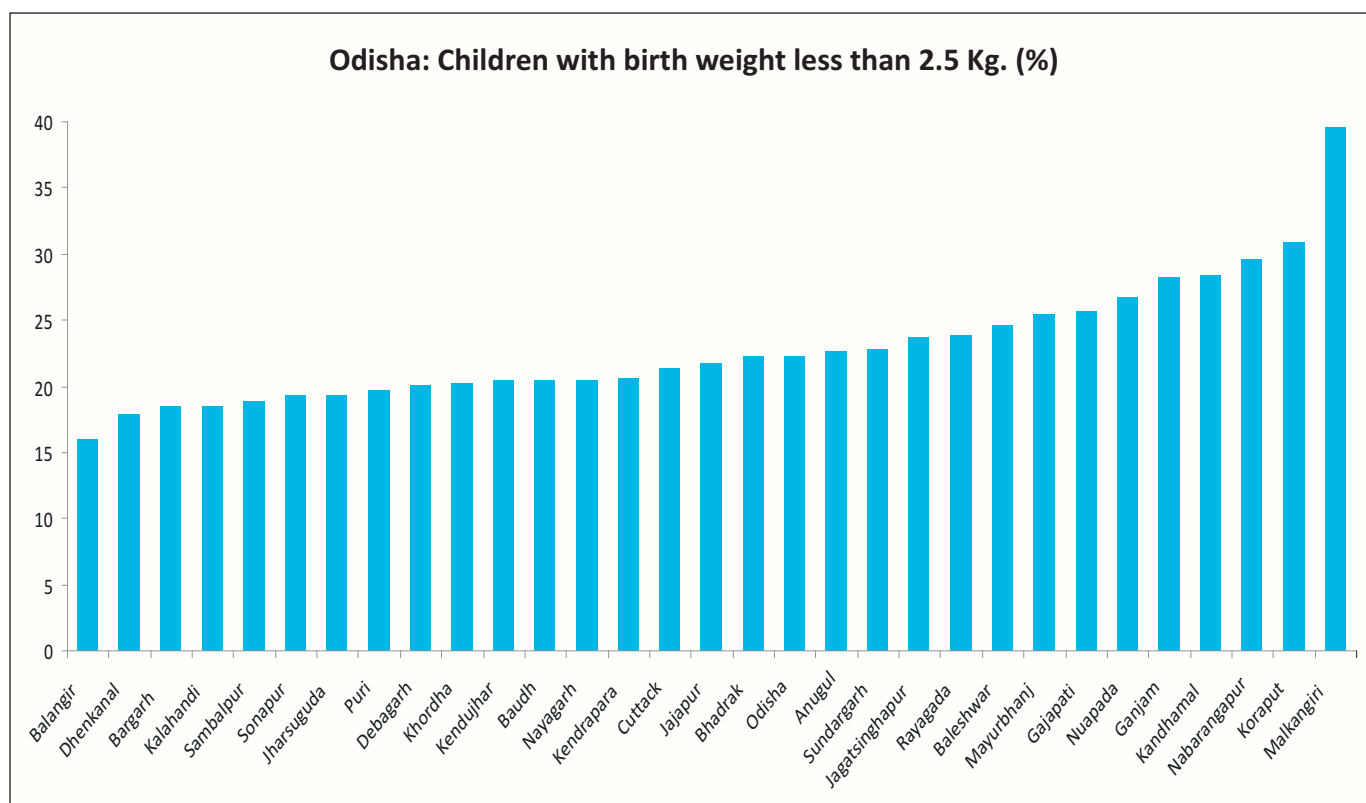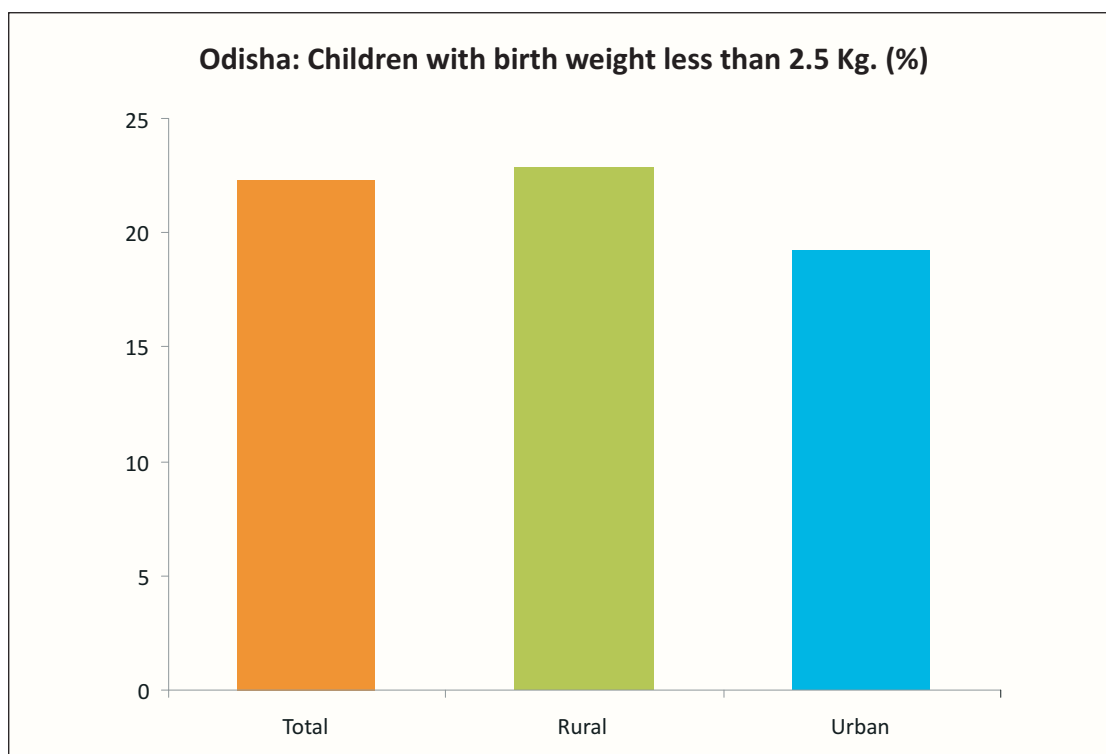
CHILDHOOD DISEASES									
State / District	Children suffering from Diarrhoea (%)			Children suffering from Diarrhoea who received HAF/ORS/ORT (%)			Children suffering from Acute Respiratory Infection (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	12.4	12.9	9.5	89.1	88.7	91.9	18.3	18.7	15.7
Anugul	12.8	14.3	5.4	88.5	89.6	74.1	14.8	15.4	11.9
Balangir	11.9	11.8	13.1	83.8	85.1	68.0	12.7	12.9	11.0
Baleshwar	5.0	5.1	4.6	92.7	92.7	92.3	14.4	14.4	15.2
Bargarh	13.0	11.9	23.9	89.3	88.8	91.9	16.1	16.5	11.3
Baudh	19.0	19.2	-	90.4	90.8	-	39.2	39.0	-
Bhadrak	9.7	9.7	10.5	95.8	95.6	97.4	37.0	37.6	31.5
Cuttack	16.7	19.5	8.8	89.7	89.0	94.1	30.6	36.2	14.6
Debagarh	10.6	10.6	10.5	90.4	89.5	100.0	5.4	5.5	4.1
Dhenkanal	8.1	8.4	4.6	92.7	92.4	100.0	7.7	7.9	5.1
Gajapati	16.1	16.3	14.2	93.7	93.1	100.0	18.6	17.9	23.9
Ganjam	17.4	18.1	13.1	85.2	84.0	96.2	19.4	18.5	25.1
Jagatsinghapur	16.6	17.9	5.7	88.8	89.4	72.7	33.2	33.1	34.0
Jajapur	7.5	7.5	-	93.9	93.7	-	15.7	15.9	-
Jharsuguda	11.8	11.1	13.0	93.0	92.2	93.9	7.3	6.6	8.6
Kalahandi	12.0	12.0	-	88.6	87.9	-	14.1	14.8	-
Kandhamal	20.0	20.3	17.5	93.3	92.7	100.0	22.6	23.7	12.6
Kendrapara	10.9	10.8	11.7	94.8	94.5	100.0	29.8	30.4	17.2
Kendujhar	9.5	9.9	7.7	86.1	85.6	89.6	9.8	9.3	12.3
Khordha	16.0	21.6	7.4	89.9	89.8	90.8	28.1	32.4	21.5
Koraput	16.0	16.7	12.6	89.1	87.4	100.0	11.5	10.7	15.5
Malkangiri	12.5	12.9	7.5	95.4	95.6	93.3	10.2	10.7	4.0
Mayurbhanj	10.9	11.2	5.6	88.9	88.9	88.9	13.6	13.6	14.4
Nabarangapur	14.6	14.9	-	86.5	86.3	-	14.4	14.5	-
Nuapada	8.4	8.5	-	97.5	97.5	-	22.3	22.5	-
Nayagarh	18.9	19.0	-	82.9	83.0	-	26.7	26.6	-
Puri	15.9	17.4	8.3	82.3	80.7	100.0	23.1	23.3	21.9
Rayagada	11.9	12.2	10.5	92.3	92.7	90.0	8.7	9.0	6.8
Sambalpur	13.7	12.3	15.9	85.0	84.7	85.3	24.5	26.8	21.0
Sonapur	18.8	19.1	13.7	95.1	94.9	100.0	15.4	15.8	7.3
Sundargarh	7.2	8.3	4.5	94.3	93.0	100.0	7.6	8.5	5.6

CHILDHOOD DISEASES

State / District	Children suffering from Acute Respiratory Infection who sought treatment (%)			Children suffering from Fever (%)			Children suffering from Fever who sought treatment (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	92.4	92.1	95.1	33.2	34.1	27.4	89.9	89.8	90.7
Anugul	86.2	85.8	88.3	34.7	36.3	26.6	89.7	89.7	89.6
Balangir	91.5	91.9	85.7	33.8	34.4	26.2	91.9	91.8	94.0
Baleshwar	94.4	93.7	100.0	24.9	24.6	27.3	93.3	93.3	93.5
Bargarh	87.7	87.4	91.4	39.2	39.2	40.1	91.8	91.6	93.5
Baudh	90.6	90.6	-	38.3	38.7	-	83.3	83.7	-
Bhadrak	95.0	94.8	96.6	45.2	45.0	46.6	90.2	89.5	95.4
Cuttack	93.3	92.5	98.2	36.2	39.7	26.1	90.3	90.3	90.6
Debagarh	90.5	89.8	100.0	35.7	35.5	38.0	92.4	92.0	96.9
Dhenkanal	90.6	90.2	100.0	29.4	29.9	22.9	94.0	94.0	92.5
Gajapati	97.4	97.0	100.0	33.8	34.1	31.6	87.3	87.2	87.8
Ganjam	91.9	90.3	100.0	33.2	35.1	19.6	88.2	88.5	84.6
Jagatsinghapur	93.8	94.4	89.4	35.7	37.2	23.7	90.9	92.1	76.1
Jajapur	97.9	97.8	-	28.3	28.6	-	92.1	91.9	-
Jharsuguda	94.7	93.7	95.9	30.6	30.3	31.1	92.7	92.2	93.6
Kalahandi	95.4	95.1	-	32.9	33.3	-	88.4	88.7	-
Kandhamal	85.1	84.6	94.4	37.0	38.1	25.9	79.5	79.6	78.4
Kendrapara	97.2	97.2	100.0	47.2	48.1	30.3	92.6	92.5	95.5
Kendujhar	86.5	85.6	89.6	34.5	35.4	30.3	90.1	89.8	92.1
Khordha	96.9	96.9	96.8	33.8	41.6	21.8	89.7	90.2	88.1
Koraput	79.2	72.8	100.0	31.2	33.0	22.6	80.4	78.1	96.3
Malkangiri	90.4	90.1	100.0	27.2	28.3	14.6	85.3	85.0	93.1
Mayurbhanj	92.4	91.9	100.0	31.9	32.1	28.8	92.9	93.2	87.0
Nabarangapur	78.5	78.2	-	24.7	24.6	-	73.3	72.3	-
Nuapada	95.8	95.7	-	27.4	27.2	-	85.7	85.3	-
Nayagarh	98.5	98.5	-	45.3	45.4	-	95.3	95.6	-
Puri	96.5	96.6	96.3	31.6	32.4	27.0	92.2	92.3	92.1
Rayagada	87.0	89.3	69.2	27.4	28.2	22.6	91.4	93.1	79.1
Sambalpur	89.5	90.7	87.2	35.6	34.2	37.6	90.7	89.9	91.9
Sonapur	89.0	88.7	100.0	32.8	33.1	28.2	87.7	87.5	91.4
Sundargarh	89.1	87.5	94.9	24.6	25.4	22.9	90.8	91.4	89.3

Odisha: Childhood Diseases (%)

Legend: Fever, Acute Respiratory Infection, Diarrhoea

Districts (bottom to top): Sundargarh, Nabarangapur, Baleshwar, Malkangiri, Rayagada, Nuapada, Jajapur, Dhenkanal, Jharsuguda, Koraput, Puri, Mayurbhanj, Sonapur, Kalahandi, Ganjam, Odisha, Khordha, Balangir, Gajapati, Kendujhar, Anugul, Sambalpur, Debagarh, Jagatsinghapur, Cuttack, Kandhamal, Baudh, Bargarh, Bhadrak, Nayagarh, Kendrapara

X-axis: 0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60

BREASTFEEDING AND SUPPLEMENTATION

State / District	Children breastfed within one hour of birth (%)			Children (aged 6-35 months) exclusively breastfed for at least six months (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Odisha	71.5	71.2	73.3	24.8	24.2	28.1
Anugul	64.0	62.8	69.8	5.1	5.3	4.2
Balangir	36.0	36.6	28.0	4.4	4.2	6.5
Baleshwar	68.6	66.5	85.0	10.8	10.4	13.6
Bargarh	56.1	56.1	55.9	7.8	7.9	7.7
Baudh	73.3	73.3	-	23.9	23.8	-
Bhadrak	78.3	78.8	74.1	16.2	15.7	20.0
Cuttack	78.9	80.1	75.6	35.7	31.4	47.6
Debagarh	57.3	57.9	50.7	21.2	22.0	10.8
Dhenkanal	66.4	67.1	56.6	9.1	9.1	10.2
Gajapati	75.3	74.3	83.3	21.6	23.1	9.2
Ganjam	74.8	73.0	88.7	25.1	25.7	21.3
Jagatsinghapur	82.1	80.8	94.5	24.2	25.0	17.1
Jajapur	74.8	74.6	-	8.1	8.2	-
Jharsuguda	70.5	71.8	68.5	17.4	19.5	13.7
Kalahandi	87.8	88.6	-	36.2	37.2	-
Kandhamal	79.6	81.7	59.3	57.2	59.3	37.6
Kendrapara	82.2	81.8	90.2	12.1	12.4	7.5
Kendujhar	73.0	71.3	81.0	24.6	22.5	35.7
Khordha	80.5	84.1	74.5	35.0	34.1	36.5
Koraput	79.7	79.7	79.8	41.5	43.5	32.8
Malkangiri	61.0	60.6	65.7	15.3	14.8	22.1
Mayurbhanj	62.7	62.7	63.3	40.1	40.1	39.7
Nabarangapur	68.5	67.7	-	46.8	46.9	-
Nuapada	89.8	89.6	-	48.4	48.8	-
Nayagarh	78.2	78.4	-	34.5	34.3	-
Puri	84.4	85.7	77.5	31.0	27.0	51.8
Rayagada	71.0	72.9	61.0	39.2	38.2	44.8
Sambalpur	70.3	76.4	61.2	7.8	7.9	7.5
Sonapur	88.4	87.8	99.0	12.7	13.2	4.2
Sundargarh	68.8	67.2	72.6	14.0	12.1	18.9

Odisha: Children breastfed within one hour of birth (%)
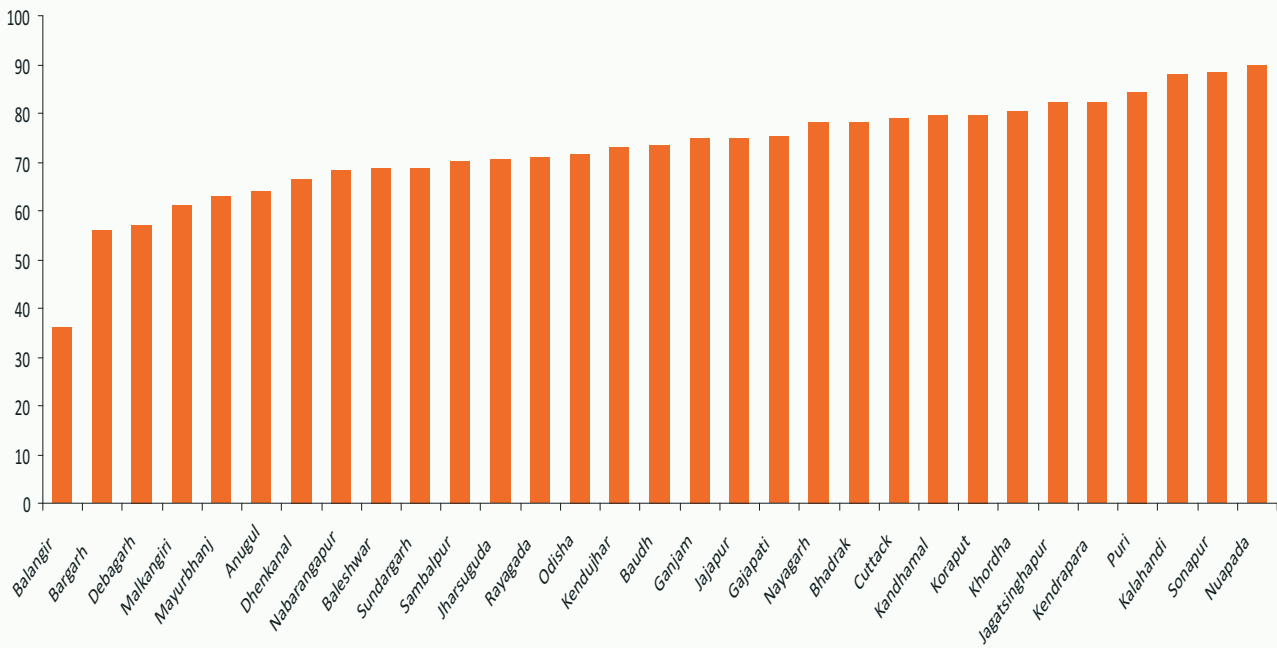
Odisha: Children (aged 6-35 months) exclusively breastfed for at least six months (%)
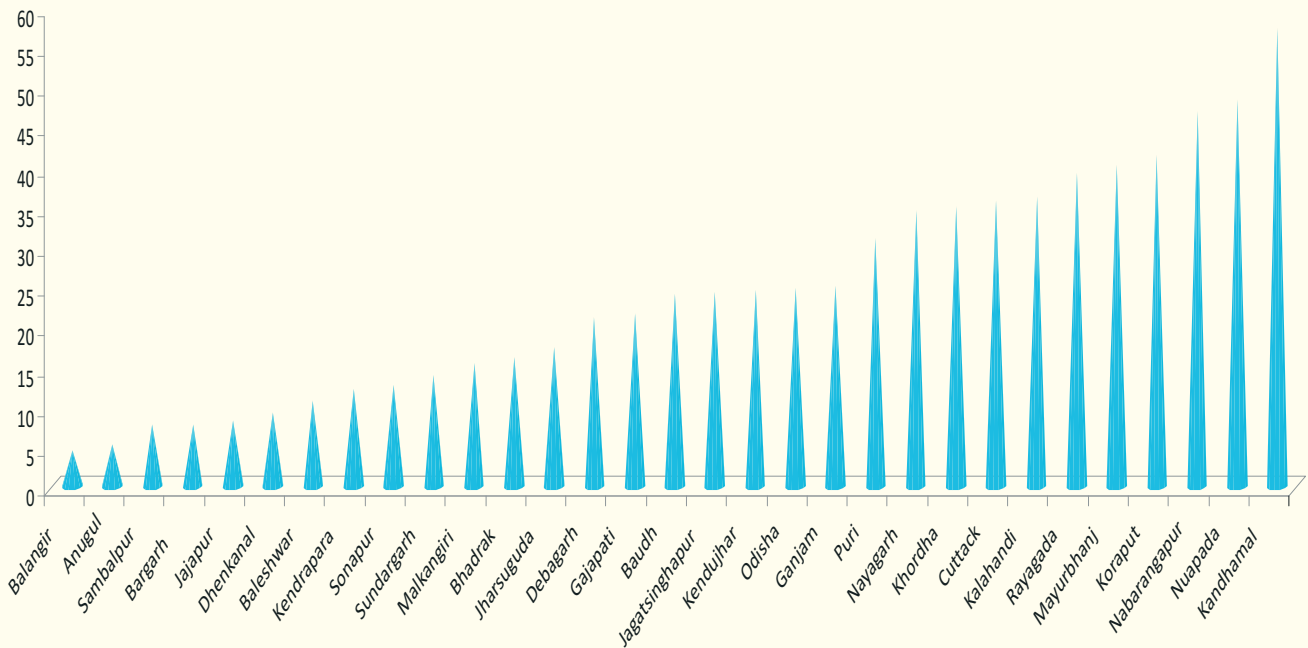
CHILDREN WHO RECEIVED FOODS OTHER THAN BREAST MILK DURING FIRST 6 MONTHS

State / District	Water (%)			Animal/Formula Milk (%)			Semi-Solid mashed food (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	76.3	77.1	71.0	66.1	66.5	63.9	16.9	17.2	15.4
Anugul	95.1	95.0	95.3	91.9	91.9	92.0	1.9	2.1	1.0
Balangir	95.4	95.6	91.6	94.7	94.9	92.3	3.0	2.0	16.8
Baleshwar	84.8	85.3	80.3	78.2	78.9	72.6	20.6	22.4	6.4
Bargarh	95.5	95.3	97.3	93.5	93.7	91.4	33.4	33.7	30.1
Baudh	81.2	81.3	-	65.7	66.1	-	40.0	40.4	-
Bhadrak	81.7	81.2	85.9	80.3	80.3	79.8	28.3	28.4	27.6
Cuttack	55.2	57.0	50.0	43.5	46.7	34.6	12.6	11.9	14.7
Debagarh	93.1	93.0	93.6	81.5	80.7	90.0	28.0	28.0	28.6
Dhenkanal	92.6	92.7	91.0	92.3	92.5	89.3	46.9	47.4	39.3
Gajapati	67.5	67.9	64.2	52.2	51.6	57.5	7.1	7.0	7.5
Ganjam	73.4	73.2	75.0	55.0	53.7	65.0	19.2	18.7	23.1
Jagatsinghapur	59.6	59.9	57.0	57.2	57.1	57.8	14.0	13.9	15.6
Jajapur	88.2	88.2	-	82.5	82.5	-	25.2	25.7	-
Jharsuguda	89.0	90.6	86.2	79.8	77.5	83.6	25.9	27.0	24.1
Kalahandi	49.4	49.4	-	32.9	31.1	-	5.2	5.2	-
Kandhamal	60.8	60.6	62.8	23.9	21.2	49.6	4.7	4.7	5.3
Kendrapara	85.7	85.6	87.5	79.2	79.8	67.0	22.8	23.2	14.3
Kendujhar	86.8	87.4	84.1	70.6	71.6	65.5	20.0	20.3	18.6
Khordha	51.3	52.3	49.6	39.8	41.5	36.9	8.1	8.8	7.1
Koraput	65.2	64.0	70.7	43.2	42.2	47.5	14.5	12.2	24.2
Malkangiri	76.0	75.6	82.1	53.5	54.4	42.5	11.2	10.9	15.7
Mayurbhanj	83.6	84.4	70.8	53.4	53.4	53.3	9.8	9.9	9.2
Nabarangapur	68.8	68.8	-	32.9	32.6	-	9.0	9.2	-
Nuapada	69.1	69.7	-	20.2	20.1	-	3.1	3.2	-
Nayagarh	57.0	56.9	-	45.7	45.5	-	7.7	7.6	-
Puri	57.5	59.3	47.8	49.0	51.7	34.6	11.3	12.2	6.2
Rayagada	66.3	70.4	44.5	40.5	40.2	41.8	8.1	8.8	4.1
Sambalpur	94.3	95.5	92.5	92.1	91.7	92.7	23.5	22.8	24.4
Sonapur	77.0	76.2	90.7	72.0	71.0	90.7	23.9	24.7	10.3
Sundargarh	88.5	92.7	78.0	81.6	82.7	79.0	18.5	20.2	14.3

CHILDREN WHO RECEIVED FOODS OTHER THAN BREAST MILK DURING FIRST 6 MONTHS

State / District	Solid (Adult) Food (%)			Vegetables/Fruits (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Odisha	6.1	6.4	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.1
Anugul	7.0	7.8	3.5	4.8	4.8	4.7
Balangir	4.0	4.0	3.5	1.2	1.3	0.0
Baleshwar	3.4	3.5	2.6	1.3	1.1	2.6
Bargarh	8.2	8.5	5.5	2.9	2.9	3.1
Baudh	18.7	19.0	-	23.9	24.3	-
Bhadrak	6.1	5.7	9.1	3.1	2.9	4.4
Cuttack	6.5	7.1	4.8	7.1	7.7	5.4
Debagarh	4.5	4.4	5.0	2.7	2.7	2.1
Dhenkanal	8.8	8.9	6.6	6.3	6.3	6.6
Gajapati	2.3	2.2	3.3	2.7	2.9	1.7
Ganjam	9.9	10.7	3.8	8.5	9.1	4.4
Jagatsinghapur	11.8	11.6	14.1	11.5	11.1	14.8
Jajapur	7.3	7.4	-	4.4	4.3	-
Jharsuguda	4.9	5.3	4.3	1.6	1.4	2.0
Kalahandi	3.6	3.9	-	3.6	4.0	-
Kandhamal	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.5
Kendrapara	12.5	12.7	9.8	6.0	6.0	6.3
Kendujhar	3.5	3.5	3.5	1.5	1.3	2.7
Khordha	5.5	5.7	5.0	5.4	5.5	5.2
Koraput	9.3	7.9	15.2	9.2	8.3	13.1
Malkangiri	11.1	10.6	17.2	11.1	10.3	21.6
Mayurbhanj	2.4	2.5	1.7	1.2	1.2	0.8
Nabarangapur	5.7	5.8	-	4.9	5.0	-
Nuapada	1.7	1.8	-	2.0	2.0	-
Nayagarh	4.6	4.7	-	4.7	4.7	-
Puri	3.2	2.8	5.9	4.5	4.3	5.5
Rayagada	7.3	8.6	0.7	6.2	7.3	0.7
Sambalpur	2.6	2.6	2.7	1.8	1.8	1.8
Sonapur	9.7	10.1	2.1	10.2	10.7	2.1
Sundargarh	3.6	4.6	1.4	1.1	1.3	0.8

AVERAGE MONTH BY WHICH CHILDREN RECEIVED FOODS OTHER THAN BREAST MILK

State / District	Water			Animal/Formula Milk			Semi-Solid mashed food		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	3.0	3.0	3.1	2.4	2.3	2.8	6.8	6.8	6.8
Anugul	0.9	0.9	0.7	1.0	1.0	0.9	7.4	7.4	7.4
Balangir	0.7	0.7	1.0	0.5	0.4	0.9	7.2	7.2	6.2
Baleshwar	2.3	2.3	2.7	2.5	2.5	2.5	6.4	6.3	6.7
Bargarh	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.9	6.1	6.1	6.1
Baudh	2.8	2.8	-	2.0	2.0	-	5.0	4.9	-
Bhadrak	2.7	2.7	2.4	2.2	2.3	1.4	6.3	6.3	6.3
Cuttack	3.9	3.8	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.5	7.2	7.3	6.9
Debagarh	2.1	2.1	1.4	0.7	0.6	1.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Dhenkanal	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.6	5.4	5.4	5.5
Gajapati	3.7	3.6	4.2	3.7	3.6	4.0	7.7	7.7	7.7
Ganjam	3.7	3.7	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.6	6.5	6.5	6.7
Jagatsinghapur	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.9	3.9	3.8	6.5	6.5	6.4
Jajapur	1.8	1.8	-	1.8	1.8	-	6.3	6.3	-
Jharsuguda	2.3	2.5	2.1	1.1	0.9	1.4	6.2	6.2	6.3
Kalahandi	4.8	4.9	-	4.3	4.2	-	7.5	7.5	-
Kandhamal	5.1	5.1	4.8	3.3	3.3	3.6	7.7	7.7	7.0
Kendrapara	2.0	2.0	2.4	2.2	2.1	3.1	6.5	6.5	7.0
Kendujhar	3.4	3.3	3.6	1.4	1.4	1.6	6.4	6.4	6.5
Khordha	4.0	3.7	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.4	7.7	7.8	7.5
Koraput	4.8	5.0	3.7	3.2	3.2	2.9	7.3	7.5	6.5
Malkangiri	2.6	2.7	1.4	3.1	3.2	3.0	7.7	7.8	5.8
Mayurbhanj	4.2	4.2	4.7	1.6	1.6	3.0	6.9	6.9	7.2
Nabarangapur	4.8	4.8	-	2.8	2.7	-	7.9	7.9	-
Nuapada	5.2	5.2	-	2.4	2.3	-	7.5	7.5	-
Nayagarh	4.3	4.3	-	4.2	4.2	-	8.0	8.0	-
Puri	3.9	3.9	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.6	7.1	6.9	8.1
Rayagada	4.9	5.0	4.7	3.1	2.8	4.7	8.0	7.9	8.2
Sambalpur	1.7	1.9	1.5	0.8	0.7	0.9	6.0	6.0	6.2
Sonapur	3.1	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.8	3.3	6.0	6.0	6.3
Sundargarh	2.6	2.4	3.0	1.3	0.8	2.3	6.3	6.2	6.6

AVERAGE MONTH BY WHICH CHILDREN RECEIVED FOODS OTHER THAN BREAST MILK

State / District	Solid (Adult) Food			Vegetables/Fruits		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Odisha	9.5	9.5	9.6	8.7	8.7	8.7
Anugul	10.2	10.4	9.4	9.3	9.4	8.7
Balangir	10.4	10.4	10.7	7.2	7.2	7.4
Baleshwar	9.2	9.2	9.2	7.9	7.9	7.8
Bargarh	8.5	8.6	8.3	7.9	7.9	8.0
Baudh	6.7	6.6	-	6.0	6.0	-
Bhadrak	10.5	10.4	11.0	9.1	9.1	9.3
Cuttack	9.9	9.6	10.8	8.6	8.7	8.3
Debagarh	9.0	9.0	9.5	8.5	8.5	8.0
Dhenkanal	10.6	10.6	10.4	9.9	9.9	9.9
Gajapati	10.4	10.4	10.5	11.2	11.1	12.8
Ganjam	8.9	8.8	9.3	8.9	8.9	9.4
Jagatsinghapur	8.6	8.5	9.5	8.6	8.6	8.5
Jajapur	10.3	10.2	-	9.4	9.4	-
Jharsuguda	8.7	8.5	8.9	8.4	8.3	8.6
Kalahandi	9.2	8.9	-	8.8	8.7	-
Kandhamal	9.1	9.2	8.4	8.8	8.9	8.4
Kendrapara	10.3	10.3	11.1	8.6	8.6	7.9
Kendujhar	9.4	9.3	9.7	8.5	8.5	8.5
Khordha	10.5	10.8	10.1	9.0	9.1	8.9
Koraput	8.8	9.0	8.1	8.6	8.7	8.2
Malkangiri	9.1	9.2	7.5	9.2	9.2	8.1
Mayurbhanj	9.7	9.6	10.5	8.9	8.9	10.0
Nabarangapur	9.5	9.5	-	9.6	9.7	-
Nuapada	9.5	9.6	-	9.6	9.6	-
Nayagarh	10.2	10.2	-	9.7	9.7	-
Puri	10.0	9.9	10.7	9.2	9.0	10.8
Rayagada	10.2	10.1	10.7	10.3	10.2	10.8
Sambalpur	9.3	9.7	8.6	8.3	8.6	8.0
Sonapur	7.1	7.1	7.2	6.9	6.8	7.1
Sundargarh	8.3	8.1	8.6	8.0	7.9	8.4

BIRTH REGISTRATION

State / District	Birth Registered (%)			Children whose birth was registered and received Birth Certificate (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Odisha	83.7	82.7	89.6	30.4	26.9	51.7
Anugul	90.4	90.1	91.7	23.6	20.3	40.3
Balangir	95.8	95.5	100.0	11.8	9.2	47.1
Baleshwar	91.2	90.8	94.7	33.4	30.7	56.4
Bargarh	87.8	86.8	99.0	18.8	16.4	44.7
Baudh	80.8	81.2	-	4.3	4.0	-
Bhadrak	83.6	83.6	83.8	23.6	21.9	36.9
Cuttack	87.4	87.9	85.9	47.1	42.9	59.2
Debagarh	94.9	94.7	97.1	18.7	17.6	30.4
Dhenkanal	95.6	95.4	98.3	23.5	22.2	40.0
Gajapati	78.3	77.7	82.6	36.3	34.2	53.5
Ganjam	73.4	70.3	95.0	41.3	36.2	76.4
Jagatsinghapur	88.3	88.6	85.6	39.4	38.3	49.0
Jajapur	89.0	88.8	-	37.0	36.1	-
Jharsuguda	91.9	92.3	91.2	35.8	25.3	52.7
Kalahandi	60.2	57.2	-	29.7	27.0	-
Kandhamal	68.3	66.2	88.8	39.1	35.2	78.3
Kendrapara	89.1	88.8	95.2	43.1	42.4	56.6
Kendujhar	88.5	87.9	91.3	13.3	9.5	31.9
Khordha	83.3	84.6	81.3	50.9	44.6	60.5
Koraput	70.3	67.2	84.9	20.4	15.6	43.1
Malkangiri	72.4	70.7	94.0	29.1	27.9	42.7
Mayurbhanj	93.9	93.6	98.8	22.6	21.3	42.5
Nabarangapur	43.9	42.8	-	13.7	12.6	-
Nuapada	67.5	66.5	-	51.4	50.5	-
Nayagarh	78.6	78.4	-	25.4	25.0	-
Puri	90.6	90.6	90.9	47.9	46.7	54.3
Rayagada	71.5	69.8	81.6	44.9	41.4	65.3
Sambalpur	88.8	85.5	93.7	40.0	35.9	46.1
Sonapur	65.8	66.1	59.7	16.0	16.3	11.3
Sundargarh	91.6	91.4	92.1	29.4	19.5	52.4

Odisha: Birth Registration (%)
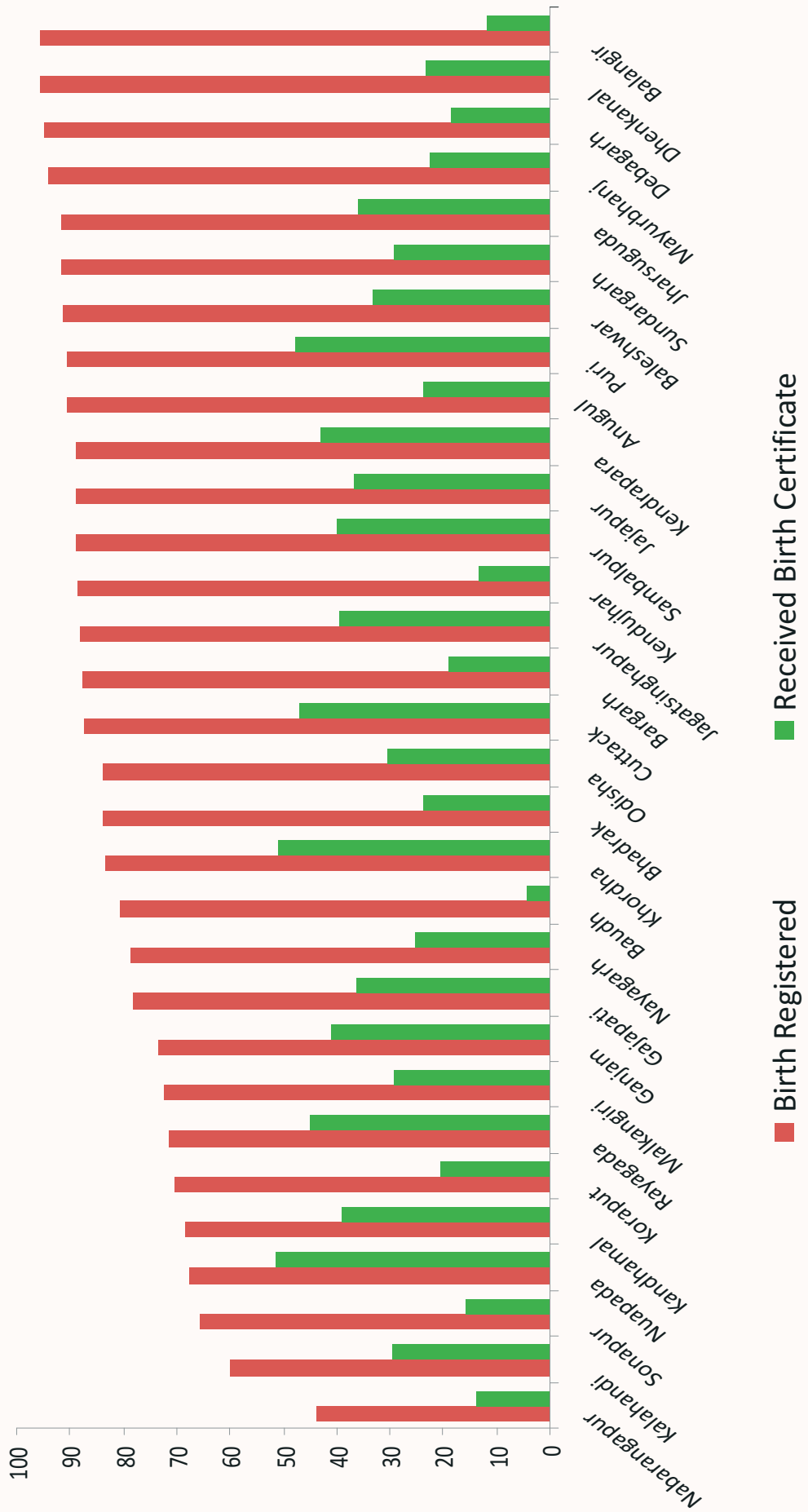
Legend: ■ Birth Registered ■ Received Birth Certificate

X-axis categories (top to bottom): Balangir, Dhenkanal, Debagarh, Mayurbhanj, Jharsuguda, Sundargarh, Baleshwar, Puri, Angul, Kendrapara, Jajapur, Sambalpur, Kendujhar, Jagatsinghapur, Bargarh, Cuttack, Odisha, Bhadrak, Khordha, Baudh, Nayagarh, Gajapati, Ganjam, Malkangiri, Rayagada, Koraput, Kandhamal, Nuapada, Sonapur, Kalahandi, Nabarangapur

Y-axis: 0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100

AWARENESS ON HIV/AIDS, RTI/STI, HAF/ORS/ORT AND ARI/PNEUMONIA

State / District	Women who are aware of HIV/AIDS (%)			Women who are aware of RTI/STI (%)			Women who are aware of HAF/ORS/ORT (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	80.6	78.2	92.7	50.1	47.8	62.0	97.7	97.5	98.5
Anugul	85.8	83.5	97.0	67.4	64.9	79.3	99.5	99.5	99.8
Balangir	75.9	74.1	95.0	47.7	46.6	59.0	99.8	99.8	99.8
Baleshwar	94.6	94.5	95.8	79.8	80.0	78.4	99.4	99.3	99.9
Bargarh	75.0	73.3	93.1	32.5	31.8	40.4	99.5	99.5	99.5
Baudh	64.8	63.7	-	74.3	74.0	-	98.6	98.5	-
Bhadrak	92.8	93.5	87.4	78.2	79.6	68.1	99.0	99.4	95.7
Cuttack	93.3	91.9	97.1	73.4	66.8	91.9	98.6	98.4	99.0
Debagarh	81.6	80.2	94.5	38.0	36.1	54.9	99.6	99.6	99.7
Dhenkanal	85.9	84.9	96.6	62.7	61.7	72.4	96.0	95.6	99.4
Gajapati	64.7	61.1	90.0	40.9	37.3	66.5	86.3	84.6	99.0
Ganjam	88.6	87.4	94.0	47.4	52.5	23.6	98.6	98.5	99.1
Jagatsinghapur	95.6	95.7	94.5	51.6	55.2	25.4	98.1	97.9	99.2
Jajapur	92.3	92.2	-	42.8	42.9	-	99.8	99.7	-
Jharsuguda	78.3	74.0	85.3	41.1	37.3	47.3	98.0	98.5	97.3
Kalahandi	56.4	52.3	-	23.5	20.3	-	95.4	95.1	-
Kandhamal	69.8	67.4	89.4	56.9	58.6	43.2	97.4	97.3	98.5
Kendrapara	94.4	94.1	98.9	24.0	23.0	39.1	99.7	99.7	100.0
Kendujhar	85.3	83.9	91.4	61.3	57.9	76.2	99.2	99.1	99.3
Khordha	93.3	92.0	94.7	54.7	52.4	57.4	99.0	99.2	98.7
Koraput	52.1	44.6	87.1	38.0	33.4	59.4	92.2	91.2	97.2
Malkangiri	62.0	59.0	95.4	23.9	20.8	59.1	98.1	98.1	97.9
Mayurbhanj	80.4	79.1	96.2	37.6	35.1	67.1	99.2	99.2	99.5
Nabarangapur	37.6	35.0	-	19.1	16.6	-	86.2	85.8	-
Nuapada	68.2	67.2	-	53.8	52.0	-	98.1	98.0	-
Nayagarh	85.1	84.7	-	39.2	38.3	-	99.0	99.0	-
Puri	88.9	88.5	91.3	45.9	41.2	74.1	99.3	99.4	99.0
Rayagada	44.2	37.8	72.4	14.9	13.1	23.0	78.7	78.5	79.5
Sambalpur	82.9	75.2	94.5	67.5	66.7	68.6	99.6	99.6	99.6
Sonapur	73.9	74.1	71.5	83.4	83.7	78.5	99.2	99.3	98.7
Sundargarh	71.9	61.5	90.7	48.9	37.8	69.2	99.1	98.8	99.6

AWARENESS ON HIV/AIDS, RTI/STI, HAF/ORS/ORT AND ARI/PNEUMONIA

State / District	Women who are aware of danger signs of ARI/Pneumonia (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4
Odisha	42.7	39.7	58.2
Anugul	22.3	22.3	22.6
Balangir	32.2	31.2	43.5
Baleshwar	19.5	18.6	26.2
Bargarh	10.6	9.7	20.0
Baudh	77.8	77.3	-
Bhadrak	25.3	25.0	27.5
Cuttack	76.3	70.7	92.1
Debagarh	37.8	37.2	43.2
Dhenkanal	29.6	27.9	46.9
Gajapati	35.4	32.5	56.6
Ganjam	60.4	57.0	76.2
Jagatsinghapur	84.0	84.6	79.9
Jajapur	48.8	48.4	-
Jharsuguda	28.0	28.0	28.0
Kalahandi	48.2	45.1	-
Kandhamal	67.1	66.5	72.4
Kendrapara	16.7	16.2	23.6
Kendujhar	34.1	29.5	53.9
Khordha	72.6	70.6	74.9
Koraput	52.1	51.2	56.5
Malkangiri	45.9	41.8	93.0
Mayurbhanj	26.2	25.4	35.1
Nabarangapur	25.6	24.1	-
Nuapada	71.0	70.0	-
Nayagarh	53.3	53.2	-
Puri	58.4	54.7	81.2
Rayagada	29.5	25.4	47.6
Sambalpur	18.7	11.0	30.4
Sonapur	90.7	90.8	89.2
Sundargarh	39.0	28.5	58.3
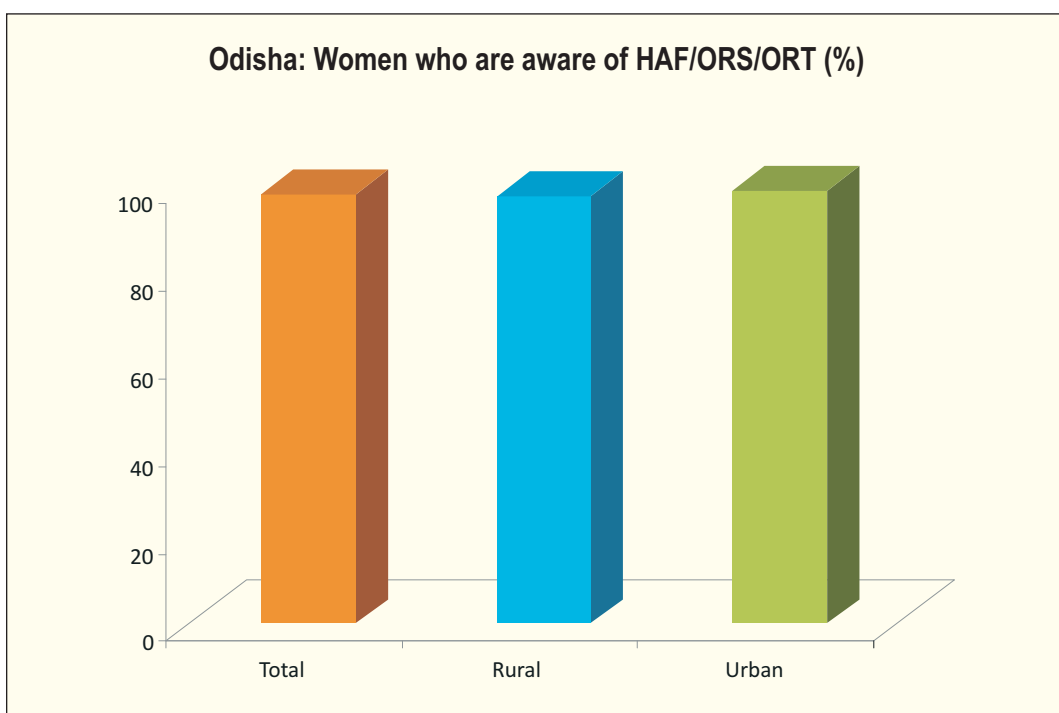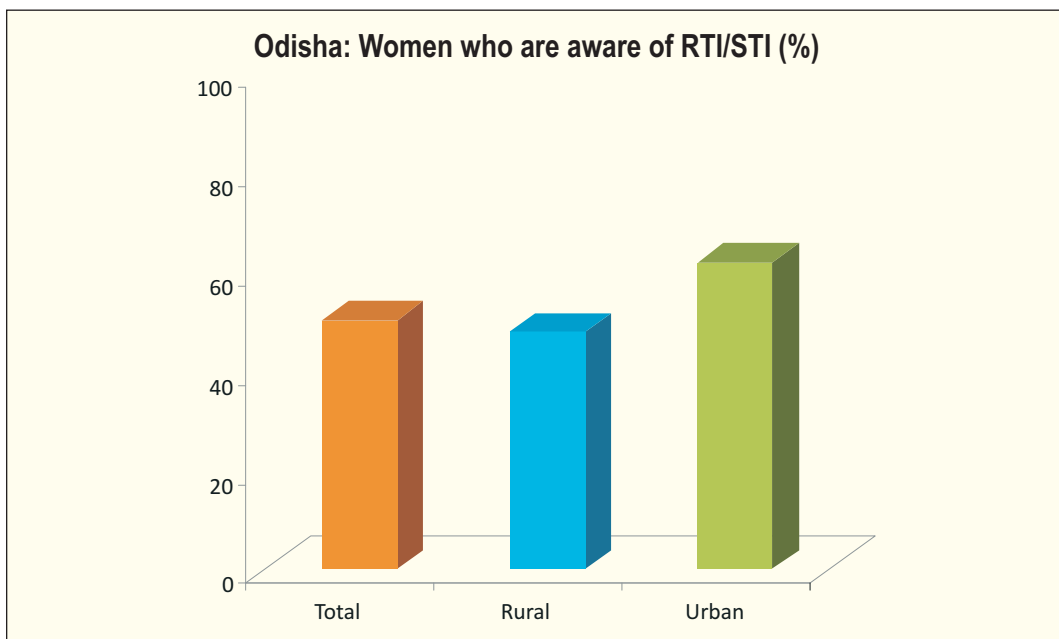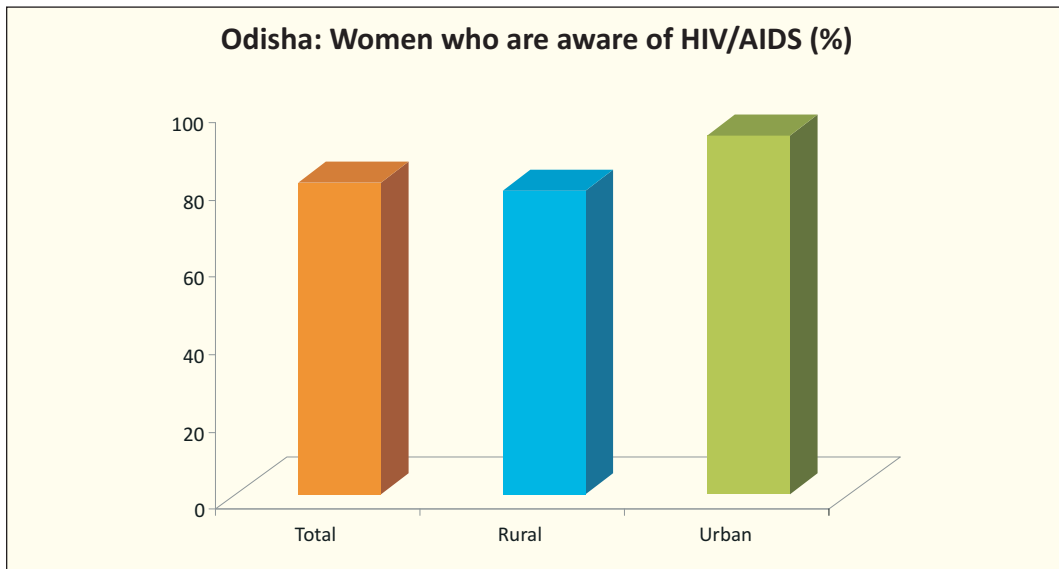
Odisha: Women who are aware of HIV/AIDS (%)

Odisha: Women who are aware of RTI/STI (%)

Odisha: Women who are aware of HAF/ORS/ORT (%)

MORTALITY									
	Crude Death Rate (CDR)								
State / District	Total			Rural			Urban		
	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	8.3	8.9	7.7	8.7	9.3	8.1	6.4	7.0	5.7
Anugul	7.3	7.8	6.8	7.8	8.4	7.2	4.9	5.2	4.7
Balangir	10.5	11.3	9.8	10.9	11.6	10.2	6.6	8.0	5.2
Baleshwar	7.1	7.8	6.4	7.1	7.7	6.5	7.3	8.5	6.1
Bargarh	10.1	10.4	9.8	10.5	10.7	10.3	6.4	7.6	5.2
Baudh	10.6	10.9	10.2	10.8	11.1	10.5	6.2	6.3	6.2
Bhadrak	8.3	8.8	7.9	8.6	9.2	8.1	6.1	6.2	5.9
Cuttack	6.9	7.2	6.6	7.5	7.6	7.4	5.4	6.4	4.5
Debagarh	8.6	8.8	8.4	8.8	8.8	8.7	6.8	8.2	5.5
Dhenkanal	10.9	11.6	10.1	11.3	12.2	10.5	6.4	6.4	6.4
Gajapati	7.8	8.1	7.5	7.8	8.1	7.6	7.3	7.9	6.8
Ganjam	8.4	9.3	7.5	8.6	9.5	7.8	7.2	8.3	6.0
Jagatsinghapur	7.2	7.7	6.6	7.7	8.4	7.0	3.4	3.1	3.8
Jajapur	7.8	8.2	7.5	7.9	8.2	7.5	6.8	7.1	6.5
Jharsuguda	8.4	8.9	7.9	9.5	10.2	8.8	6.5	6.7	6.3
Kalahandi	6.7	7.1	6.2	7.0	7.5	6.5	3.9	3.7	4.0
Kandhamal	8.9	9.3	8.5	9.3	9.6	8.9	5.8	6.7	4.9
Kendrapara	9.2	9.7	8.8	9.3	9.7	8.8	8.9	9.4	8.5
Kendujhar	9.4	9.8	9.0	9.7	10.1	9.3	7.8	8.4	7.3
Khordha	8.4	8.6	8.2	9.3	9.7	8.9	7.3	7.3	7.3
Koraput	8.0	9.0	7.1	8.5	9.5	7.4	5.9	6.2	5.6
Malkangiri	7.0	8.0	6.1	7.3	8.3	6.3	3.7	4.0	3.5
Mayurbhanj	9.0	10.0	8.1	9.0	9.8	8.2	9.4	12.2	6.4
Nabarangapur	7.7	9.2	6.2	7.9	9.3	6.3	4.9	5.8	3.9
Nayagarh	9.3	9.6	8.9	9.3	9.6	9.0	7.6	8.2	7.0
Nuapada	7.3	7.9	6.7	7.4	8.1	6.7	4.8	3.5	6.2
Puri	8.8	9.2	8.4	9.0	9.4	8.7	7.6	8.2	6.9
Rayagada	8.5	9.6	7.4	8.6	9.8	7.5	7.9	9.0	6.8
Sambalpur	9.6	10.3	8.8	10.8	11.3	10.2	7.6	8.6	6.6
Sonapur	7.7	7.6	7.7	7.8	7.7	7.8	6.3	6.0	6.6
Sundargarh	7.2	8.0	6.4	8.8	9.6	7.9	4.1	4.8	3.2

Odisha: Crude Death Rate (CDR)

Bar chart showing Crude Death Rate (CDR) for Person, Male, and Female across Total, Rural, and Urban categories.

Odisha: Crude Death Rate (CDR)

Line chart showing Male and Female Crude Death Rate across districts: Kalahandi, Cuttack, Malkangiri, Baleshwar, Jagatsinghapur, Sundargarh, Anugul, Nuapada, Sonapur, Nabarangapur, Gajapati, Jajapur, Koraput, Bhadrak, Odisha, Ganjam, Jharsuguda, Khordha, Rayagada, Debagarh, Puri, Kandhamal, Mayurbhanj, Kendrapara, Nayagarh, Kendujhar, Sambalpur, Bargarh, Balangir, Baudh, Dhenkanal.

MORTALITY									
	Infant Mortality Rate (IMR)								
State / District	Total			Rural			Urban		
	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	62	59	66	65	62	68	44	40	48
Anugul	50	50	50	54	53	56	29	36	20
Balangir	100	99	101	103	101	104	-	-	-
Baleshwar	49	49	50	50	49	51	-	-	-
Bargarh	66	68	63	68	70	65	-	-	-
Baudh	64	54	75	65	56	75	-	-	-
Bhadrak	55	54	57	56	52	61	46	63	29
Cuttack	63	61	66	73	69	78	37	39	35
Debagarh	58	53	65	62	54	70	25	36	11
Dhenkanal	76	75	78	78	75	80	-	-	-
Gajapati	65	57	74	66	57	77	50	56	43
Ganjam	61	56	66	67	61	74	-	-	-
Jagatsinghapur	56	46	67	60	49	71	28	22	35
Jajapur	53	51	55	53	52	55	34	26	42
Jharsuguda	51	50	52	52	55	49	48	41	56
Kalahandi	59	53	65	62	56	68	-	-	-
Kandhamal	88	76	101	92	79	106	-	-	-
Kendrapara	64	61	66	65	63	67	-	-	-
Kendujhar	58	56	60	59	59	59	52	43	62
Khordha	76	72	80	81	78	84	69	64	75
Koraput	56	53	59	58	57	59	46	33	59
Malkangiri	55	52	58	56	54	57	43	21	67
Mayurbhanj	53	51	55	54	52	55	-	-	-
Nabarangapur	54	58	51	55	59	50	-	-	-
Nayagarh	67	55	82	67	55	81	-	-	-
Nuapada	56	53	59	57	54	60	-	-	-
Puri	80	74	87	86	82	90	53	36	72
Rayagada	65	60	71	69	64	73	41	31	52
Sambalpur	56	52	61	64	64	65	43	32	55
Sonapur	54	48	62	56	48	64	-	-	-
Sundargarh	55	53	56	65	66	65	29	25	34

Odisha: Infant Mortality Rate (IMR)

Odisha: Infant Mortality Rate (IMR)
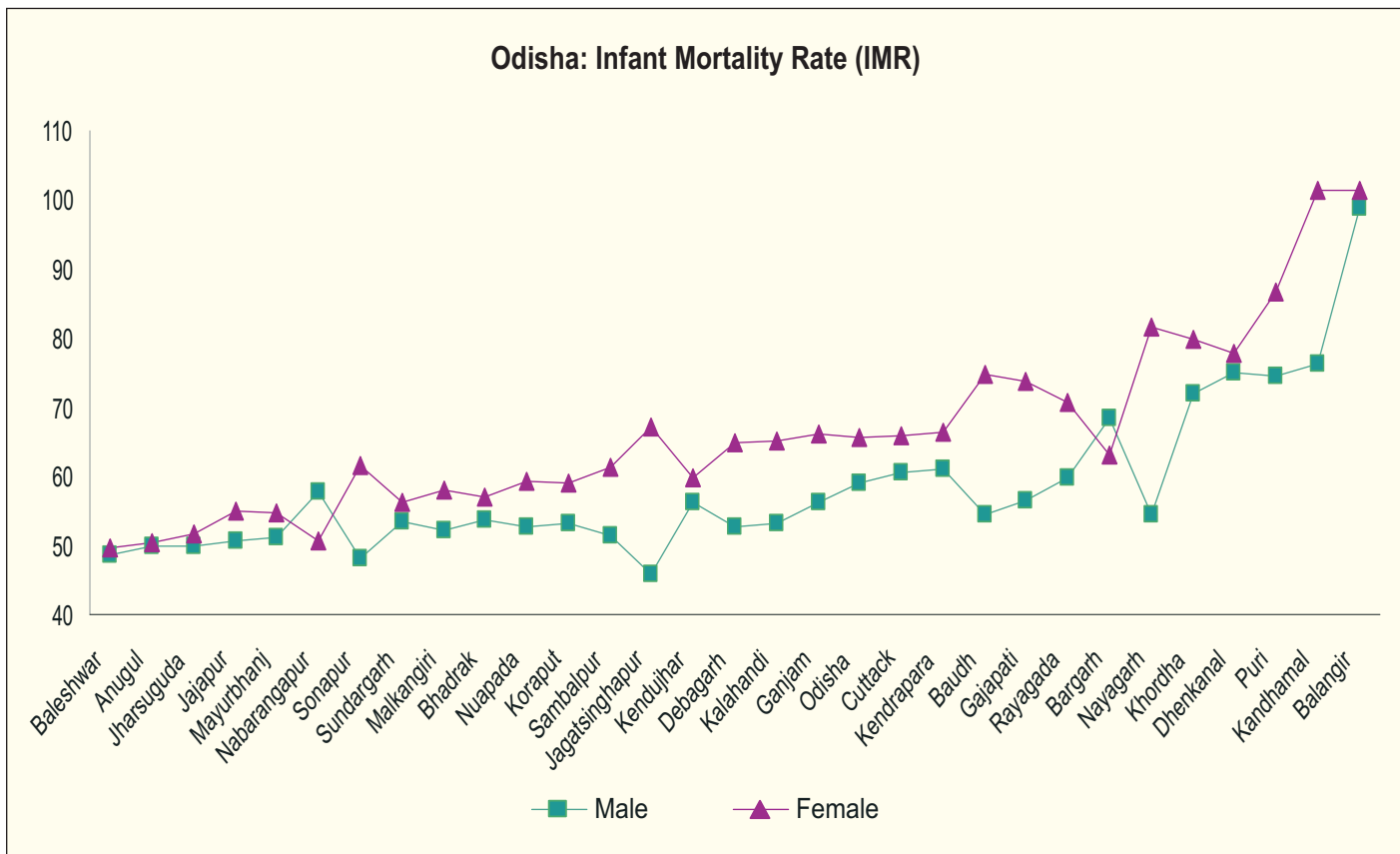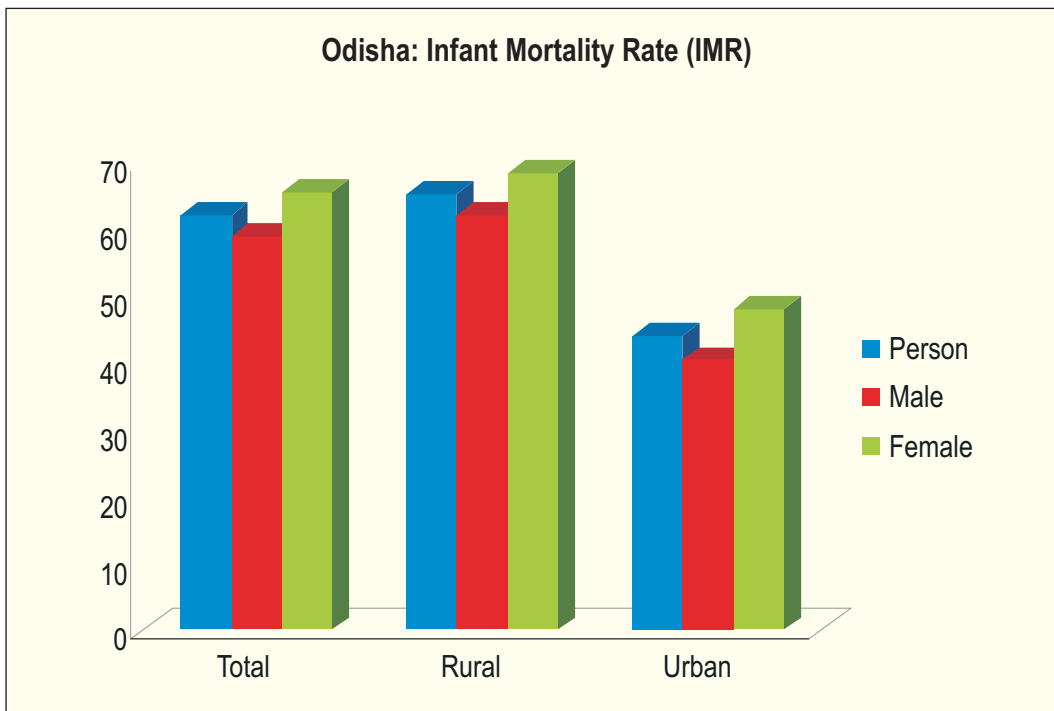
MORTALITY

State / District	Neo-natal Mortality Rate			Post Neo-natal Mortality Rate		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Odisha	40	42	28	22	23	16
Anugul	31	33	20	20	22	8
Balangir	75	76	-	25	26	-
Baleshwar	35	35	-	14	14	-
Bargarh	51	53	-	15	15	-
Baudh	48	49	-	16	17	-
Bhadrak	35	34	40	20	22	6
Cuttack	39	47	18	24	26	19
Debagarh	41	44	20	17	18	5
Dhenkanal	54	54	-	22	23	-
Gajapati	32	33	18	33	33	32
Ganjam	38	42	-	23	25	-
Jagatsinghapur	32	34	15	25	26	12
Jajapur	40	41	27	12	13	7
Jharsuguda	41	43	38	10	9	10
Kalahandi	32	34	-	27	28	-
Kandhamal	43	44	-	45	48	-
Kendrapara	45	46	-	19	19	-
Kendujhar	41	43	33	17	16	19
Khordha	46	53	37	29	27	32
Koraput	36	37	31	20	21	14
Malkangiri	33	33	43	22	23	-
Mayurbhanj	38	39	-	14	15	-
Nabarangapur	32	32	-	23	23	-
Nayagarh	40	39	-	27	28	-
Nuapada	33	33	-	23	23	-
Puri	42	45	30	38	41	22
Rayagada	32	35	14	33	33	27
Sambalpur	35	39	27	22	25	16
Sonapur	36	37	-	18	19	-
Sundargarh	39	45	23	16	20	6

Odisha :Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) with it's component

Legend:
- ■ Neo-natal Mortality Rate
- ■ Post Neo-natal Mortality Rate

Districts (top to bottom): Balangir, Kandhamal, Puri, Dhenkanal, Khordha, Nayagarh, Bargarh, Rayagada, Gajapati, Baudh, Kendrapara, Cuttack, Odisha, Ganjam, Kalahandi, Debagarh, Kendujhar, Jagatsinghapur, Sambalpur, Koraput, Nuapada, Bhadrak, Malkangiri, Sundargarh, Sonapur, Nabarangapur, Mayurbhanj, Jajapur, Jharsuguda, Angul, Baleshwar

X-axis: 0, 20, 40, 60, 80, 100, 120

State / District	Under Five Mortality Rate (U5MR)								
	Total			Rural			Urban		
	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	82	80	84	87	85	89	54	50	59
Anugul	60	60	61	64	62	66	40	48	30
Balangir	115	112	118	119	116	122	-	-	-
Baleshwar	58	57	59	59	59	60	-	-	-
Bargarh	74	76	72	77	79	74	-	-	-
Baudh	89	81	99	92	84	100	-	-	-
Bhadrak	66	63	68	67	62	72	57	71	42
Cuttack	91	86	98	108	98	118	48	52	43
Debagarh	72	58	87	76	59	94	29	44	11
Dhenkanal	90	90	90	92	92	93	-	-	-
Gajapati	85	82	89	89	84	94	53	62	43
Ganjam	93	93	93	104	102	106	-	-	-
Jagatsinghapur	67	60	74	70	64	77	39	35	43
Jajapur	63	57	68	64	58	69	40	26	55
Jharsuguda	58	55	62	61	62	60	54	44	65
Kalahandi	77	71	83	82	76	89	-	-	-
Kandhamal	145	138	153	154	146	163	-	-	-
Kendrapara	70	64	75	71	65	76	-	-	-
Kendujhar	85	84	85	88	91	86	67	53	81
Khordha	102	96	109	114	110	118	87	78	97
Koraput	72	71	73	75	76	73	56	44	69
Malkangiri	79	79	79	80	81	79	61	42	82
Mayurbhanj	72	81	65	74	83	66	-	-	-
Nabarangapur	87	96	78	89	99	78	-	-	-
Nayagarh	86	75	100	87	76	100	-	-	-
Nuapada	75	77	74	77	79	75	-	-	-
Puri	108	101	117	113	105	120	85	78	95
Rayagada	105	104	107	112	113	111	64	50	80
Sambalpur	73	64	82	87	82	93	50	36	65
Sonapur	84	74	95	86	74	98	-	-	-
Sundargarh	65	63	66	78	79	77	33	29	38

Odisha: Under Five Mortality Rate (U5MR)

Odisha: Under Five Mortality Rate (U5MR)
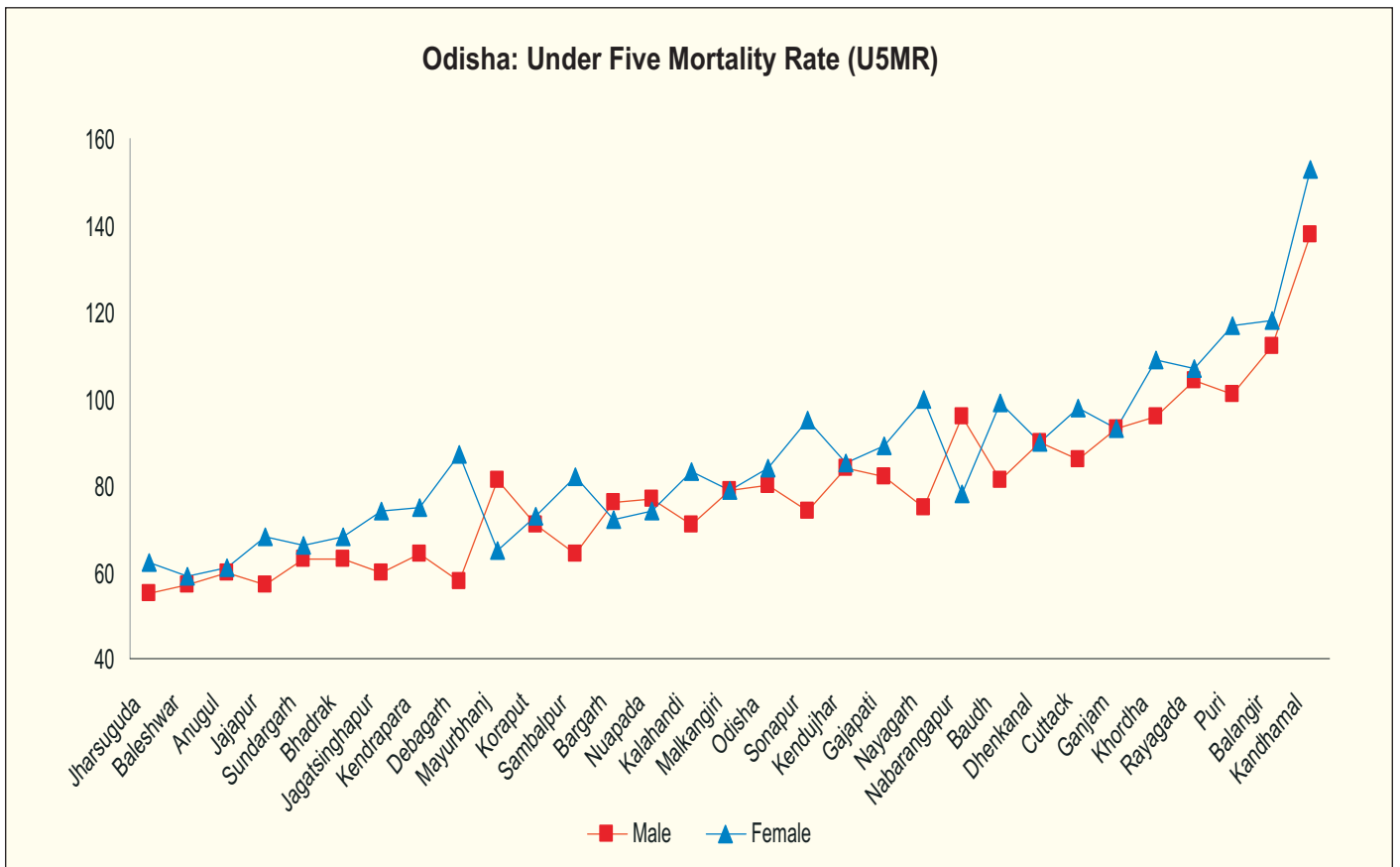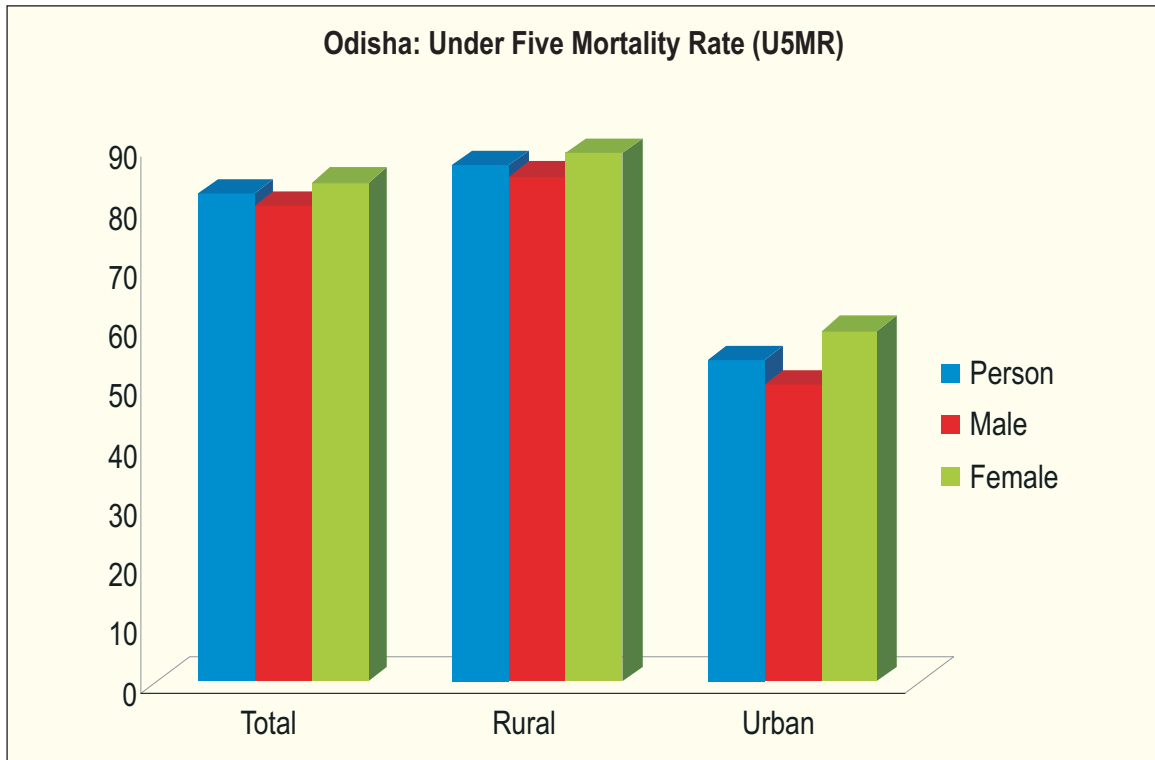
MORTALITY

State / Commissionrait	Maternal Mortality Ratio (MMR), Maternal Mortality Rate and Life Time Risk							
	Sample Female Population	Sample Live Births	Maternal Deaths	MMR	95% Confidence Interval		Maternal Mortality Rate	Life Time Risk
					Lower Limit	Upper Limit		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Odisha	531560	111390	308	277	246	307	19	0.67%
NORTHERN DIVISION (Bargarh, Jharsuguda, Sambalpur, Debagarh, Sundargarh, Kendujhar, Dhenkanal, Anugul, Sonapur, Balangir)	196353	37936	96	253	202	304	16	0.57%
CENTRAL DIVISION (Mayurbhanj, Baleshwar, Bhadrak, Kendrapara, Jagatsinghapur, Cuttack, Jajapur, Nayagarh, Khordha, Puri)	227875	46452	128	276	228	323	19	0.65%
SOUTHERN DIVISION (Ganjam, Gajapati, Kandhamal, Baudh, Nuapada, Kalahandi, Rayagada, Nabarangapur, Koraput, Malkangiri)	107332	27002	84	311	245	378	26	0.91%

DISTRIBUTION OF MATERNAL AND NON-MATERNAL DEATHS BY BROAD AGE GROUP

Age Group	Sample Female Deaths	Maternal Deaths	Proportion	95% Confidence Interval		Non Maternal Deaths	Proportion	95% Confidence Interval	
				Lower Limit	Upper Limit			Lower Limit	Upper Limit
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
15-19	404	33	11	7	14	371	13	12	14
20-24	453	91	30	24	35	362	13	12	14
25-29	391	85	28	23	33	306	11	10	12
30-34	348	52	17	13	21	296	11	9	12
35-39	471	35	11	8	15	436	15	14	17
40-44	459	5	2	0	3	454	16	15	17
45-49	597	7	2	1	4	590	21	19	22
Total	3123	308	100			2815	100		

Odisha: Maternal Mortality Ratio (MMR) at Commissionrait level
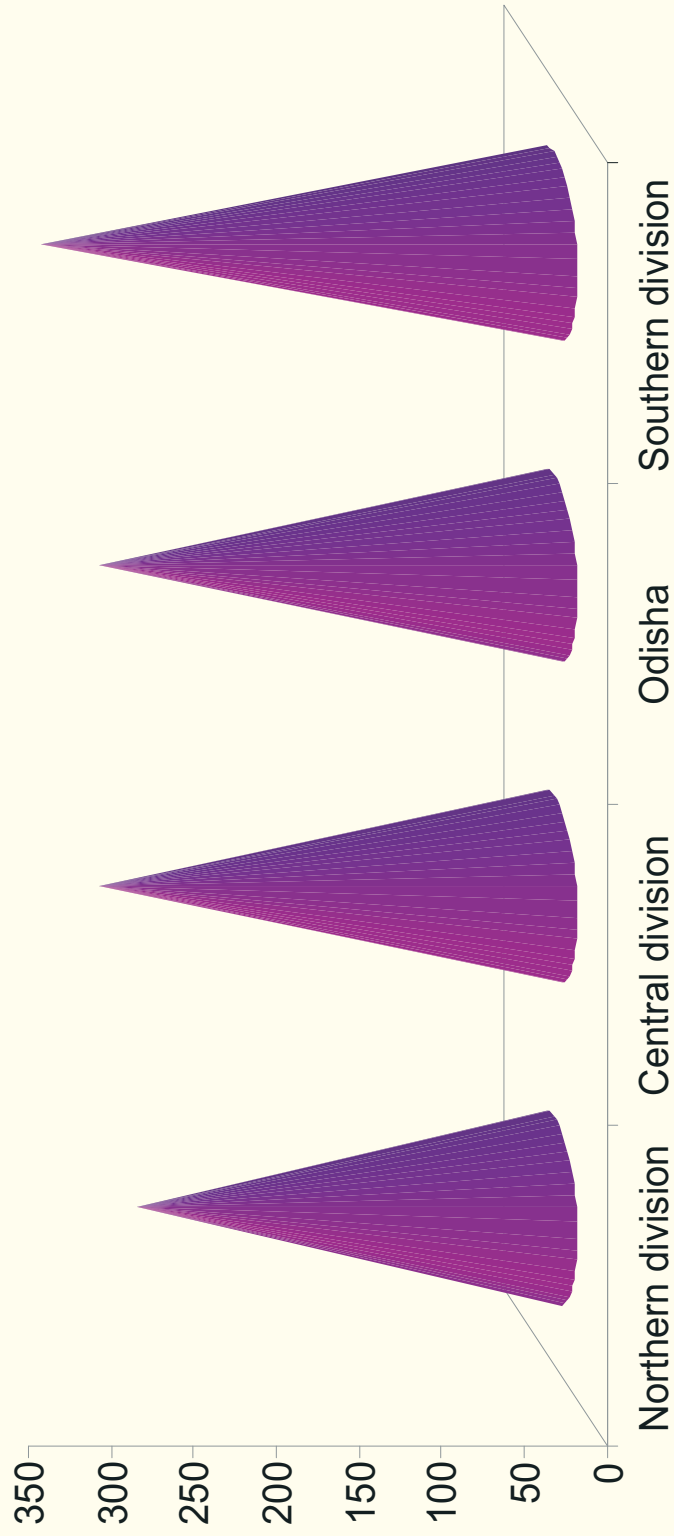
CONFIDENCE INTERVAL (95%) FOR SOME IMPORTANT INDICATORS												
State / District	Crude Birth Rate						Crude Death Rate					
	Total		Rural		Urban		Total		Rural		Urban	
	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Lower Limit	Upper Limit
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Odisha	19.7	20.3	20.0	20.7	17.3	18.5	8.2	8.5	8.6	8.9	6.1	6.7
Anugul	17.2	19.0	17.5	19.4	13.8	19.3	6.6	8.1	6.9	8.7	3.6	6.3
Balangir	20.2	22.0	20.6	22.6	13.3	19.2	9.5	11.5	9.8	11.9	4.1	9.2
Baleshwar	18.3	20.1	18.7	20.6	13.5	18.5	6.5	7.7	6.4	7.7	5.4	9.2
Bargarh	17.0	18.4	16.9	18.4	16.4	20.3	9.5	10.8	9.8	11.2	4.5	8.4
Baudh	27.9	31.1	28.4	31.8	11.4	25.1	9.9	11.2	10.1	11.5	3.9	8.5
Bhadrak	20.1	21.6	20.1	21.8	17.8	21.9	7.8	8.8	8.0	9.2	5.2	6.9
Cuttack	19.1	20.2	18.9	20.1	18.8	21.3	6.3	7.5	6.8	8.2	4.5	6.4
Debagarh	17.2	18.9	17.5	19.2	12.6	18.7	7.4	9.8	7.5	10.1	5.3	8.3
Dhenkanal	19.6	21.7	20.0	22.1	12.5	19.9	10.1	11.6	10.5	12.1	3.9	8.9
Gajapati	19.2	21.5	19.9	22.3	11.5	19.4	6.8	8.8	6.8	8.9	5.0	9.7
Ganjam	18.2	19.7	18.6	20.1	14.8	19.3	7.7	9.0	7.9	9.3	5.6	8.7
Jagatsinghapur	16.8	18.5	17.0	18.6	12.4	20.6	6.6	7.8	7.0	8.3	2.1	4.8
Jajapur	17.3	19.3	17.5	19.4	11.4	19.3	7.2	8.4	7.2	8.5	4.8	8.8
Jharsuguda	17.0	17.9	16.4	17.6	17.3	18.9	8.0	8.8	9.0	10.0	6.0	7.0
Kalahandi	18.7	21.6	19.4	22.2	12.3	17.5	5.8	7.6	6.0	8.0	2.8	4.9
Kandhamal	20.2	22.5	20.7	23.2	13.7	17.9	8.0	9.9	8.2	10.3	3.4	8.3
Kendrapara	17.8	19.7	18.0	20.0	12.7	16.5	8.6	9.9	8.6	9.9	7.7	10.1
Kendujhar	19.2	21.8	19.5	22.2	15.5	22.6	8.7	10.1	8.9	10.5	6.4	9.3
Khordha	18.4	19.5	18.6	20.2	17.5	19.2	8.0	8.8	8.8	9.8	6.7	7.8
Koraput	18.9	32.6	18.0	34.0	14.4	35.3	7.2	8.9	7.6	9.4	3.1	8.7
Malkangiri	23.5	25.5	23.9	26.1	15.5	21.7	6.2	7.8	6.5	8.2	2.1	5.3
Mayurbhanj	18.9	21.5	19.2	22.0	13.1	18.3	8.1	9.9	8.1	9.9	7.0	11.7
Nabarangapur	22.2	26.0	22.6	26.6	11.5	18.0	6.7	8.7	6.8	8.9	2.3	7.4
Nayagarh	20.4	22.0	20.7	22.3	10.1	16.2	8.7	9.8	8.7	9.9	4.7	10.5
Nuapada	20.5	25.0	20.8	25.5	13.3	15.6	6.3	8.3	6.4	8.4	1.9	7.7
Puri	16.8	18.2	16.6	18.0	16.5	20.6	8.3	9.4	8.5	9.6	6.5	8.7
Rayagada	21.4	24.2	22.3	25.5	15.2	19.6	7.6	9.5	7.5	9.7	6.1	9.7
Sambalpur	17.7	20.1	17.0	20.5	17.7	20.6	8.6	10.5	9.5	12.0	6.3	9.0
Sonapur	20.1	22.1	20.2	22.3	15.8	23.9	6.9	8.4	7.0	8.5	4.5	8.0
Sundargarh	17.2	19.2	17.8	20.4	14.7	18.0	6.5	7.9	7.8	9.7	3.3	4.8

CONFIDENCE INTERVAL (95%) FOR SOME IMPORTANT INDICATORS

State / District	Infant Mortality Rate						U5MR					
	Total		Rural		Urban		Total		Rural		Urban	
	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Lower Limit	Upper Limit
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Odisha	60	64	63	68	39	49	80	84	85	89	51	58
Anugul	39	62	41	67	16	41	52	68	55	72	24	56
Balangir	84	116	86	119	-	-	103	127	106	131	-	-
Baleshwar	39	59	39	60	-	-	50	66	51	67	-	-
Bargarh	56	76	57	79	-	-	67	82	68	85	-	-
Baudh	53	76	54	77	-	-	77	102	79	105	-	-
Bhadrak	49	61	50	63	19	73	59	72	60	74	36	77
Cuttack	54	72	62	84	21	53	84	99	99	117	36	59
Debagarh	45	72	47	77	11	38	59	85	62	90	6	52
Dhenkanal	64	88	66	89	-	-	80	99	83	102	-	-
Gajapati	54	76	54	78	31	69	73	96	76	101	27	79
Ganjam	49	73	54	81	-	-	83	102	93	115	-	-
Jagatsinghapur	40	73	42	78	16	39	58	75	61	80	18	60
Jajapur	45	60	46	61	25	42	55	70	56	71	8	71
Jharsuguda	46	55	46	59	41	55	53	63	55	67	46	62
Kalahandi	46	71	49	75	-	-	66	87	71	93	-	-
Kandhamal	74	102	77	107	-	-	130	160	137	170	-	-
Kendrapara	54	73	56	75	-	-	61	78	62	79	-	-
Kendujhar	49	67	48	70	37	68	76	93	79	98	50	85
Khordha	70	81	74	87	60	78	96	108	106	122	79	96
Koraput	46	66	47	69	28	63	62	82	64	86	34	78
Malkangiri	45	65	45	67	35	51	70	87	71	89	33	89
Mayurbhanj	43	62	44	64	-	-	63	82	64	84	-	-
Nabarangapur	43	66	43	67	-	-	77	96	79	98	-	-
Nayagarh	58	75	58	76	-	-	77	95	78	96	-	-
Nuapada	41	71	41	72	-	-	65	86	67	88	-	-
Puri	65	95	68	103	26	79	99	118	102	123	64	107
Rayagada	51	79	53	84	21	61	92	118	97	126	39	89
Sambalpur	45	67	50	79	28	58	63	83	73	101	37	63
Sonapur	46	63	47	65	-	-	75	93	76	95	-	-
Sundargarh	45	65	53	78	14	44	56	73	67	89	21	45

CONFIDENCE INTERVAL (95%) FOR SOME IMPORTANT INDICATORS						
State / District	Sex Ratio at Birth					
	Total		Rural		Urban	
	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Lower Limit	Upper Limit
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Odisha	894	915	893	916	879	932
Anugul	781	890	792	913	637	883
Balangir	873	1011	863	1006	811	1377
Baleshwar	859	979	846	971	826	1253
Bargarh	817	921	807	915	784	1172
Baudh	845	1011	843	1014	641	1348
Bhadrak	828	923	818	916	785	1118
Cuttack	896	995	875	987	884	1093
Debagarh	804	981	804	996	620	1080
Dhenkanal	801	915	798	916	663	1136
Gajapati	840	989	830	988	768	1229
Ganjam	815	933	823	951	668	968
Jagatsinghapur	884	1015	902	1044	619	963
Jajapur	849	960	848	961	656	1256
Jharsuguda	834	908	822	914	815	939
Kalahandi	836	977	829	976	720	1256
Kandhamal	812	965	795	955	833	1420
Kendrapara	842	960	840	961	685	1224
Kendujhar	881	997	863	991	867	1148
Khordha	869	940	856	948	854	964
Koraput	844	988	830	985	793	1166
Malkangiri	876	990	874	992	740	1186
Mayurbhanj	868	1009	879	1027	549	965
Nabarangapur	889	1017	888	1018	654	1414
Nayagarh	782	885	778	881	-	-
Nuapada	860	1005	856	1003	-	-
Puri	852	963	853	974	749	1026
Rayagada	833	985	826	993	737	1112
Sambalpur	812	947	778	951	801	1019
Sonapur	859	980	864	990	612	1043
Sundargarh	840	963	850	998	745	968

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS						
State / District	Structure of House					
	Households living in a Pucca House (%)			Households living in a Kachcha House (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Odisha	39.9	33.8	71.0	42.4	47.4	17.0
Angul	61.5	57.7	79.7	33.8	37.4	16.7
Balangir	25.0	22.8	51.7	37.0	38.9	14.4
Baleshwar	30.8	25.4	68.8	49.2	52.9	23.3
Bargarh	34.8	31.9	68.1	51.9	54.5	21.7
Baudh	19.8	18.1	53.0	75.8	77.5	42.2
Bhadrak	25.6	23.6	41.5	64.1	66.3	47.1
Cuttack	61.2	54.3	79.3	28.9	34.7	13.7
Debagarh	25.3	23.7	39.8	46.2	47.1	38.0
Dhenkanal	49.7	47.1	76.3	45.9	48.2	21.5
Gajapati	37.0	32.9	64.4	37.9	40.4	20.6
Ganjam	73.1	69.3	90.9	20.1	23.1	6.2
Jagatsinghapur	55.1	58.2	34.4	31.4	32.7	22.7
Jajapur	44.0	43.0	63.7	46.0	47.2	24.6
Jharsuguda	38.0	23.2	64.9	48.9	62.1	25.2
Kalahandi	14.8	10.5	50.1	37.9	40.4	16.6
Kandhamal	42.8	39.1	77.7	27.9	29.6	11.9
Kendrapara	34.5	33.2	54.6	56.2	57.8	30.4
Kendujhar	35.2	29.2	61.9	55.2	60.3	32.2
Khordha	63.2	48.5	79.2	24.2	37.3	9.9
Koraput	29.6	22.1	64.0	45.2	51.3	17.0
Malkangiri	20.8	17.6	55.6	27.9	29.5	9.9
Mayurbhanj	18.7	15.4	60.2	40.9	42.9	15.8
Nabarangpur	13.2	10.4	68.2	69.9	72.1	25.1
Nuapada	6.6	5.1	47.6	76.8	79.5	6.9
Nayagarh	47.3	46.0	79.7	39.5	40.6	12.3
Puri	55.2	50.5	81.3	34.9	39.4	10.1
Rayagada	34.7	27.0	73.1	49.5	56.4	15.4
Sambalpur	43.0	28.8	66.9	41.6	54.4	20.2
Sonapur	22.9	21.5	45.7	62.6	64.2	37.8
Sundargarh	31.9	12.6	71.5	51.6	68.2	17.5

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

State / District	Ownership of House					
	Households living in Owned House (%)			Households living in Rented House (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Odisha	91.3	96.7	63.2	6.6	2.0	30.2
Angul	87.6	94.4	54.9	10.0	4.4	37.2
Balangir	95.5	97.3	74.4	3.1	1.4	23.0
Baleshwar	94.3	96.8	77.2	3.8	1.4	20.8
Bargarh	94.3	96.4	70.6	3.6	1.6	26.6
Baudh	97.1	97.7	84.0	1.6	0.9	15.2
Bhadrak	96.2	97.3	87.4	2.4	1.3	10.9
Cuttack	87.0	97.8	58.5	10.2	1.1	34.1
Debagarh	96.5	97.7	85.1	2.3	1.1	13.6
Dhenkanal	97.5	98.7	84.9	1.8	0.6	14.7
Gajapati	91.8	94.6	72.4	7.5	4.9	25.4
Ganjam	90.5	94.1	73.7	8.5	5.2	24.0
Jagatsinghapur	94.6	98.2	70.4	3.3	0.8	20.5
Jajapur	96.7	97.9	73.7	2.2	1.3	18.5
Jharsuguda	81.0	93.1	59.0	14.8	4.0	34.2
Kalahandi	93.3	97.3	60.7	5.5	1.5	39.0
Kandhamal	90.1	93.3	59.4	8.4	5.6	35.3
Kendrapara	96.9	97.5	85.9	1.7	1.2	9.7
Kendujhar	93.2	97.4	74.4	5.6	1.2	25.1
Khordha	75.9	97.1	53.1	22.0	2.0	43.6
Koraput	90.4	95.8	65.7	6.8	2.9	25.1
Malkangiri	96.4	98.4	74.6	2.8	1.1	20.9
Mayurbhanj	96.4	98.0	75.9	2.2	0.8	19.6
Nabarangpur	96.3	97.4	75.7	2.2	1.4	17.4
Nuapada	98.0	98.4	88.8	1.5	1.1	11.0
Nayagarh	96.1	96.9	76.2	2.7	2.1	18.7
Puri	93.3	97.1	72.1	4.9	1.3	24.3
Rayagada	87.8	95.4	50.1	10.5	3.1	47.1
Sambalpur	85.4	94.3	70.6	11.8	2.8	26.8
Sonapur	97.5	97.8	93.0	1.2	0.9	6.8
Sundargarh	75.2	94.7	35.1	13.8	3.3	35.4

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

State / District	Source of Drinking Water					
	Households having Improved Source of Drinking Water (%)			Households treating water to make it Safer for Drinking (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Odisha	82.3	80.9	89.3	20.5	16.8	39.6
Angul	66.2	61.8	87.3	35.1	31.3	53.5
Balangir	88.2	88.0	91.3	35.5	32.1	75.0
Baleshwar	98.8	98.6	99.8	8.1	3.8	37.6
Bargarh	94.4	94.3	96.1	10.3	8.8	28.2
Baudh	76.2	75.0	100.0	11.8	10.7	33.5
Bhadrak	98.8	98.7	99.3	2.6	1.9	8.3
Cuttack	82.3	79.8	89.0	17.2	9.6	37.0
Debagarh	76.3	75.6	82.7	16.1	13.5	40.7
Dhenkanal	51.6	50.5	63.0	46.9	44.1	75.8
Gajapati	64.4	60.5	90.2	14.2	11.5	32.4
Ganjam	86.3	83.7	98.5	15.1	13.0	24.8
Jagatsinghapur	97.3	97.4	96.2	6.9	4.0	26.5
Jajapur	81.4	80.6	95.9	20.2	20.4	16.6
Jharsuguda	82.1	86.5	74.0	31.9	18.5	56.2
Kalahandi	92.3	91.6	98.4	32.9	30.4	53.2
Kandhamal	47.2	43.1	87.3	22.6	20.9	39.2
Kendrapara	97.0	97.2	92.9	20.0	17.6	59.4
Kendujhar	80.9	84.2	66.5	7.5	3.4	25.5
Khordha	72.2	57.8	87.8	35.9	19.3	53.9
Koraput	85.9	84.4	93.3	13.1	8.2	35.6
Malkangiri	90.4	90.7	86.5	5.2	2.8	30.4
Mayurbhanj	61.2	60.8	65.6	24.3	22.8	42.5
Nabarangpur	96.6	96.6	96.1	6.8	5.3	37.4
Nuapada	93.0	92.8	97.4	32.2	32.0	39.5
Nayagarh	60.1	59.8	66.0	11.7	10.7	35.8
Puri	86.2	84.5	95.2	24.0	24.7	20.1
Rayagada	86.2	83.5	99.8	16.6	11.2	43.6
Sambalpur	81.8	75.8	91.8	35.3	32.3	40.3
Sonapur	94.1	94.0	96.1	10.7	9.4	31.5
Sundargarh	78.9	71.4	94.5	26.8	23.8	32.9

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

State / District	Access to Toilet Facility						Availability of Electricity		
	Households having Access to Toilet Facility (%)			Households Sharing Toilet Facility (%)			Households having Access to Electricity (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	25.3	16.7	69.7	4.3	2.9	11.2	61.9	56.3	91.2
Angul	29.4	21.3	68.3	5.9	4.6	12.5	69.8	65.3	91.5
Balangir	19.4	15.2	69.1	1.9	1.6	6.2	55.4	51.9	95.7
Baleshwar	31.9	26.1	72.1	8.6	7.5	16.3	76.8	74.2	95.2
Bargarh	17.7	13.9	61.3	2.1	1.6	7.3	72.1	69.8	98.5
Baudh	13.5	11.5	52.7	0.8	0.8	0.2	31.4	28.9	80.0
Bhadrak	21.1	17.9	47.3	4.5	3.9	9.2	72.5	70.3	90.3
Cuttack	38.8	23.5	79.2	8.6	6.0	15.5	78.1	70.7	97.5
Debagarh	9.4	5.6	44.9	1.7	0.9	9.3	41.6	36.4	89.9
Dhenkanal	20.8	17.0	60.7	1.0	0.9	1.3	71.0	68.5	97.1
Gajapati	24.2	17.7	67.9	6.7	3.3	29.3	68.0	65.1	86.9
Ganjam	33.3	24.3	75.9	2.4	2.2	3.5	71.2	65.8	96.9
Jagatsinghapur	28.2	23.1	63.5	3.8	3.6	5.2	74.6	72.1	92.1
Jajapur	26.1	24.0	66.3	5.8	5.7	8.6	78.6	77.7	95.5
Jharsuguda	27.6	12.3	55.4	5.9	2.1	12.9	79.9	72.1	93.9
Kalahandi	18.4	11.1	79.0	3.9	2.3	16.8	43.9	38.3	89.5
Kandhamal	18.9	14.1	65.6	2.0	1.6	5.4	33.6	28.7	80.2
Kendrapara	24.0	21.7	60.6	6.2	5.5	17.5	71.6	70.2	94.0
Kendujhar	17.0	9.4	50.6	1.9	0.7	7.5	47.0	40.0	78.0
Khordha	49.9	19.9	82.3	10.5	5.0	16.4	80.4	70.6	90.9
Koraput	20.5	12.6	56.6	3.3	1.8	10.3	34.7	26.8	71.2
Malkangiri	10.0	4.3	71.9	1.2	0.4	10.2	24.3	18.7	84.4
Mayurbhanj	17.2	13.6	61.7	2.7	2.0	11.7	35.2	31.1	87.1
Nabarangpur	8.8	6.2	60.9	1.7	1.6	3.5	20.3	17.2	81.2
Nuapada	11.3	9.1	68.8	3.3	3.1	8.1	49.3	47.6	94.0
Nayagarh	23.4	22.0	58.6	2.3	2.2	5.0	73.4	72.8	87.3
Puri	26.8	17.4	78.4	2.4	1.3	8.7	77.0	74.2	92.4
Rayagada	18.2	7.8	69.6	2.9	1.8	8.5	47.5	39.3	88.1
Sambalpur	28.3	11.1	57.1	5.1	2.0	10.4	76.9	65.9	95.4
Sonapur	9.8	8.4	31.3	2.0	2.1	1.1	62.5	60.6	93.3
Sundargarh	31.7	12.7	71.0	4.2	1.8	9.2	56.7	40.9	89.1

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

State / District	Main Source of Lighting						Availability of Kitchen		
	Households using Electricity (%)			Households using Kerosene (%)			Households having Separate Kitchen (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	51.4	44.2	88.0	47.9	55.1	10.8	60.2	57.8	72.5
Angul	44.1	36.6	80.6	55.3	62.9	18.8	71.1	70.8	72.4
Balangir	23.2	18.4	80.0	76.5	81.3	19.7	60.8	60.0	70.4
Baleshwar	57.4	52.5	91.3	42.2	47.2	7.3	56.6	54.5	71.0
Bargarh	40.9	36.6	90.7	58.5	62.8	8.6	57.6	56.6	69.3
Baudh	30.7	28.3	80.0	68.9	71.3	20.0	67.4	66.7	81.0
Bhadrak	52.8	49.5	80.0	46.7	50.1	19.6	54.3	53.3	62.0
Cuttack	77.4	70.3	96.2	21.8	29.2	2.4	52.1	49.0	60.2
Debagarh	40.5	35.6	86.5	59.1	64.0	13.0	55.8	54.9	64.4
Dhenkanal	41.8	37.6	85.9	58.0	62.2	13.8	71.7	71.1	78.6
Gajapati	66.7	63.8	86.3	32.3	35.2	13.0	77.2	76.3	83.2
Ganjam	70.7	65.2	96.5	28.4	33.8	3.2	77.2	72.9	97.4
Jagatsinghapur	73.3	71.7	84.1	26.3	28.0	15.0	58.1	55.9	73.0
Jajapur	34.8	32.3	81.7	64.8	67.3	17.3	57.7	57.0	70.7
Jharsuguda	65.0	49.9	92.3	34.3	49.6	6.6	59.0	55.9	64.6
Kalahandi	42.7	37.1	88.6	57.0	62.6	10.7	44.8	39.7	87.6
Kandhamal	32.7	27.9	78.5	62.9	68.0	14.4	76.3	76.6	73.9
Kendrapara	61.0	59.4	85.7	38.2	39.8	13.4	68.6	69.0	62.6
Kendujhar	36.8	27.9	76.5	62.3	71.3	22.6	70.4	69.9	72.6
Khordha	79.4	69.8	89.8	18.9	28.6	8.4	60.6	48.4	73.6
Koraput	34.2	26.4	70.1	64.6	72.7	27.1	55.1	52.4	67.2
Malkangiri	23.9	18.4	84.2	75.4	80.9	15.5	37.1	35.5	54.6
Mayurbhanj	26.7	22.3	80.9	73.1	77.5	18.1	46.5	44.8	68.0
Nabarangpur	19.0	15.8	80.4	80.6	83.8	18.8	77.7	77.6	79.0
Nuapada	48.4	46.7	93.1	51.3	53.0	6.2	43.2	41.9	78.1
Nayagarh	73.0	72.5	86.6	26.9	27.4	12.7	32.4	31.5	54.4
Puri	76.3	73.6	91.4	23.4	26.2	7.9	64.4	63.4	69.6
Rayagada	46.8	38.7	87.0	52.9	61.1	11.9	67.0	65.8	73.0
Sambalpur	55.7	35.2	90.0	44.0	64.6	9.5	64.5	59.5	72.9
Sonapur	60.4	58.8	86.1	39.5	41.1	13.7	70.5	68.9	95.5
Sundargarh	47.1	27.2	87.9	50.7	70.0	11.0	56.9	51.2	68.8

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

State / District	Main Source of Fuel Used for Cooking								
	Households using Firewood/Crop residues/Cow Dung Cake (%)			Households using Kerosene (%)			Households using LPG/PNG (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Odisha	80.9	89.2	38.3	1.1	0.3	5.0	10.4	3.3	47.1
Angul	64.6	74.5	17.1	0.4	0.2	1.2	11.9	6.5	37.9
Balangir	92.5	96.1	50.0	0.4	0.2	3.1	5.9	2.8	42.0
Baleshwar	90.0	95.7	50.3	0.8	0.2	4.9	7.7	2.5	43.6
Bargarh	92.3	96.1	48.8	0.4	0.1	3.7	4.5	1.9	35.2
Baudh	95.8	97.3	64.6	0.2	0.1	1.3	3.6	2.1	33.5
Bhadrak	92.7	94.9	74.6	0.6	0.3	2.8	5.1	3.3	19.6
Cuttack	77.6	93.5	35.8	3.3	0.2	11.5	16.9	4.5	49.7
Debagarh	96.0	98.5	72.8	0.3	0.1	2.1	2.7	0.8	20.7
Dhenkanal	91.4	95.0	53.5	0.2	0.1	0.7	6.4	2.8	43.7
Gajapati	89.7	97.3	37.8	0.7	0.3	3.4	9.0	1.8	57.7
Ganjam	80.1	91.0	29.0	0.8	0.5	1.9	18.0	7.4	68.4
Jagatsinghapur	89.4	96.1	43.8	1.4	0.3	9.2	5.3	2.4	25.2
Jajapur	59.2	59.9	46.5	0.5	0.4	2.9	6.2	4.9	30.7
Jharsuguda	60.7	85.9	15.0	0.8	0.7	1.0	12.8	4.2	28.5
Kalahandi	90.2	96.2	41.3	0.3	0.1	1.9	7.0	3.3	37.1
Kandhamal	88.3	93.3	39.6	0.3	0.3	0.6	3.9	0.5	36.5
Kendrapara	52.0	51.7	56.4	0.6	0.4	4.2	5.9	4.1	34.2
Kendujhar	72.0	77.3	48.9	0.9	0.4	3.4	7.5	1.7	33.1
Khordha	59.9	91.3	26.0	3.6	0.7	6.8	34.6	5.1	66.4
Koraput	85.9	94.0	49.0	0.5	0.2	1.9	10.0	3.8	38.1
Malkangiri	96.4	98.0	79.0	0.1	0.1	0.5	2.2	0.8	16.7
Mayurbhanj	78.4	80.9	47.2	0.5	0.1	5.9	4.7	1.5	44.5
Nabarangpur	94.2	97.1	36.4	0.3	0.1	2.7	3.3	1.0	48.5
Nuapada	95.1	97.1	43.6	0.1	0.1	0.0	3.8	2.0	53.1
Nayagarh	89.0	89.9	66.1	0.6	0.5	4.1	4.8	3.9	28.3
Puri	85.8	94.5	37.8	1.6	0.4	8.3	10.8	3.2	52.6
Rayagada	85.5	96.8	29.2	0.4	0.1	1.5	11.8	1.6	62.4
Sambalpur	75.3	93.8	44.5	0.7	0.5	1.2	15.9	3.4	36.8
Sonapur	97.0	97.8	83.9	0.2	0.2	0.2	2.2	1.4	15.0
Sundargarh	74.1	92.6	36.0	2.9	0.4	8.0	16.0	2.8	43.0

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS						
State / District	Possession of Computer/Telephone/Mobile					
	Households having Computer/laptop with or without Internet Connectivity (%)			Households having Telephone/Mobile (%)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Odisha	3.9	2.2	12.7	42.6	36.2	75.6
Angul	4.2	2.4	12.6	48.9	42.6	79.4
Balangir	2.7	1.9	12.0	37.5	34.3	75.3
Baleshwar	2.7	1.7	9.9	45.2	42.1	67.0
Bargarh	2.6	2.0	9.0	30.4	27.9	59.1
Baudh	2.1	2.0	3.8	34.0	31.7	78.5
Bhadrak	2.2	1.7	6.3	49.6	47.9	63.9
Cuttack	5.3	2.8	11.8	57.0	47.2	82.8
Debagarh	4.2	3.9	6.3	28.3	25.3	56.5
Dhenkanal	2.1	1.4	9.6	47.1	44.7	71.9
Gajapati	3.6	2.9	8.0	33.9	28.7	68.8
Ganjam	3.2	2.4	6.9	51.6	44.7	84.6
Jagatsinghapur	3.7	2.6	10.9	54.4	50.2	83.0
Jajapur	2.5	2.1	9.0	35.7	34.1	66.0
Jharsuguda	6.0	3.7	10.1	44.4	35.1	61.3
Kalahandi	1.9	1.2	8.2	26.8	20.7	76.9
Kandhamal	4.0	3.1	12.1	27.5	23.6	64.4
Kendrapara	3.5	3.4	5.1	55.9	55.1	68.5
Kendujhar	3.0	1.9	7.7	40.3	35.1	63.1
Khordha	12.9	2.8	23.9	66.4	49.5	84.7
Koraput	3.7	2.2	10.4	24.3	16.4	60.8
Malkangiri	1.3	1.2	3.0	16.1	12.8	51.8
Mayurbhanj	2.4	1.7	10.9	29.0	26.4	61.1
Nabarangpur	1.7	1.4	7.0	18.1	15.1	75.5
Nuapada	2.2	1.9	10.5	25.9	24.7	56.4
Nayagarh	1.9	1.8	4.4	41.4	40.1	72.3
Puri	3.6	2.6	9.1	57.6	53.0	82.6
Rayagada	2.6	1.3	8.7	31.1	22.0	76.5
Sambalpur	5.6	1.4	12.5	46.7	35.5	65.4
Sonapur	1.6	1.5	3.2	40.8	39.2	67.2
Sundargarh	8.5	4.1	17.6	51.4	36.3	82.4

ANNUAL HEALTH SURVEY

SIDE - 'A'

HOUSELISTING SCHEDULE

Confidential when filled

Page No. ....

State	Zone	District	Stratum	Rural-1 / Urban-2	Sample Unit

To be listed as on date of survey

Response to be recorded with reference to the date of survey

Main table columns:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Serial No.	Building Number	House No. (3 digits)	Status of the House (code)	Household No. (2 digits) Existing as on 01.01.2010	Name of Head of the Household	Type of structure of the House where the Household is living (code)	Ownership status of the House where the Household is living (code)	Main source of drinking water (code)	Does the Household treat the water in any way to make it safer to drink? (Yes-1, No-2)	If code 1 in Col. 10, what does the Household usually do to make water safer to drink? (code)	Type of toilet facility mainly used (code)	Whether toilet facility is shared? (Yes-1, No-2)	Does the Household have electricity? (Yes-1, No-2)	Main source of lighting (code)	Main source of fuel used for cooking (code)	Number of dwelling rooms exclusively in possession of the Household #	Availability of kitchen (code)

Type of facilities used by Household

Code for Col. (4)

Item	Code
Residential/Partly residential	1
Non-residential	2
Vacant	3

"#"(Col. 17) = Do not include kitchen, bathroom, latrine, store room, passageway and verandah. Include living room, bedroom, dining room, drawing room, study room, servant's room and other similar rooms.

Code for Col. (7)

Item	Code
Pucca	1
Semi Pucca	2
Kutcha	3
Others	4

Code for Col. (8)

Item	Code
Owned	1
Rented	2
Others	3

Code for Col. (9)

Item	Code
Piped water into dwelling / yard / plot	1
Public tap / standpipe	2
Hand pump	3
Tube well or borehole	4
Protected dug well	5
Unprotected dug well	6
Tanker / truck / cart with small tank	7
Surface water	8
Other sources	9

Code for Col. (11)

Item	Code
Boil	1
Add bleach / chlorine tablets	2
Use alum	3
Strain it through a cloth	4
Use of water filter (ceramics, sand, composite etc.)	5
Use of electronic purifier (RO, UV, etc.)	6
Let it stand and settle down	7
Others	8

Code for Col. (12)

Item	Code
Flush/Pour flush latrine- Connected	
To piped sewer system	1
To septic tank	2
To pit latrine	3
To somewhere else	4
Pit latrine (without flush/pour flush)	
Ventilated improved pit	5
Pit latrine with slab	6
Open pit / pit latrine without slab	7
Service latrine	8
Community toilet	9
Open defecation (field, bush, jungle etc.)	0

Code for Col. (15)

Item	Code
Electricity	1
Kerosene	2
Solar	3
Other oils	4
Any other	5
No lighting	6

Code for Col. (16)

Item	Code
Firewood	1
Crop residue	2
Cow dung cake	3
Coal/lignite/ charcoal	4
Kerosene	5
LPG / PNG	6
Electricity	7
Biogas	8
Any other	9
No cooking	0

Code for Col. (18)

Item	Code
Cooking inside house	
Has kitchen	1
Does not have kitchen	2
Cooking outside house	
Has kitchen	3
Does not have kitchen	4
No Cooking	5

Confidential when filled

ANNUAL HEALTH SURVEY

HOUSELISTING SCHEDULE

Assets possessed by the Household

Serial No.	House No. (3 digits)	Household No. (2 digits)	Radio / Transistor (Yes-1, No-2)	Television (Yes-1, No-2)	Computer / Laptop (Code)	Telephone / Mobile phone (Code)	Washing Machine (Yes-1, No-2)	Refrigerator (Yes-1, No-2)	Sewing Machine (Yes-1, No-2)	Bicycle (Yes-1, No-2)	Motorcycle / Scooter / Moped (Yes-1, No-2)	Car / Jeep / Van (Yes-1, No-2)	Tractor (Yes-1, No-2)	Water pump / Tube well (Yes-1, No-2)	Cart (Code)	Land Possessed (Code)
1	3	5	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32

Code for Col. (21)

Item	Code
With Internet Connection	1
Without Internet connection	2
No	3

Code for Col. (22)

Item	Code
Telephone only	1
Mobile phone only	2
Both	3
No	4

Code for Col. (31)

Item	Code
Driven by Animal	1
Driven by Machine	2
Other	3
Doesn't Have	4

Code for Col. (32)

Item (In Hectares)	Code
Less than 0.02	1
0.02 to less than 1.00	2
1.00 to less than 4.00	3
4.00 to less than 10.00	4
10.00 or More	5
No land	6

Name and Signature of the Enumerator

Sl. No.	Name	Signature	Date
Enumerator-1.			
Enumerator-2.			

SIDE – 'A'

ANNUAL HEALTH SURVEY

HOUSEHOLD SCHEDULE

Confidential when filled   Page No. ....

| State | | Zone | | District | | | Rural-1, Urban-2 | Stratum | | Sample Unit | | House No.* | | | | Household No.* | |

Columns 1-3 are to be filled for all usual residents# of household as on date of survey. Column 5 onwards to be filled only in respect of usual residents as on 01.01.2010 (i.e. Code 1 in Col. 4)

Column headers:

Col	Description
1	Serial No.
2	Name (Start with Head of the Household)
3	Sex (Male-1, Female-2)
4	Whether usual resident as on 01.01.2010? (Yes-1, No-2)
5	Relationship to head (Code)
6	Identification code of members of the Household
7	To be copied from Col. 1 — Serial No. of Father / Serial No. of Mother
8	Date of birth (D D M M Y Y Y Y)
9	Age as on 01.01.2010 (in completed years)
10	Religion (Code)
11	Social Group (Code)
12	Marital Status as on 01.01.2010 (code)
13	Date of first marriage (D D M M Y Y Y Y)
14	Whether currently attending school (Yes-1, No: attended before-2, Never attended-3) For age group 6-17 years
15	If code 2 or 3 in Col. 14, main reason thereof (code)
16	Highest educational qualification attained (for age 7 years and above) (code)
17	Occupation/Activity Status during last 365 days (for age 5 yrs. and above) (Code)

"*" = To be copied from House Listing Schedule

"#" = Also include those who have out-migrated or died after 01.01.2010.

Code for Col. (5)
Item	Code
Head	01
Wife or Husband	02
Son or Daughter	03
Son-in-law or Daughter-in-law	04
Grandchild	05
Parent	06
Parent-in-law	07
Brother or Sister	08
Brother-in-law or Sister-in-law	09
Niece or Nephew	10
Other relatives	11
Adopted / foster child	12
Not related	13

Code for Col. (10)
Item	Code
Hindu	1
Muslim	2
Christian	3
Sikh	4
Buddhist	5
Jain	6
Others	7
No religion	8

Code for Col. (11)
Item	Code
SC	1
ST	2
Others	3

Code for Col. (12)
Item	Code
Never married	1
Married but, Gauna not performed	2
Married and, Gauna performed	3
Remarried	4
Widow / Widower	5
Divorced	6
Separated	7
Not stated	8

Code for Col. (15)
Item	Code
School too far	1
Further education not considered necessary	2
Required for work in Household activities / Farm / Family business	3
Required for outside work	4
Not interested in studies	5
Cost too much	6
Repeated failures	7
Got married	8
Others	9

Code for Col. (16)
Item	Code
Illiterate	0
Literate without Formal education	1
Literate with Formal education	
Below Primary	2
Primary	3
Middle	4
Secondary / Matric Class-X	5
Hr. Secondary / Sr. Secondary/Pre-University / Class XII	6
Graduate / B. Tech / BBA / MBBS / Equivalent	7
Post Graduate / M.Tech / MBA / MD / Equivalent or higher	8
Non-Technical / Technical diploma or certificate not equivalent to degree	9

Code for Col. (17)
Item	Code
Cultivator	01
Agricultural Wage Labourer	02
Non-agricultural Wage Labourer	03
Self Employed (excluding Cultivators) :	
Own Account Worker	04
Employer	05
Unpaid Family Labourer	06
Regular Salaried / Wage Employee	07
Did not work but was seeking and / or available for work	08
Attending educational institution	09
Attending routine domestic chores, etc.	10
Beggar	11
Prostitute / Sex Worker	12
Rentier, pensioner, other remittance recipient	13
Not able to work due to disability	14
Too old to work	15
Others	16

SIDE - 'B'

Confidential when filled

ANNUAL HEALTH SURVEY

HOUSEHOLD SCHEDULE

Morbidity Status

Serial No.	Name (Start with Head of the Household)	Whether having any form of Disability as on date of survey? (code)	Injury — Type of Treatment for injury during last 1 year (Code)	Acute illness (During last 15 days) — Type of illness (code)	Acute illness — Source of Treatment (code)	Symptom(s) pertaining to illness persisting for more than 1 month (code)	Sought medical care (code) (Applicable for code 01 to 10 in col. 22)	Chronic illness (During last 1 year) — Has diagnosed for (code)	Source of diagnosis (code)	Getting regular treatment (code)	If code 1 or 2 in Col. 26 source of treatment (code)	Personal Habits (For age 15 yrs & above) Does the household member — Chew (code)	Smoke (code)	Consume alcohol (code)
1	2	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30

Not to be asked if code '00' in col. 24 (applies to cols. 25, 26, 27)

Name and signature of the Enumerator with date

Name and signature / thumb impression of the respondent with Date

Telephone/ Mobile Number :

Code for Col. (18)

Item	Code
Mental	1
Visual	2
Hearing	3
Speech	4
Locomotor	5
Multiple	6
No Disability	0

Code for Col. (19)

Item	Code
Treated in intensive care unit for any time	1
Treated as in-patient with stay > 2 weeks	2
Treated as in-patient with stay 1 to 2 weeks	3
Treated as in-patient with stay <1 week	4
Treated as out-patient	5
Treated by traditional healers	6
Treated at home	7
No injury	0

Code for Col. (20)

Item	Code
Acute Illnesses	
Diarrhoea	1
Dysentery	2
Acute respiratory infection	3
Jaundice with fever	4
Fever with chill / rigors (malaria etc.)	5
Fever of short duration with rashes	6
Other types of fever	7
Reproductive tract infections (RTI)	8
Others	9
No illness	0

Code for Col. (21, 25, 27)

Item	Code
GOVERNMENT	
Sub Center	01
PHC	02
CHC	03
UHC/UHP/UFWC	04
Dispensary/Clinic	05
Hospital	06
AYUSH Hospital/Clinic	07
PRIVATE	
Dispensary/Clinic	08
Hospital	09
AYUSH Hospital/Clinic	10
NGO or Trust Hospital/Clinic	11
DOT Center (only for col. 27)	12
At Home	13
Others	99
No Treatment	00

Code for Col. (22)

Item	Code
Chronic Illness Symptoms	
Diseases of respiratory system	01
Diseases of cardiovascular system	02
Diseases of central nervous system	03
Diseases of musculo-skeletal system	04
Diseases of gastrointestinal system	05
Diseases of genitourinary system	06
Skin diseases	07
Goitre	08
Elephantiasis	09
Others	10
Asymptomatic	11

Code for Col. (23)

Item	Code
Yes Details of diagnosis/ treatment not available	1
Details of diagnosis/ treatment available	2
No	3

Code for Col. (24)

Item	Code
Diabetes	01
Hypertension	02
Chronic heart disease / failure	03
Myocardial infarction / Heart attack	04
Stroke / Cerebrovascular accident	05
Epilepsy	06
Asthma / Chronic respiratory failure	07
Goitre / Thyriod disorder	08
Tuberculosis	09
Leprosy	10
Cancer-Respiratory system	11

Code for Col. (24) Continued

Item	Code
Cancer-Gastrointestinal system	12
Cancer-Genitourinary System	13
Cancer-Breast	14
Renal Stone	15
Chronic Renal failure	16
Gall Stone/Cholecystitis	17
Chronic Liver failure	18
Rheumatoid arthritis / osteoarthritis	19
Chronic skin diseases / psoriasis	20
Others (Hernia, Hydrocele, peptic ulcer, etc.)	21
Not diagnosed	00

Code for Col. (26)

Item	Code
Yes Not regularly	1
Regularly	2
No	3

Code for Col. (28)

Item	Code
Pan with tobacco	1
Pan without tobacco	2
Gutka/Pan masala With tobacco	3
Gutka/Pan masala Without tobacco	4
Tobacco only	5
Ex-chewer	6
Never chewed	7
Not known	0

Code for Col. (29)

Item	Code
Usual smoker	1
Occasional smoker	2
Ex-smoker	3
Never smoked	4
Not known	0

Code for Col. (30)

Item	Code
Usual drinker	1
Occasional drinker	2
Ex-drinker	3
Never drank	4
Not known	0

ANNUAL HEALTH SURVEY

WOMAN SCHEDULE

Confidential when filled

State		Zone	

District		Rural - 1/Urban - 2	Stratum

Sample Unit

House No. **Household No.**

Result of Interview		CODE	Name & Signature of the Enumerator	Name & Signature/Thumb Impression of the Respondent
Completed	1			
Not completed :				
Refused	2			
Incapacitated	3			
Partly completed	4		Date of Interview	D D M M Y Y Y Y
Not at Home	5			
Others (please specify)	6	▶		

Section I – Ever Married Woman (Aged 15–49 years)

Sl.No., Name, Identification Code, Age and Marital Status to be copied from Col. 1, 2, 6, 9 & 12 respectively of Household Schedule

Sl.No.	Name	Identification Code	Age	Marital Status (Code) *

'*' If Code 2 (Married but, Gauna not Performed), Go to Section II of the Schedule.

Q. No.	Questions and Codes	Responses
Q.1	Have you delivered a live baby before 01.01.2010?	Yes-1, No-2 If code '2', go to Q.4
Q.2	How many children have been born alive ever before 01.01.2010 and out of them how many are surviving as on 01.01.2010?	Record the number Born Alive / Surviving Male, Female, Total
Q.3	What was your age at first live birth ? (in completed years)	
Q.4	Has the outcome of any pregnancy(s) resulted in live birth/still birth/abortion during 01.01.2007 to 31.12.2009?	Yes-1, No-2 If code '2', go to Section II of the Schedule

Q.5 If code 1 in Q.4, record the history of outcome(s) of pregnancy(s). Start with the last pregnancy excluding the current one. Use separate lines for twins/triplets. Same pregnancy no. to be recorded for twins/triplets.

Pregnancy Number (to be recorded)	Outcome of Pregnancy	To be filled for Induced or Spontaneous abortions (Code '3' or '4' in Col. 2)						
		In which month & year, you had abortion?	At what month of pregnancy did abortion happen?	Did you receive any ANC? (Yes-1, No-2)	Did you go for ultrasound before this abortion? (Yes-1, No-2)	Where was the abortion performed/ completed? (Code)	Who performed/ completed the abortion? (Code)	For induced abortion only — Why did you abort the pregnancy? (Code)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
(........) Last pregnancy	Live Birth-1 Still Birth-2 Induced Abr.-3 Spont Abr.-4	Month ☐☐ Year ☐☐☐☐	☐	☐	☐	☐☐	☐	☐
(........) Previous to last pregnancy	Live Birth-1 Still Birth-2 Induced Abr.-3 Spont Abr.-4	Month ☐☐ Year ☐☐☐☐	☐	☐	☐	☐☐	☐	☐
(........) Second from last pregnancy	Live Birth-1 Still Birth- 2 Induced Abr.-3 Spont Abr.-4	Month ☐☐ Year ☐☐☐☐	☐	☐	☐	☐☐	☐	☐
(........) Third from last pregnancy	Live Birth-1 Still Birth-2 Induced Abr.-3 Spont Abr.-4	Month ☐☐ Year ☐☐☐☐	☐	☐	☐	☐☐	☐	☐

Note: If outcome(s) of pregnancy(s) resulted in 'only' Abortion(s), go to Section-II of Schedule after filling Columns 3 to 9 of Q.5.

Code for Col.7 (Q.5)	
Item	**Code**
GOVERNMENT	
Sub - Center	01
PHC	02
CHC	03
UHC/UHP/UFWC	04
Dispensary/Clinic	05
Hospital	06
AYUSH Hospital/Clinic	07
PRIVATE	
Dispensary/Clinic	08
Hospital	09
AYUSH Hospital/Clinic	10
NGO or Trust Hosp./Clinic	11
At Home — Self	12
At Home — Elsewhere	13
Others	99

Code for Col.8 (Q.5)	
Item	**Code**
Doctor	1
Nurse/ANM/LHV	2
Trained dai	3
Untrained dai	4
Family members/Relatives/Friends	5
None/Self	6
Others	7

Code for Col.9 (Q.5)	
Item	**Code**
Unplanned pregnancy	1
Due to contraceptive failure	2
Complication(s) in pregnancy	3
Health did not permit	4
Female foetus	5
Economic reason(s)	6
Last child too young	7
Foetus had congenital abnormality	8
Others	9

| Q.6 | Details about the last two outcome of pregnancies which resulted in live birth (surviving/not surviving)/still birth during 1.1.2007 to 31.12.2009. Begin with last birth. Survival status to be assessed as on 01.01.2010. |

Questions 6 (1) to 6 (26) are to be probed for live births (surviving/not surviving) as well as still births **unless otherwise specified**.

Q. No.	Questions and Codes	Responses
Q.6 (1)	Pregnancy number of last two live/still birth(s) in Chronological order (Copy from Col. 1 of Q.5)	**Pregnancy Number** — Last birth / Previous to last birth
Q.6 (2)	What kind of birth is/was it? | Item	Code
Live birth surviving	1
Live birth not surviving	2
Still birth	3 | (If code '3' is recorded for any of the births, go to Q.6 (6) for that particular birth)	Last birth / Previous to last birth
Q.6 (3)	What is the order of live birth?	**Order of live birth** — Last birth / Previous to last birth
Q.6 (4)	**Only if birth order >= 2** What is the interval between the previous and the current live birth? (If more than 99 months, record '99' only)	**Interval (in completed months)** — Last birth / Previous to last birth
Q.6 (5)	Identification code (only for live birth surviving) – To be copied from Col. 6 of the Household Schedule	**Identification code** — Last birth / Previous to last birth
Q.6 (6)	What is/was the date of birth of the baby? (In case of still birth, record only month and year)	**Date of Birth** — Last birth: D D M M Y Y Y Y / Previous to last birth: D D M M Y Y Y Y
Q.6 (7)	What is/was the sex of the baby/still birth? | Item	Code
Male	1
Female	2		Last birth / Previous to last birth
Q.6 (8)	What type of birth was it? | Item	Code
Single	1
Multiple	2		Last birth / Previous to last birth

Ante Natal Care			
Q.6 (9)	**How many ANCs did you receive during pregnancy associated with each birth?** **(If '0' is recorded for any of the births, go to Q.6 (15) for that particular birth. If more than 9 ANCs, record '9' only.)**	**Number of ANCs**	**Last birth** / **Previous to last birth**

Q.6 (9) — Number of ANCs

	Last birth	Previous to last birth
Number of ANCs	☐	☐

Q.6 (10) — **How many months were you pregnant at the time of first ANC ?**

Number of completed months	Last birth	Previous to last birth
	☐	☐

Q.6 (11) — **What was the main source of ANC ?**

Item	Code
GOVERNMENT	
Anganwadi	00
Sub - Center	01
PHC	02
CHC	03
UHC/UHP/UFWC	04
Dispensary/Clinic	05
Hospital	06
AYUSH Hospital/Clinic	07
PRIVATE	
Dispensary/Clinic	08
Hospital	09
AYUSH Hospital/Clinic	10
NGO or Trust Hosp/Clinic	11
Others	99

Last birth	Previous to last birth
☐☐	☐☐

Q.6 (12) — **What were the type of tests performed during the ANC?**

(Record the total number of tests performed across all ANCs. If any of the tests were performed more than 9 times, record 9 only.)

Type of tests performed	Last birth (in numbers)	Previous to last birth (in numbers)
Abdominal Examination	☐	☐
Blood Pressure	☐	☐
Weight	☐	☐
Urine	☐	☐
Blood (for Hb)	☐	☐
Blood (for other tests)	☐	☐
Ultrasound	☐	☐

Q.6 (13)	(i) How many TT injections did you receive?			
		Number of TT injections	**Last birth**	**Previous to last birth**
			☐	☐
	(ii) How many months were you pregnant at the time of 2nd TT injection?	**Number of completed months**	**Last birth**	**Previous to last birth**
			☐	☐

Q.6 (14)	For how many days did you consume Iron & Folic Acid (IFA) tablets/tablespoons of IFA syrup during pregnancy?

Item	Code
Less than 100 days	1
100 days or more	2
Not at all	3

Last birth	**Previous to last birth**
☐	☐

Q.6 (15)	If '0' is recorded for any of the births in Q.6 (9), what was the main reason of not going for any ANC for that particular birth?

Item	Code
Not needed	1
Not customary	2
Cost too much	3
Too far/no transport	4
Poor quality service	5
Family did not allow	6
No time to go	7
Lack of knowledge	8
Others	9

Last birth	**Previous to last birth**
☐	☐

Natal Care

Q.6 (16)	Where did your delivery take place?

Item	Code
GOVERNMENT	
Sub - Center	01
PHC	02
CHC	03
UHC/UHP/UFWC	04
Dispensary/Clinic	05
Hospital	06
AYUSH Hospital/Clinic	07
PRIVATE	
Dispensary/Clinic	08
Hospital	09
AYUSH Hospital/Clinic	10
NGO or Trust Hosp./Clinic	11
At Home	12
Others	99

Last birth	**Previous to last birth**
☐☐	☐☐

Q.6 (17)	In case of institutional delivery [for code 1-11 in Q.6 (16)], what was the source of transport provided/availed by you for reaching the institution?		

Item	Code
Arranged by family	1
Arranged by ASHA	2
Provided by Panchayat/ Other Govt. sources	3
Provided by Others	4
Not Required (< 1 km)	5
Not Provided	6

Last birth	Previous to last birth

Q.6 (18)	In case of institutional delivery [for code 1-11 in Q.6 (16)], how long did you stay in the institution after delivery? (Record in Hours, if stay <= 48 hrs, in Days otherwise)

Unit	Code
Hours	H
Days	D

Last birth		Previous to last birth	
H/D	No.	H/D	No.

Q.6 (19)	Was the delivery normal, caesarean or assisted?

Item	Code
Normal	1
Caesarean	2
Assisted	3

Last birth	Previous to last birth

Q.6 (20)	In case of delivery at home, (Code 12 in Q. 6(16) who conducted your delivery?

Item	Code
Doctor	1
Nurse/ANM/LHV	2
Trained dai	3
Untrained dai	4
Family members/ Relatives/Friends	5
None	6

Last birth	Previous to last birth

Post Natal Care

Q.6 (21)	Did you have any check- up within 48 hours of delivery?

Item	Code
Yes	1
No	2

Last birth	Previous to last birth

140

Q.6 (22)	If code 2 in Q.6 (21), after how many days of delivery, the first check up took place? (If no check up was done at all for any of the births, record '00' for that particular birth.)

Number of Days	Last birth	Previous to last birth
	☐☐	☐☐

Q.6 (23)	When was the new born baby checked up after birth? (To be asked only in respect of live births surviving or not surviving.)

Item		Code
Checked Up	Within 24 hrs	1
	24 hrs to 72 hrs	2
	4th day to 7th day	3
	After the 7th day	4
Not checked up		5

Last birth	Previous to last birth
☐	☐

Q.6 (24)	If code 1 – 4 in Q.6 (23), where was the baby's first check up done?

Item	Code
GOVERNMENT	
Anganwadi	00
Sub-Center	01
PHC	02
CHC	03
UHC/UHP/UFWC	04
Dispensary/Clinic	05
Hospital	06
AYUSH Hospital/Clinic	07
PRIVATE	
Dispensary/Clinic	08
Hospital	09
AYUSH Hospital/Clinic	10
NGO or Trust Hosp/Clinic	11
At Home	12
Others	99

Last birth	Previous to last birth
☐☐	☐☐

Q.6 (25)	Did you avail any maternity financial assistance?

Item		Code
Availed	Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY)	1
	Other Govt schemes (Other than JSY)	2
	Any Other	3
Not Availed		4

Last birth	Previous to last birth
☐	☐

Q.6 (26)	If code 1 in Q.6 (25), then			
	(i) How many days after the delivery, did you receive financial assistance?		**Last birth**	**Previous to last birth**
			☐☐☐	☐☐☐
	(ii) What was the total amount received by you during pregnancy and/or after delivery?		**Last birth (Amount in Rs.)**	**Previous to last birth (Amount in Rs.)**

The following questions are to be filled only for live births and surviving.

Q.6 (27)	Was birth weight of the baby taken?		**Baby's Name**		

Item	Code
Yes	1
No	2
Don't Know	3

	Last birth	**Previous to last birth**
	☐	☐

Q.6 (28)	If code 1 in Q.6 (27), what was the birth weight of the baby?

Birth weight	**Last birth**		**Previous to last birth**	
	Kg	**gms**	**Kg**	**gms**
	☐	☐☐☐	☐	☐☐☐

Immunization

Q.6 (29)	Do you have an Immunization/MCH card for your baby?

Item	Code
Yes	1
No	2

Last birth	**Previous to last birth**
☐	☐

Q.6 (30)	Has the baby ever received any vaccination?

Item	Code
Yes	1
No	2

(If code 2 for any birth, go to Q.6 (33) for that particular birth.)

Last birth	**Previous to last birth**
☐	☐

Q.6 (31)	Was the baby given BCG vaccine?

Item		Code
Yes	At birth	1
	Within 6 weeks	2
	Thereafter	3
No		4

Last birth	**Previous to last birth**
☐	☐

Q.6 (32)	Were the following vaccines administered to your baby?	**Type of Vaccine**	**Last birth**	**Previous to last birth**
		Polio birth dose? (Yes-1, No-2, Don't know-3)	☐	☐
		* No. of Polio doses in Routine Immunization (RI) other than the birth dose	☐	☐
	# If more than 9 doses, record '9' only for that particular birth. * If no vaccination received, record '0' for that particular birth.	# No. of polio doses in PP (Pulse Polio) immunization during last 1 year	☐	☐
		* No. of DPT injections	☐	☐
		Measles (Yes-1, No-2)	☐	☐
		* No. of doses of Hepatitis B during last one year	☐	☐

Q.6 (33)	If no vaccination was received by your baby, what was the main reason thereof?		

Item	Code
Child is weak/sick	1
Not aware of the need	2
Place of immunization not known	3
Session site too far	4
Fear of side effects	5
Nobody to take child to session site	6
Not customary	7
Child too young	8
Others	9

Last birth	**Previous to last birth**
☐	☐

Q.6 (34) Was at least one dose of "Vitamin A" received by your baby during the last six months?

Item	Code
Yes	1
No	2

Last birth	**Previous to last birth**
☐	☐

Q.6 (35) Was IFA tablet/syrup administered to your baby in the last 3 months? (To be asked for babies older than 6 months)

Item		Code
Yes	Tablet	1
	Syrup	2
No		3

Last birth	**Previous to last birth**
☐	☐

Q.6 (36) If code 1 or 2 in Q.6 (35), then for how many days was it given in the last 3 months?

No. of Days	**Last birth**	**Previous to last birth**
	☐☐	☐☐

Q.6 (37)	When did you first breast-feed your baby?				

Item	Code
Immediately within 1 hour of birth	1
1 hour to 24 hours of birth	2
2-3 days	3
After 3 days	4
Never Breast-fed	5

Last birth	Previous to last birth

Q.6 (38)	Are you currently breast-feeding your baby?

Item	Code
Yes	1
No	2

Last birth	Previous to last birth

Q.6 (39) How many days/months did you exclusively breast-feed your baby?

(If duration of breast-feeding is less than one month, record no. of days and if duration is in months, record no. of months)

Unit	Code
Days	D
Months	M

Last birth		Previous to last birth	
D/M	No.	D/M	No.

Q.6 (40) At what age (in months) did you start feeding the baby, food other than breast milk?

(If only breast-feeding, record '00')

Type of food	Last birth (in months)	Previous to last birth (in months)
Water		
Animal Milk/ Formula Milk		
Semi Solid Mashed		
Solid (Adult food)		
Vegetables/Fruits		

Q.6 (41) Did the baby suffer from Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI) during last 15 days?

Item	Code
Yes	1
No	2

Last birth	Previous to last birth

Q.6 (42)	If code 1 in Q.6 (41), was the baby given any treatment?		
	Item	**Code**	
	Antibiotic	1	
	Other treatment	2	
	No treatment	3	

	Last birth	Previous to last birth
	☐	☐

Q.6 (43)	Did the baby suffer from Fever during last 15 days?	
	Item	**Code**
	Yes	1
	No	2

	Last birth	Previous to last birth
	☐	☐

Q.6 (44)	If code 1 in Q.6 (43), was the baby given any treatment?	
	Item	**Code**
	Yes	1
	No	2

	Last birth	Previous to last birth
	☐	☐

Q.6 (45)	Did the baby suffer from Diarrhoea during last 15 days?	
	Item	**Code**
	Yes	1
	No	2

	Last birth	Previous to last birth
	☐	☐

Q.6 (46)	If code 1 in Q.6 (45), did you administer HAF/ORT/ORS to the baby?		
	Item		**Code**
	Yes	Home available fluids (HAF)	1
		Fluids prepared from ORS packet	2
	No		3

	Last birth	Previous to last birth
	☐	☐

Registration of Births

Q.6 (47)	Is the birth of your baby registered ?	
	Item	**Code**
	Yes	1
	No	2
	Don't know	3

	Last birth	Previous to last birth
	☐	☐

Q.6 (48)	If code 1 in Q.6 (47), did you receive Birth Certificate for your baby ?	
	Item	**Code**
	Yes	1
	No	2

	Last birth	Previous to last birth
	☐	☐

Section II – Currently Married Woman (Aged 15 – 49 years)

Q.1 Which of the family planning method (s) are you aware of?

Codes	Family Planning Methods	Yes - 1/No - 2
	Modern	
01	Tubectomy	
02	Vasectomy	
03	Copper-T/IUD	
04	Pills (Daily)	
05	Pills (Weekly)	
06	Emergency Contraceptive Pill	
07	Condom/Nirodh	
08	Other modern method	
	Traditional	
09	Contraceptive Herbs	
10	Rhythm/Periodic Abstinence	
11	Withdrawal	
12	Lactational Amenorrhoea Method (LAM)	
13	Other traditional method	

Q.2 Are you currently Pregnant?

Yes-1, No-2, Not sure-3		If code 2 or 3, go to Q.5
If code 1, record number of completed months of pregnancy.		

Q.3 Are you registered for ANC?

Yes-1, No-2

Q.4 When you became pregnant this time (i.e., current pregnancy), did you want to become pregnant now, did you want to wait until later, or did you not want to have any (more) children at all?
(After recording the response go to Q.11)

Now		1	
Later	Within 2 years	2	
	2 years or more	3	
Did not want any (more) children at all		4	
CODE			Go to Q.11

Q.5 Are you currently menstruating?

Yes		1	Go to Q.6
No	Lactational Amenorrhoea	2	
	Secondary Amenorrhoea	3	
	In Menopause	4	Go to Q.11
	Uterus Removed	5	
	Never Menstruated	6	Go to Q. 20
CODE			

Q.6 When you became mother last time, did you want this child then, did you want to wait until later or did you not want to have any (more) children at all?

Then		1
Later	Within 2 years	2
	2 years or more	3
Did not want any (more) children at all		4
CODE		

Q.7	(i) Are you or your husband currently using any method(s) of family planning? (ii) If code 1 in Q.7 (i), specify the most used method (iii) If code 01 or 02 in Q.7 (ii), where did you or your husband got the operation done?	Yes-1, No-2		If code 2, Go to Q.10
		(Use codes from Q.1)		
		GOVERNMENT		
		Govt./Municipal hospital	1	
		Govt. Dispensary	2	
		UHC/UHP/UFWC	3	
		CHC	4	
		PHC	5	
		Camp	6	
		PRIVATE		
		Hospital	7	
		Dispensary/Clinic	8	
		Others	9	Go to Q.19
		CODE		
Q.8	How long have you or your husband been using this method continuously?	Less than 6 months	1	
		6 months to < 1 year	2	
		1 year to < 2 years	3	
		2 years or more	4	
		Not remember	5	
		CODE		
Q.9	From where did you obtain this method last time? (Not applicable for code 10 or 11 or 12 if recorded in Q.7 (ii)) (After recording the response go to Q.15)	**PUBLIC MEDICAL SECTOR**		
		Govt./Municipal hospital	01	
		Govt. Dispensary	02	
		UHC/UHP/UFWC	03	
		CHC	04	
		PHC	05	
		Sub-center	06	
		Govt. AYUSH hospital/clinic	07	
		Govt. Mobile clinic	08	
		Camp	09	
		Anganwadi/ICDS Centre	10	
		ASHA/ANM	11	
		Other community based worker	12	
		Other public sector health facility (NGO)	13	
		PRIVATE MEDICAL SECTOR		
		Pvt. Hospital/clinic	14	
		Pvt. AYUSH Hospital/clinic	15	
		OTHER SOURCE		
		Pharmacy/Shop	16	
		Husband	17	
		Friends/Relatives	18	
		Vending machine	19	
		Others	20	
		CODE		Go to Q.15

Q.10	What is the main reason for currently not using any method of family planning?	Wanted child now/soon	01	
		Lack of knowledge about family planning	02	
		Against the religion	03	
		Opposed to family planning	04	
		Husband opposed	05	
		Other family members opposed	06	
		Not liking existing methods	07	
		Afraid of sterilization/operation	08	
		Cannot work after sterilization/operation	09	
		Worry about side effects	10	
		Costs too much	11	
		Health does not permit	12	
		Difficult/inconvenient to get method	13	
		Inconvenient to use method	14	
		Lack of access/Too far	15	
		Not living with husband presently	16	
		Others	17	
		CODE		
Q.11*	(i) Have you or your husband used any method in the past (last 5 years) and discontinued?	Yes-1, No-2		If code 2, go to Q.13
	(ii) If code 1 in Q.11(i), specify the most used method?	(Use codes from Q.1)		If code 01 or 02, go to Q.19
Q.12*	What was the main reason for discontinuing the use of the method in the past? *** For Code '4' or '5' in Q.5, skip and go to Q.19 after recording the response(s) in Q. 11/Q.12**	Wanted child	01	
		Method failed/became pregnant	02	
		Supply not available	03	
		Difficult/inconvenient to get method	04	
		Weakness/inability to work	05	
		Body ache/back ache	06	
		Cramps	07	
		Weight gain	08	
		Dizziness	09	
		Nausea/Vomiting	10	
		Breast tenderness	11	
		Irregular periods	12	
		Excessive bleeding	13	
		Spotting	14	
		White discharge	15	
		Lack of pleasure	16	
		Method was inconvenient	17	
		Others	18	
		CODE		
Q.13	Do you intend to use any method of family planning, any time in the future?	Yes-1, No-2		If code 2, go to Q.15
Q.14	If Code 1 in Q.13, then (i) When do you want to use?	Within 6 months	1	
		6 months to < 1 year	2	
		1 year to < 2 years	3	
		2 years or after	4	
		CODE		
	(ii) Which method would you prefer to use?	**CODE (Use Codes from Q.1)**		

Q.15	Would you like to have another child?	Want more children	1	
		Want no more children	2	
		Not decided	3	
		CODE		If code 2, go to Q. 18

Q.16	What would you prefer as your next child?	Boy	1
		Girl	2
		Doesn't matter	3
		CODE	

Q.17	How long would you like to wait to have another child?	Soon/Now/Less than 1 year	1
		1 year to < 2 years	2
		2 years to < 3 years	3
		3 years or more	4
		Not decided	5
		CODE	

Q.18	Did an ANM/ASHA/LHV visit you during the last three months? (Applicable only for Currently pregnant women/lactating mother)	Yes-1, No-2	

Q.19	Have you availed Anganwadi services during the pregnancy and/or lactation for the last surviving child born during 1.1.2007 to 31.12.2009?	During pregnancy (Yes-1, No-2)	
		During Lactation (Yes-1, No-2)	

Q.20	Have you heard of RTI/STI?	Yes-1, No-2	

Q.21	Have you heard of HIV/AIDS?	Yes-1, No-2	

Q.22	Are you aware about the administration of HAF/ORT/ORS during diarrhoea?	Yes	Home available fluids (HAF)	1
			Fluids prepared from ORS packets	2
		No		3
		CODE		

Q.23	Are you aware of the danger signs of Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI)/ Pneumonia?	Yes-1, No-2	

Remarks of Enumerator

| |
| |
| Name & Signature with Date : |

Remarks of Supervisor

| |
| |
| Name & Signature with Date : |

ANNUAL HEALTH SURVEY

MORTALITY SCHEDULE

Confidential when filled Page No. ....

| State | | Zone | | District | | Rural -1, Urban-2 | | Stratum | | Sample Unit | |

Col. 1 to 3 to be filled for all Households & Col. 4 to 23 for deaths occurred to the usual residents of the sample unit during 01.01.2007 to 31.12.2009. Still births not to be included.

Column headers (1–23):

1. Serial No.
2. House No. (3 digits)*
3. Household No. (2 digits)*
4. Name of the deceased
5. Sex of deceased (Male-1, Female-2)
6. Date of death — D D M M Y Y Y Y

Age at death
7. Below 1 month (in days)
8. 1 to 11 months (in completed months)
9. 1 year and above (in completed years)
10. Source of medical attention before death (Code)
11. Place of death (Code)

Registration of death
12. Is the death registered? (Yes-1, No-2, Don't Know-3)
13. If code 1 in Col. 12, whether received the Death Certificate? (Yes-1, No-2)

For Infant death (< 1 year)
14. Serial number of mother as in Household Schedule
15. Order of birth
16. Symptoms leading to death (Code)

For female deceased aged 15-49 years — If Yes in Col. 17, ask the following
17. Was the death associated with pregnancy? (Yes-1, No-2)
18. Period when the death occurred? (code)
19. If code 1 or 3 in Col. 18, how many months was she pregnant at the time of death
20. Top two factors contributing to death in order of priority (Code) — P₁, P₂
21. Symptoms leading to death (Code)
22. Time between onset of complications and death (code)
23. Distance from place (where the deceased was staying) to the nearest medical facility (in kms)#

Code for Col. (10)

Item	Code
GOVERNMENT	
Sub Center	01
PHC	02
CHC	03
UHC/UHP/UFWC	04
Dispensary/Clinic	05
Hospital	06
AYUSH Hospital/Clinic	07
PRIVATE	
Dispensary/Clinic	08
Hospital	09
AYUSH Hospital/Clinic	10
NGO or Trust Hosp/Clinic	11
At Home	12
Others	99
No Medical Attention	00

Code for Col. (11)

Item	Code
At home	1
In-transit	2
In health facility	3
Other Places	4

Code for Col. (16)

Item	Code
Asphyxia	01
Hypothermia	02
Infections	03
Birth injuries	04
Convulsions soon after birth	05
Jaundice	06
Bleeding from umbilicus & elsewhere	07
Congenital / Birth defects	08
Pre-term / Low birth weight baby not thriving	09

Code for Col. (16) – Contd.

Item	Code
Respiratory infection	10
Diarrhoea / Dysentery	11
Fever with rash	12
Fever with convulsions	13
Fever with Jaundice	14
Others	15
Neonatal mortality (0-28 days) : Codes 01-09 & 15	
Post neonatal mortality (29-365 days): Codes 08-15	

Code for Col. (18)

Item	Code
During antenatal period	1
During delivery	2
During abortion	3
Within 42 days of delivery	4
After 42 days of delivery	5
Within 42 days of abortion	6
After 42 days of abortion	7

Code for Col. (20)

Item	Code
Delay in receiving health care at facility	1
Inadequate care at health facility	2
Lack of transport in shifting to facility	3
Lack of funds	4
Seriousness of the condition not realised	5
Seriousness of the condition realized but decision not made by family members	6
Others	7

Code for Col. (21)

Item	Code
Excess bleeding	1
Sepsis	2
Pregnancy Induced Hypertension (PIH)	3
Prolonged labour / obstructed labour	4
Injury to uterus & other organs	5
Anaemia	6
Jaundice	7
Malaria	8
Other medical conditions in pregnancy	9
Other conditions not related to pregnancy	0

Code for Col. (22)

Item	Code
< 2 hours	1
2 hours to < 24 hours	2
24 hours to < 2 days	3
2 days to < 7 days	4
7 days to < 14 days	5
14 days or more	6

"*" = To be copied from Household Schedule

"#" = If distance is less than 1 km record '0'.

Name and Signature of the Enumerator

Sl. No.	Name	Signature	Date
Enumerator-1.			
Enumerator-2.			

Odisha: Coverage along the continuum of care

Indicator	Value
Family Planning (Any Method)	56.2
Received any Antenatal Check-up	95.6
Antenatal Check-up in First Trimester	63.0
Full Antenatal Check-up	18.6
Ultrasound	32.4
Safe Delivery	75.2
Check-up within 48 hrs.	74.5
Children breastfed within one hour of birth	71.5
Exclusively breastfed for at least six months	24.8
Animal/Formula Milk	66.1
Received 3 doses of DPT vaccine	72.9
Received Measles vaccine	86.7
Received at least one Vitamin A dose	63.4
Fully Immunized	55.0
Care sought for ARI	92.4
Care sought for Diarrhoea	89.1
Care sought for Fever	89.9

Pre pregnancy

Pregnancy

Birth

Infancy

Childhood

AHS STATES IN INDIA
POSITION OF ODISHA

BOUNDARY, INTERNATIONAL ——————— BOUNDARY, STATE/U.T. ———————

KILOMETRES
100 0 100 200 300 400

AFGHANISTAN

PAKISTAN

JAMMU AND KASHMIR

HIMACHAL PRADESH

PUNJAB

CHANDIGARH

UTTARAKHAND

HARYANA

NCT OF DELHI

RAJASTHAN

UTTAR PRADESH

C H I N A (T I B E T)

NEPAL

SIKKIM

BHUTAN

ARUNACHAL PRADESH

ASSAM

NAGALAND

MEGHALAYA

MANIPUR

BIHAR

BANGLADESH

TRIPURA

MIZORAM

GUJARAT

MADHYA PRADESH

JHARKHAND

WEST BENGAL

MYANMAR

DAMAN & DIU
DADRA & NAGAR HAVELI

CHHATTISGARH

ODISHA

New More I. (INDIA)

MAHARASHTRA

ARABIAN SEA

BAY OF BENGAL

ANDHRA PRADESH

P

GOA

KARNATAKA

Coco Is. (MYANMAR)

Narcondam I. (INDIA)

Barren I. (INDIA)

A N D A M A N   A N D   N I C O B A R   I S L A N D S (INDIA)

L A K S H A D W E E P   S E A

LAKSHADWEEP (INDIA)

P

PUDUCHERRY

The administrative headquarters of Chandigarh, Haryana and Punjab are at Chandigarh.

P - PUDUCHERRY

TAMIL NADU

P

ANDAMAN SEA

KERALA

SRI LANKA

INDIAN OCEAN

INDIRA POINT

East of Greenwich

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The responsibility for the correctness of internal details rests with the publisher.

The territorial waters of India extend into the sea to a distance of twelve nautical miles measured from the appropriate base line.

The external boundaries and coastlines of India agree with the Record/Master Copy certified by Survey of India.

The state boundaries between Uttarakhand & Uttar Pradesh, Bihar & Jharkhand and Chattisgarh & Madhya Pradesh have not been verified by the Governments concerned.

The administrative headquarters of Chandigarh, Haryana and Punjab are at Chandigarh.

The interstate boundaries amongst Arunachal Pradesh, Assam and Meghalaya shown on the map are as interpreted from the North-Eastern Areas (Reorganisation) Act. 1971," but have yet to be verified.

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